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Allied Advance in Syria Continues Satisfactorily

London, June 13.

ALLIED forces in Syria are continuing to make satisfactory progress, according to the latest advices reaching London. There is no confirmation here that they have entered the suburbs of Damascus.

The Free French forces are making a flanking movement about 10 miles south of Damascus. British troops have taken two villages in this sector. In the centre they have advanced beyond Merj Ayoum, the fall of which was confirmed yesterday.

Merj Ayoum, Headquarters of Syrian frontier posts, was taken without a shot being fired after British and Imperial troops in sharp fighting had crushed Vichy troops' resistance at the head of the Jordan valley, and the enemy main forces had retired northwards leaving only isolated centres of resistance in the hills behind Khaim.

For three days the British forces had done all in their power to avoid bloodshed, sending envoy after envoy with white flags to the enemy to ask for surrender. Then they attacked and within a few hours three key points guarding the strategic communication arteries to Beirut were in British hands.

The first fortress, Klair, was captured, then Khaim village, where stiff resistance was put up from reinforced concrete machine-gun and mortar nests concealed in cow sheds and houses.

These were mopped up by Australian infantry in bayonet attacks. Prisoners were mostly colonial troops. One said they had carried out orders to fight. He said they like the British and were prepared to fight on their side.

Further Progress

Allied forces are making further progress in all sectors although temporarily delayed in some areas by resistance of Vichy troops, states a communique issued in Cairo today.

Free French forces are encircling Kiswe, 10 miles south east of Damascus, it is authoritatively stated in London. It is not quite clear whether they have actually taken the town but it is pointed out that if they have not they have at any rate taken two small villages east of it.

It is certain that the Allied forces have gone farther north of Merj Ayoum and on the coastal road are just south of Sidon. There are now about 700 or 800 French troops in Allied hands. The progress made by the Allied forces is regarded in London as very satisfactory, particularly considering the difficult nature of the country and the extent of resistance they have to meet.

In addition to mountains and rocks the French have made extensive use of demolitions which have added to the difficulties of the Allied troops.

Gallant Australians

The Australians in Syria, many of them in action for the first time, are showing unbelievable gallantry, says a Reuter's special correspondent. Before the capture of Khaim fort a young Australian officer with a handful of men climbed the ramparts of the fort and dropped inside. He was armed with a sub-machine gun. He put several machine guns out of action, wounded their crews and captured two of them.

Then he locked himself in a small room in a corner of the ramparts. Despite attempts by the remainder of the garrison to capture him the officer armed with a pickaxe tore a couple of concrete blocks out of the fort, escaped with his men and two prisoners and rejoined his unit.

The same officer had previously prevented 20 enemy soldiers from blowing up a bridge near the fort. He was again armed with a sub-machine gun. He is now with his men near Khaim. This officer comes from west Australia and is a first-class boxer. "Nothing will stop him," one of his men said.

This spirit is typical of all the Australians in this sector, said the correspondent. They are tackling the most dangerous jobs with great bravery.

Vichy Protest

Meanwhile, it was announced that Vichy's note of protest to Britain stated that nothing in the present

[Reuter.

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Italian Troops in Jimma Area Now Encircled

London, June 13.

The position of the Italians in the Jimma area, one of the last two pockets of serious resistance in Abyssinia, was described in London today as "far from happy," as they are being steadily encircled.

North of Jimma British forces now hold Lekemti, the capture of which was announced yesterday.

The two columns which had crossed the River Omo have now joined up some 15 to 20 miles east of Jimma. Patriot forces are also hemming in the Italians from the west.

A Punjabi regiment was among the troops which took part in the capture of Assab.

Ladybird Sunk

"The next of kin now having been informed, the Board of the Admiralty regrets to announce that H.M. ships Terror (Commander H. J. Haynes, D.S.C., R.N.) Ladybird (Commander J. F. Blackburn, R.N.) have been lost as a result of enemy action during operations off the Libyan coast."

The Ladybird, a river gunboat of 625 tons, also took part in the bombardment of Tobruk and had a peacetime adventure in Chinese waters during Japanese attacks on merchant shipping. She was armed with two 6-inch guns and one 3-inch high-angle gun.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Raids

Cairo, June 13.

Aircraft of the Royal Air Force inflicted considerable damage on motor transport and troops in the Gazala, Capuzzo and El Aden regions, states an R.A.F. communique dealing with British air activities in Libya.

During the night of June 10/11, enemy aerodromes were attacked at Gazala and Gambut. Heavy bombers raided Benghazi and inflicted damage on shipping in harbour and the central mole. Pilots report that at least six seaplanes and several merchant ships were seen to be sunk in the harbour as a result of recent bombing attacks. Enemy aircraft on Berka aerodrome were machine-gunned and a number badly damaged.

From all these operations, as well as actions over Malta and in supporting operations which resulted in the capture of Assab (Eritrea) on Wednesday, one British plane is missing, concludes the communique. —Reuter.

Town in Abyssinia Captured

BY REUTERS' CHIEF CORRESPONDENT IN CAIRO

Cairo, June 13.

The capture of Lekenti was announced yesterday. It is a town of some importance on the main road leading westwards from Addis Ababa to an area still held by the Italians around Jimma. It is another blow to the Italians there, but mopping-up operations are not yet completed. It is estimated that with captures announced yesterday the number of Italian generals taken in Abyssinia now is about 25. The Italians round Jimma have a fair amount of troops and supplies.

The capture of Assab means that the entire east coast of Africa, except French Djibouti, is now in British hands. Assab had been used for some time for dhow traffic bringing food and supplies from Yemen, but since the capture of Dessie it has been impossible to send them to the Italians in the interior. It is believed that all shipping in Assab port was scuttled some time ago.—Reuter.

Washington Expected to Protest

Washington, June 13.

The Government is expected to make a short-of-war protest to Germany and demand indemnity and an apology for the sinking of the American freighter, ss. Robin Moor, informed sources believed today.

How near to a break the incident will bring American and German relations will depend on the extent of agreement between Washington and Berlin as to what exactly happened to the ship and who is responsible.

All of the capital's attention was turned on the Administration's next move, following an official State Department announcement that a German submarine had torpedoed, shelled and sunk the Robin Moor, after members of its crew and passengers had been forced to take to life-boats.

The incident has been aggravated by the probability that up to 35 members of the crew and passengers have lost their lives.

Whatever action President Roosevelt plans, he undoubtedly will wait until after he sees the full report on the incident which will be brought here by Mr. Philip P. Williamson, Vice-Consul, who personally interviewed the survivors of the Robin Moor aboard the Osorio, rescue vessel, at Pernamuco, Brazil.

Mr. Williamson plans to leave for Washington by plane from Pernambuco today. Part of Mr. Williamson's report was sent to Washington by Mr. Walter Linthicum, U.S. Consul at Pernambuco, who also participated in the questioning of the survivors.—United Press.

Grave Repercussions

Washington, June 13.

Grave repercussions are expected in the United States following the announcement yesterday by Mr. Sumner Welles, Under Secretary of State, that the American freighter Robin Moor was undoubtedly sunk by a German submarine although her commander was fully aware that she was an American vessel.

The Under Secretary of State looked grave when he announced to a press conference yesterday that a preliminary report from the United States Consul, Mr. Walter J. Linthicum, at Pernambuco stated: "The Robin Moor was undoubtedly sunk by a German submarine."

Mr. Welles reading a summarized version of the Consul's report based on depositions taken from eleven survivors continued: "The sinking took place at 6 a.m. G.M.T., May 21 at a position six degrees, ten minutes, North Latitude: 25 degrees, 40 minutes, West Longitude

"The commander of the submarine was fully aware that the vessel was American.

"All survivors are in good health and depositions of the survivors have been taken and a comprehensive summary will be sent as soon as it is coded."

No War Materials

Mr. Welles stated that the Robin Moor's cargo contained no implements of war or other military materials inconsistent with the Neutrality Act. The general cargo consisted of many types of goods from steel rails to women's hosiery and included automobiles and autcmobile parts and numerous other items.

The cargo was consigned to Lourenco Marques, Port Elizabeth, Cape Town, Port Natal and East London.

Mr. Welles said he could not make full comment until a full report had been received, and declined to answer when asked if the United States Government took a grave view of the incident.

President Roosevelt's Secretary, Mr. Stephen Early, said 'There seems no longer to be a reason for reserving judgment." He added that the report was expected on Monday, but might be later, as it must be studied by officials here before a course of action, if any, was decided.

The announcement that the ship was knowingly sunk by a German submarine is expected by careful observers here to have nation-wide repercussions. That the Administration regards the incident seriously could be judged by Mr. Welles's statement.

The impression of many is that Mr. Welles' statement is probably the first step in preparing the stage for big developments though few think the Robin Moor incident will lead directly to war, but it can unquestionably be used to prepare the public mind for such a step because it brings war right to the American doorstep.—Reuter.

Germans Deny Responsibility

Berlin, June 13.

German informed quarters yesterday stated that military quarters in Berlin had received no reports which would confirm or indicate that a German submarine was responsible for the sinking of the American freighter, ss. Robin Moor, in the South Atlantic.

These quarters said the affair was being investigated, but they expressed strongest doubts that a German submarine could have been responsible "since in that case military quarters here would almost certainly have received a report by now."—United Press.

Survivors in Italy?

Washington, June 13.

Radio listeners last night reported that they had heard a broadcast, apparently from Italy, stating that a German ship had docked at an Italian port with nine survivors of the ss. Robin Moor, American freighter which had been torpedoed, shelled and sunk off Brazil.—United Press.

H. M. The King in Scotland

The King and Queen are indefatigable in their visits to various parts of the British Isles which have suffered from Nazi attacks, or in which are vital industries which must carry on in spite of the worst the Nazis can do. Here the King is shown acknowledging the cheers of workers somewhere in Scotland.

Prominent Lawyer-Author Slain by Terrorists

A HAIL of lead, believed to have been discharged from .45 calibre pistols wielded by two Chinese terrorists in foreign attire, yesterday morning brought to a violent and untimely end the career of Baron R. d'Auxion de Ruffe, M.A., L.L.D., prominent 66-year-old French lawyer, journalist and a leading member of the local French community.

The assassination, for which the French police could ascribe no clear motive, was attributed in some quarters to the upsurge of terrorism due to conflicting political interests in the Far East. The victim, a resident here for the past 30 years and scion of a patrician French family from the south-west of France, it was established was for many years a legal adviser to the late Mayor Fu Siao-en, satellite of Mr. Wang Ching-wei who also met his death at the hands of assassins.

The callous murder, which shocked and made a profound impression on the entire community here, occurred shortly before 9 a.m. and on the very threshold of the legal chambers of the jurist on the second floor of the St. Anne Building, 25-41 Rue du Consulat opposite the French Consulate-General and within hailing distance of the Quai de France. The circumstances of the crime were obscure, there being no actual witnesses to the shooting.

Assailants Escape

A reconstruction of the crime by the police elicited that the victim had left his car after driving from his home at 56 Rue Massenet. He

Baron d'Auxion de Ruffe

was believed to have been followed into the St. Anne Building where he had kept his chambers for more than ten years.

As the lift operated to the third floor and above M. d'Auxion de Ruffé ascended the stairs by foot and was fired at from the back three times before he had reached the first floor landing. He collapsed on the stairs, one of his feet being caught in the stair railing. In this posture he was found by officers of the French police who arrived on the scene soon after.

The assailants dashed out of the building and escaped along Rue Laguerre, towards Nantao. A resident of the building told the "North-China Daily News" yesterday that she heard three shots fired in quick succession and saw a crowd of Chinese gathered on Rue Laguerre in which direction, she was told, the assassins made their escape. On being told that the lawyer had been shot she rushed to his

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R.A.F. Attacks on Enemy Ships Along German Coast

London, June 13.

Today's daylight offensive by the R.A.F. Bomber Command on the German-occupied coast resulted in direct hits on a ship of about 1,400 tons, states an Air Ministry communique. She was left in sinking condition.

"Immediately after the attack a patrolling Spitfire sighted a formation of German fighters. Only two of the enemy stayed to give battle, and one of them was shot down into the sea. All our aircraft returned safely."

During the night, planes of the Bomber and Coastal Commands and the Fleet Air Arm carried out intensive raids over Germany and enemy occupied territory. The main targets in Germany were in the Rhineland, where great fires were started, while in occupied countries docks in the Netherlands, Belgium and France were heavily attacked. The night raid cost Britain 8 planes, adds the communique.

Shipping Attacked

Yesterday afternoon, aircraft of the Bomber Command, escorted by fighters, made a successful attack on enemy shipping in the Channel, says an Air Ministry communique issued last night.

Direct hits were claimed on a ship of about 1,400 tons, which was left sinking. One enemy fighter was shot down by one of the escorting fighters. None of the British aircraft is missing.

There was very little enemy air activity over Britain yesterday, and up to 6 p.m. there were no reports of any incidents.—Reuter.

Ruhr, St. Nazaire Raided

London, June 13.

The heaviest attack yet directed against St. Nazaire and the Ruhr district was carried out last night by a very large force of R.A.F. bombers, it was learned in London today.

Part of the weight of the British bombs were dropped on industrial targets and many fires were started.—Reuter.

OBITUARY

Mr. Frank Crossley

London, June 13.

Mr. Frank Crossley, a former resident of Shanghai, has died.—Reuter.

Ten Planes Downed Over Malta

Malta, June 13.

Ten enemy aircraft were shot down over Malta yesterday, another is unlikely to reach its base and others were probably damaged, it was officially announced last night. —Reuter.

Tokyo Approves Final Orders To Yoshizawa

Tokyo, June 13.

Following a lengthy explanation of details by the Foreign Minister Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, the regular meeting of the Cabinet held this morning approved the contents of the Japanese Government's instructions to Mr. Kenkichi Yoshizawa, Chief Japanese Delegate to the Netherlands East Indies parleys, as formulated on June 11 at the liaison conference between the Government and the High Command.

Final instructions to Mr. Yoshizawa, as well as a statement enunciating the Japanese Government's policy toward the Netherlands East Indies, were expected to be made known tomorrow when they reach the Chief Japanese Delegate at Batavia.

Meanwhile, during he course of the meeting Mr. Matsuoka also touched broadly on the aspects of the Japanese-Soviet trade agreement concluded yesterday, as well as on matters relating to readjustment of Japanese-Soviet relations.

The session adjourned at 11.50 o'clock after listening to a report by Mr. Tsuneo Kanemitsu, Welfare Minister, on his latest inspection trip to the Hidachi coal mine in Toshigi Prefecture.—Domei.

Error Admitted

Tokyo, June 13.

Mr. Koh Ishii, Deputy Spokesman for the Cabinet Information Board, today accepted the responsibility for misleading foreign correspondents yesterday when he stated that instructions had been sent by the Home Government to Mr. Kenkichi Yoshizawa, head of the Japanese delegation to the Batavia trade parley.

Mr. Ishii explained that the instructions had been delayed because of technical details, but pointed out that the instructions were being drafted at present by Foreign Office experts.

The spokesman said that the principles of the instructions had been decided on by the Government, but he declined to state whether Mr. Yoshizawa would be recalled. He also declined to state whether in the event he was recalled, it would mean termination of the negotiations or a rupture in relations between Japan and the N.E.I.

Mr. Ishii said the Government might issue a statement after Mr. Yoshizawa had received his instructions.—United Press.

No More Concessions

Tokyo, June 13.

Only way out of a stalemated Japanese-Netherlands East Indies economic negotiation lay in a display of high statesmanship by both sides as Japan could not make any further concessions, with no more room for compromise existing, Mr. Kenkichi Yoshizawa, Chief Japanese Delegate at Batavia, told the "Nichi-Nichi" this afternoon in one of the two radiophone conversations today.

Asserting he had made the maximum concessions in a sincere effort to bring about an amicable solution in Japanese-Netherlands East Indies trade relations, Mr. Yoshizawa said he was now unwilling to go to the extent of sacrificing Japan's stand.

The Japanese delegate declared he had booked passage aboard the Nissho Maru leaving Batavia on June 29, but he did not know whether the entire Japanese Delegation would be withdrawn, pending receipt of final instructions from Tokyo.

Questioned whether the strong attitude of the Japanese press was influencing Batavia, Mr. Yoshizawa said the Netherlands East Indies stand remained firm and unchanged.—Domei.

Solemn Allied Resolve To Wipe Out Hitlerism

London, June 13.

"WE cannot yet see how deliverance will come or when it will come, but nothing is more certain than that every trace of Hitler's footsteps, every stain of his infected and corroding fingers will be sponged and purged and, if need be, blasted from the surface of the earth," asserted the British Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, at a meeting of all Allied Governments at St. James's Palace yesterday, during which a resolution was passed to continue the struggle against German oppression.

Mr. Churchill declared "Hitler may burn and trample his way through the tortured earth. He may spread his course far and wide and carry his curse with him. But it is here in this island fortress that he will have to reckon in the end. We shall strive to resist by land and sea. We shall be on his track wherever he goes."

Resolution

The general war situation was discussed at the meeting. The text of the resolution is: "The Governments of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa, the Government of Belgium, the Provisional Czechoslovak Government, the Governments of Greece, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland and Yugoslavia and representatives of General de Gaulle, leader of Free Frenchmen, engaged together in the fight against oppression, are resolved:

"1—That they will continue the struggle against German or Italian aggression until victory is won and that they will assist each other in their struggle to the utmost of their respective capacities.

"2.—That there can be no settled peace and prosperity so long as free peoples are coerced by violence into submission to domination by Germany or her associates or live under threat of such coercion.

"3.—That the only true basis of enduring peace is the willing co-operation of free peoples in a world in which, relieved of the menace of aggression, all may enjoy economic and social security, and that it is their intention to work together and with other free peoples both in war and peace to this end."

Text of Speech

Following is the text of Mr. Churchill's speech: "In the 22nd month of the war against Nazism, we meet here in this old Palace of Saint James... in order to proclaim the high purpose and resolve of the last constitutional Governments of Europe whose countries have been overrun, and we are here also to cheer the hopes of free men and free peoples throughout the world.

"Here before us on the table lie the title-deeds of ten States whose soil has been invaded and polluted and whose men, women and children lie prostrate under Hitler's yoke.

"But here also, duly authorized by the Parliament and Democracy of Britain, are gathered the representatives of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, of Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa, of the Empire of India, of Burma and of Colonies in every quarter of the globe.

Promise of Aid

"They have drawn their swords in this cause. They will never let them fall till life is gone or victory is won. Here we meet while from across the Atlantic Ocean the hammers and lathes of the United States signal in a rising hum their message of encouragement and their promise of swift and ever-growing aid.

"What tragedies, what horrors, what crimes has Hitler and all that Hitler stands for brought upon Europe and the world. The ruins of Warsaw, Rotterdam, Belgrade are monuments which will long recall to future generations the outrage of unopposed air-bombing applied with calculated, scientific cruelty to helpless populations.

People Exploited

"But far worse than these visible injuries is the misery of the conquered peoples. We see them hounded, terrorized, exploited. Their manhood by the million is forced to work under conditions indistinguishable in many cases from actual slavery.

Their goods are pillaged or filched for worthless money. Their homes, their daily life are pried into and spied upon by the all pervading system of a secret political police which, having reduced the Germans themselves to abject docility, now stalks the streets and by-ways of a dozen lands.

[Reuter.

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Eden Says Allied Victory Certain

London, June 13.

"However long or arduous, harsh or chequered the course of this war may be, no one in this country doubts that the final victory will be ours; it is certain and will be decisive," Mr. Anthony Eden, British Foreign Secretary, told Latin America in a broadcast early this morning.

Mr. Eden particularly addressed members of the British communities living in Latin America, and thanked them for the contributions they had made and are making to the Empire's war effort.

"The superiority of the individual British sailor, soldier and airman over his German or Italian opponent", he said, "has already been established. The Battle of Britain in which, between July and November of last year, the Royal Air Force defeated the most determined endeavours of the Luftwaffe, which is numerically greatly its superior, is but a single instance of this.

Spirit Unbreakable

"London and others of our great cities may be battered by successive blitzes but they are undismayed and even inspired by this unparalleled ordeal. Aeroplanes can belabour our national buildings, but no bombs can break the nation's spirit," Mr. Eden continued.

"The great and generous assistance which we are receiving from the United States of America makes the Allied victory a mathematical certainty. In his message to Congress last January President Roosevelt said he looked forward to a world founded upon four freedoms: freedom of speech and expression, freedom to worship God, freedom from want, and freedom from fear. We and our allies are fighting today that this noble conception of a better life may prevail. It is no war of nationalities, but one of faith in the standards of the philosophies of life.

"Sooner or later" Mr. Eden stated, "all must decide upon which side, whether of light or darkness, they stand."—Reuter.

Haifa and Tel Aviv Raided

Jerusalem, June 13.

On Wednesday night there were air raids on Haifa and Tel Aviv, when several bombs were dropped, it is stated officially.

In neither town was there any material damage, but in Tel Aviv eight persons were killed and 25 injured, mainly as a result of the damage done to an invalids home by a bomb which burst nearby.

In Haifa, where the raiders met anti-aircraft fire from the defences, there were two casualties, one being fatal.—Reuter.

U.S. Ambassador Confers With Petain, Darlan

Vichy, June 13.

Rear Admiral William D. Leahy, U.S. Ambassador to France, conferred with Marshal Henri Petain and Admiral Jean Darlan, Vice-Premier, at 6 p.m. yesterday on the Syrian situation. Both Marshal Petain and Admiral Darlan renewed their assurances that there were no Germans in Syria.—United Press.

Announcement on Nazi, Finnish Relations

Helsinki, June 13.

Well-informed quarters today expected momentarily an important announcement regarding Finnish and German relations.—United Press.

Roosevelt Empowered to Take Over Striking Factories

Washington, June 13.

THE Senate by 46 votes to 25 approved legislation authorizing the President to seize a defence plant in a case of existing or threatened failure of production and where the management or labour fail to utilize the existing mediation agencies.

The Administration lost the fight against an amendment providing the President could not exercise such powers until mediation attempts were exhausted.

A high member of the Administration stated that the government was ready and determined to eliminate from the defence industries all persons considered guilty of promoting strikes for subversive, instead of legitimate union, purposes.—Reuter.

Aluminium Strike Ends

New York, June 13.

A full shift was resumed yesterday morning at five factories of the vast Cleveland Ohio works of the Aluminium Company of America following the settlement of the strike.

The company's spokesman stated everything was running smoothly and it was expected that full production would be resumed before the day was over.

An agreement provides for general increases in the wage of one cent an hour making a minimum of 73 cents an hour.—Reuter.

Machinists Requested to Return

Washington, June 13.

The Executive Council of the International Association of Machinists last night called on the striking machinists of San Francisco shipyards to return to work immediately.

This request was made by the head of the International group, Mr. Harvey W. Brown, in a telegram to Mr. Harry Hook, head of the San Francisco local union.

The machinists in San Francisco called a meeting of all members for Sunday to consider the recommendation of the international officers to end the strike delaying construction of a large number of war vessels and merchant ships for the United States and Britain.—United Press.

Machinists Ready to Negotiate

San Diego, June 13.

American Federation of Labour machinists were reported today to have unofficially accepted a contract drawn up by union negotiators and representatives of the Consolidated Aircraft Company to prevent a strike.

Less than 200 ballots on the question of acceptance remain to be tabulated, according to high union officials.

Union sources estimated that the voting would be almost nine-to-one in favour of acceptance. They added that the results of the ballot would not be made public if the contract is accepted.—United Press.

Nazis Mass Troops On Soviet Border; Eden, Cripps Confer

London, June 13.

Mr. Anthony Eden, British Foreign Secretary, conferred yesterday with Sir Stafford Cripps, Ambassador to Soviet Russia, coincident to new reports that a German military threat against the Soviet Union was impending.

One report received by a foreign Embassy here stated that 75 German divisions had been concentrated on the Soviet-German frontier in former Poland, while another 25 German divisions had been moved up to the Rumanian-Soviet border. In addition, between 20 and 25 Rumanian divisions were said to have been mobilized for action.

The report stated that Soviet Russia was frantically rushing construction work on fortifications in Bessarabia and that Soviet troops were ploughing up highways near the frontier.

Soviet sources admitted that it was probably true that heavy forces have been concentrated on the frontier, but asserted that Germany would not attack Russia or succeed in scaring the Kremlin into giving important concessions to the Reich through negotiations.

Turkish circles reported that Chancellor Adolf Hitler had demanded that Soviet Russia extend facilities at its ports on the Black Sea so that the Germans could send an army direct into the Caucasus from Rumania without crossing the Ukraine. From the Caucasus, the Germans could invade Iran and Iraq, and threaten the entire British right flank in the Near East.—United Press.

Major Reshuffle of Shipping In Pacific Seen Shortly

Washington, June 13.

RELIABLE circles disclosed yesterday that plans have been nearly completed for a major reshuffling of American, British, Australian and Chinese merchant tonnage in the Pacific and Indian oceans in order to provide more bottoms for maintaining Britain's vital trans-Atlantic routes.

It was reported that the unannounced visit here of Mr. W. J. Keswick, former Chairman of the Shanghai Municipal Council and head of Jardine, Matheson & Co., figured in the final shaping up of plans.

Mr. Keswick, it was understood, conferred with the British Shipping Commission, the U.S. Department of State and Far Eastern shipping experts. He was said to have represented British shipping interests in the Pacific in the pending move.

Ready for Sacrifices

Mr. Keswick, it was understood, told conferees that Shanghai and Hongkong shippers were ready to make whatever sacrifices were necessary to maintain British communications.

The general plan, which has been under study for some time, envisioned transfer to the Atlantic of British, Greek and Australian ships still engaged in the Orient trade. These would be replaced wherever possible by American vessels, and in a few cases, by Chinese vessels.

The shift would include British ships plying the route between India and Japan, and Japan and China. Chinese coastal junks and freighters would replace British bottoms in some of this trade.

Sufficient Replacements

Almost all Canadian ships on the trans-Pacific routes have been withdrawn.

Although American bottoms operating on the Pacific runs have been reduced by Army and Navy requisitioning, there were sufficient numbers available for use as replacements.

It was said the plan was designed to free vessels to carry badly-needed supplies from the United States to England and the Middle East, and also to lessen the demands for repeal of the Neutrality Act while giving Britain a "breathing space" until Anglo-American ship-yards are producing the necessary volume.—United Press.

Yarnell Says U.S. Entry Into War Only a Matter of Time

Washington, June 13.

THE American Navy is strong enough to carry on a war in two oceans as long as Britain is undefeated, but it must not remain on the defensive, declares Admiral Harry E. Yarnell, former Commander-in-Chief of the United States Asiatic squadron, in an outspoken article in the "Washington Post."

Events in Europe are moving rapidly, Admiral Yarnell says, and "our own active participation is only a matter of time."

Japan's treaty with Berlin, he continues, means, regardless of what America may wish, that the conflict will spread to the Far East.

If Japan successfully moved into the Netherlands Indies it would mean the end of the white man in the Far East, asserts the Admiral, and thus Singapore is for the United States as important as it is for Britain.

"We must accept the fact if we go to war with Germany, as we will and should; we will also be at war with Japan. The sooner we realise this and prepare for it, the better it will be for us."

Favourable Factors

He then quotes factors operating favourably for the United States, including the use of Singapore and harbours in the Philippines and the Netherlands East Indies, and the military, air and naval forces of Britain and the N.E.I.

Also, he says, China which is holding a million Japanese in check, can intensify operations if given supplies; Japanese bases in Formosa could be bombed easily; Japan's seaborne commerce would end, and Japan would be operating 2,000 to 2,000 miles from home bases.

The writer advocates the use of elementary principles for military success, initiative and offensive.

Fleet Stronger Today

Admiral Yarnell says the American Fleet today is stronger relatively than it will be in 1946, if Germany wins in Europe and Japan in the Far East, but that it must be operated on the frontiers and in accordance with the principles of naval warfare.

He says a war will not be won by keeping the navy in home waters but by swift, determined offensive action on the frontiers. "In the Pacific our frontier is south-eastern Asia."—Reuter.

Fight and Win

New York, June 13.

Mr. Basil O'Connor, former law partner of President Roosevelt, predicted last night that the American people would fight and win "the greatest battle of all time."

Mr. O'Connor, speaking at the Commencement Exercises at St. Johns University in Brooklyn, declared that "history will record us as preventing imposition on the world of a system which means nothing less than slavery for all."—United Press.

Cyprus Ready for Any Attack

BY REUTER'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT IN CYPRUS

Nicosia, June 13.

Since the evacuation of Crete, an attack on Cyprus has been expected at any moment, and preparations for defence are continuing day and night. Nowhere is the British advance in Syria being watched with more interest than in this small island—one of the most exposed points in the great front stretching from Baghdad to west Africa.

Cypriots themselves appear to feel that the occupation of Syria would lessen the likelihood of a Nazi attempt to take the island, but this opinion in no way interferes with the preparations going on.

Townfolk, assisted by the government, are being scattered through the countryside while British, Australian and Cypriot troops are ceaselessly improving defences.

Walled Capital

In the walled capital, Nicosia, where no street is wide enough for two-way traffic, I walked miles today between rows of silent shuttered houses. Elaborate arrangements had been made to keep fire from sweeping over tightly wedged buildings.

Hardly any Cypriots have left the island. Throughout the countryside, demands for rifles are coming in to the government from farmers who are determined to defend their homes. As I am writing this, an alarm has sounded. People have quickly cleared the streets, not knowing whether the sirens have merely signalled the flight of another German plane crossing the island on its way to Syria, or whether they have foretold the start of the attack.

Among the greatest encouragements to Cypriots is failure of the Nazi attempt to paralyze British shipping in the Mediterranean by air attacks.—Reuter.

*Prominent Lawyer Slain

(Continued from page 1)

side and heard him remark: "I have been shot three times. I don't know who did it." All three shots, it was ascertained later, took effect the victim sustaining three wounds in the nape of his neck. Mortally wounded, he was conveyed in an emergency ambulance to the St. Marie Hospital, dying before his arrival at the institution.

In response to an alarm detectives and officers of the French police went to the scene of the crime, where they conducted a searching investigation. Although they obtained a clear description of the apparel of the assassins, they were unable to obtain information that could throw any light on the identity of the men. It was established, however, that robbery was not the motive of the crime.

Former Judge

Informed French circles yesterday discounted the possibility of French politics having anything to do with the lawyer's death. His indirect embroilment in Chinese politics, it was pointed out, should have more to do with it.

A man of imposing and austere appearance, the victim was one of the old French residents here and the oldest resident French lawyer in Shanghai who, during a long sojourn in China after a distinguished juridical career elsewhere, took an active interest in the social and other affairs of the local French community. He was a well-known collector of Chinese curios and was editor and publisher of the "Extreme Orient", a bi-lingual journal in French and English devoted among other topics to art and curios. For many years he was correspondent here for a Paris evening paper and was a prolific writer, being the author of several works in French, both fiction and dealing with political subjects.

His elevation from the position of lawyer in Paris to a judge of the French tribunal in Indo-China was spectacular. Coming to Shanghai in 1910, he engaged in the practice of law here until the outbreak of the World War which found him on leave in France. After joining the army and being on active service and serving his country with distinction, being the recipient of the Croix de Guerre and the French military medal, he returned to Shanghai in 1918, and resumed his law practice.

Offices Sealed

Wielding a fleny pen, his articles and books were the subject of considerable comment both here and abroad and earned for him the reputation of a firebrand. He was president of the French Club and Cercle Francais, as well as president of the Volunteers (French) of the Great War (China Branch) and received the coveted military medal from no less a person than Admiral Esteva.

News of the assassination came as a great shock to the entire French community here, being outrivalled only by the murder some time ago of M. Edouard d'Hooghe, legal adviser to the French Consulate and French Municipal Council, who was also the victim of terrorist activities.

M. d'Auxion de Ruffé leaves behind to mourn his death a widow, by a second marriage contracted two years ago; a daughter, Countess du Bus de Warnaffe, and four grandchildren who are at present vacationing in Tsingtao. The count it will be recalled, was made a prisoner of war in Belgium after the German occupation.

Following the murder yesterday morning visitors to the chambers of the victim found the door locked and sealed with the seal of the French Consulate-General. A keen scholar, M. d'Auxion de Ruffé during his lifetime retained as his favourite motto the old Arabian proverb, "Les Chiens Aboient, la Caravane Passe", which callers will long remember as one of the most prominently displayed inscriptions in his outer office.

THE CINEMA

"That Night in Rio"

Baroness .....Alice Faye
Larry Martin .....Don Ameche
Baron Duarte .....Don Ameche
Carmen .....Carmen Miranda
Penna .....S. Z. Sakall
Machado .....J. Carrol Naish
Salles .....Curt Bois
Pierre .....Leonid Kinskey

Opening in a wild blaze of colour, rhythmic movement and music, the first scene of "That Night in Rio" gives one the feeling that he is watching some strange savage ritual, with Carmen Miranda as high priestess. The next scene looks like an elaborate fashion show with a bevy of beauties swinging smoothly around a male pivot in the person of Don Ameche. Then the camera moves back revealing that both scenes have taken place on the floor of an elaborate night club and the plot gets under way. This plot is far more deftly arranged and entertaining than those upon which musical shows usually depend. In fact, it is very cleverly done and with the ever-loving Don Ameche surpassing himself in a dual role, it is all highly diverting. Mistaken identity may never before have been so brilliantly exploited as in this picture for entertainment purposes. It is this carefully calculated confusion which forms the body of the picture, brightly adorned with that oddity of the entertainment world Carmen Miranda. She does a number of barbaric dances vividly enhanced by her tigerish personality. When not dancing she is even more the tigress, hissing and clawing at Don Ameche. But these two are strongly supported by a couple of relatively unknown players who, as worried financiers, bring the house down with their methods on the floor of the stock exchange. Also there is Alice Faye who adds her mellow voice to the proceedings. The only flaw is that she is supposed to be the aristocratic wife of a South American baron; she suits "Tin Pan Alley" too well to make this part convincing. But how anyone could see this film and not think it belongs to the very top brackets of light musical entertainment is difficult to understand.—R.R.R.

Antonescu Returns To Bucharest

Bucharest, June 13.

General Jon Antonescu, Rumania's dictator-premier, has arrived here by plane from Germany, where he had conversations with Hitler and Joachim von Ribbentrop, the Nazi Foreign Minister.

General Antonescu was accompanied by the Nazi Minister to Rumania, von Killinger.—Reuter.

"Guns Before Butter" Must Be U.S. Motto

Rochester, N.Y., June 13.

A "guns before butter" policy must be adopted by American industry, according to an official of the Office of Production and Management, when addressing a meeting of 200 New York State shipowners yesterday.—Reuter.

U.S. Naval Reserves Ordered to Duty

Washington, June 13.

The Navy Secretary, Colonel Frank Knox, yesterday ordered all enlisted men in the U.S. Naval Reserve to report for active duty.—United Press.

200 American Planes Arrive in Singapore

Bangkok, June 12.

Approximately 200 American-made planes, all single-seater warplanes, arrived here Tuesday night aboard an American vessel, it was reliably reported here today. According to reports, the planes were immediately handed over to the British authorities.—Domei.

Russia Said Arming Against Possible Nazi Attack

Ankara, June 13.

The chief result of assumption of Premiership by M. Josef Stalin has been an intensification of the armaments drive in Russia, with special efforts further to enlarge and modernize the air force, according to reports received in well-informed Turkish quarters here.

Meanwhile, lecturers are telling soldiers and workers that it is imperative that the Red army should be very strong in order to prevent and, if necessary, to repel any German attack. The same lecturers, prior to M. Viacheslav Molotov's Berlin visit last November, warned their listeners that Germany was Russia's enemy, but the Kremlin called off the campaign on M. Molotov's return, only to resume it in January, since when it has been intensified.

Fear of Germany

Well-informed Turkish quarters here express the opinion that fear of Germany is the dominating influence in Russian foreign policy. Germany is fully aware of this fear and, backed by large Rumanian forces in Moldavia, is expected shortly to present the Kremlin with further economic demands. It is believed here that M. Stalin will accept the demands as his policy is to gain time to enable him to build a strong army and an industrial machine capable of supporting such an army in war time.

The same quarters here are convinced that Stalin will resist if Hitler should try to invade the Ukraine, and that the Kremlin will refuse any concessions infringing Soviet sovereignty, such as German control of certain railways and industries which the Germans believe is the only way of obtaining increased supplies from Russia.—Reuter.

"Times" Comment on Nazi-Soviet Relations

London, June 13.

Care taken to give publicity to a large concentration of German military power on the Soviet frontier, suggests a diplomatic rather than military offensive, says "The Times" in a leading article on Russo-German relations.

If the latter were primarily intended, Hitler, in accordance with his customary tactics, would have pounced without warning, the paper continues.

"But this concentration in force will, in one respect, make it more embarrassing for Moscow to submit to far-reaching Nazi demands for any conspicuous concession accorded under so obvious a threat of force will be a confession of weakness. If, on the other hand, M. Stalin decides to call Hitler's bluff, may not that bluff turn into an extremely dangerous reality? In fact, it is a highly dangerous game of bluff and counter-bluff which is now being played between two countries both desirous of avoiding war but determined, one to extort, the other to refuse as much as ever it dares without provoking hostilities. It is a situation in which the guns some times go off without either side having really intended it."

After remarking that it has been clear for some time that no diplomatic action taken by the British Government will deflect the Soviet authorities in their present somewhat narrow interpretations of Soviet interests, "The Times," while admitting that it is important that Great Britain should be represented in Moscow by an envoy of ability and distinction, suggests that Sir Stafford Cripps is more urgently needed at home to strengthen the quality of Labour Party representation in the supreme councils of the nation.—Reuter.

Elinor Glyn to Fight Nazi Lies

In a Mayfair flat which no Nazi bombers could make her leave, Elinor Glyn, originator of the "It" girl, is planning, at the age of 76, to broadcast British propaganda to the women of the world.

"I can't do nursing, A.R.P., or munitions work—my able days are over—but I do understand psychology and how to talk to women, so the radio can be my war weapon," she told a "Sunday Chronicle" reporter.

"First, I intend to talk to America, where I am so well known. I can't travel there to lecture them, but I shall tell them from London of the brave women of Britain.

Raids do not scare the "Tiger woman," as she was once called because of her furs.

While the guns roar and bombs drop outside, she sits calmly in her first-floor flat playing cards, or writes her diary.

Dog Survives Bombing In Brsitol

Worming his way through the wreckage of his bombed home in Bristol, ex-Serviceman Nelson Woodhams fed with egg and brandy his pet terrier which had been trapped there for fourteen days.

Meanwhile, men from a demolition squad toiled for hours to release the dog, which was pinned in the cellar with a beam across its back.

As Mr. Woodhams entered his temporary home, he called out tenderly, "It's all right, chum. Father's here," and, whimpering with excitement, Prince, his black terrier, staggered into his army.

The dog has created a record for, according to a P.D.S.A. official, until now the maximum time a dog has been known to live without water is eleven days. "Daily Mirror".

*Allied Advance in Syria Continues Satisfactorily

(Continued from page 1)

situation could explain the British attack on Syria, which risked producing the gravest consequences.

Pending further information, France wished to avoid taking action which would aggravate the conflict. If the trouble were extended France would feel obliged to take necessary measures in defence of her territories.

The note reiterated that there had been no collaboration there with Germany.

The British reply to the French Note declined to enter into an argument over the definition of the word collaboration. The British action was based on the facts of the case in Syria, not on theoretical considerations, the Note added.

Britain was happy to note Marshal Philippe Petain's assurances of avoidance of a spread of the conflict and suggested that it would be in the best interests of both countries if the Vichy government instructed French forces to cease opposition to the Allied forces and not allow the Germans to use Syria as a base of operations against them.

The Note reaffirmed that Britain has no territorial designs on Syria or elsewhere in French over-seas possessions. It expressed Britain's intention to restore the independence and greatness of France when victory is won.

A Foreign Office announcement of the text of communications exchanged between the British Government and Vichy regarding Syria says:—

"Following is the text of the communication from the Vichy Government which on June 8 was handed by the French Ambassador in Madrid to the British Ambassador, Sir Samuel Hoare. On instructions from his government the French Ambassador communicated to the British Ambassador the text of a note handed by Admiral Darlan to the United States Ambassador at Vichy.

"'The French Government have just learned by a telegram received from the French High Commissioner at Beirut that Syrian territory has been attacked this morning. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs again draws attention to the fact that there has been no collaboration between the French and Germans in Syria and that all German aeroplanes have been withdrawn with the exception of two of these unarmed machines and about 10 men.

"Gravest Consequences

"'The Ministry of Foreign Affairs wish particularly to draw the United States Embassy's attention to the fact that any British attack, which nothing in the present situation in Syria can explain, risks producing the gravest consequences. Aware of the danger of the present situation, the French Government will, for its part, avoid taking any action which might aggravate or spread the conflict. If the trouble is in fact extended the French Government will find it is obliged to take necessary measures in defence of its territories.'"

The British Government has told Vichy that "responsibility for the consequences of assistance which the French authorities in Syria were instructed to render to the enemy of His Majesty must rest with Marshal Petain's government."

This phrase is contained in the memorandum which Sir Samuel Hoare has been instructed to hand to the French Ambassador in Madrid in reply to the Vichy note.

The memorandum said that it was not Britain's desire that French blood should be shed.

Resistance in Metulla Area

French resistance is being encountered in this sector despite every effort of the British troops to avoid bloodshed, states Reuters special correspondent in a delayed message dated Tuesday from a point in the Metuila sector.

The correspondent, who is with the British column now driving north of Merj Ayoum, which has been described in Cairo as one of the main centres of Vichy resistance in Syria and which was captured after sharp fighting just north of the Palestine-Syria frontier, states that Australian infantry who started the operation with the hope that the French would capitulate, now find themselves up against a fairly formidable enemy.

Aleppo, Beirut Raided Again

Merdj Ayoum in Syria has been occupied by Allied troops it was confirmed in London last night.

British aircraft have been giving full support to the advancing Imperial and Free French troops. A Cairo communique states that Aleppo aerodrome was raided on the night of June 10/11, bombs falling on dispersed aircraft, on runways and buildings, causing a number of fires. Shipping in the harbour of Beirut was bombed by the Royal Air Force and the Fleet Air Arm.

Sporadic resistance is being gradually smothered by Australian forces marching towards Beirut, and after Tuesday's raids over the Leontes (Litani) River, where a stiff encounter ended in an Australian victory, Beirut is well in sight, writes Reuters' Special War Correspondent on the Syrian coastal sector.

French non-combatants confirm British hopes that the capital of Lebanon will not be too hard a nut to crack. No fortified lines or perimeters, they say, obstruct the route to Beirut, and the port itself is completely unfortified.

Between these non-combatants and their Australian captors, there is a total lack of animosity. They describe the conflict as "drole" but warn that a Frenchman's honour makes him fight. To this extent, German propaganda has been working at top pressure, and they declare with seeming sincerity that there are no German troops in Syria.

A detachment of Australians landed among French troops holding the north bank of the Leontes River are best qualified to speak of the poilu's fighting qualities. They tell of a new machine-gun technique which increases the value of this weapon. Concentrated in horseshoe nests of eight guns they are surrounded by swarms of snipers, and without long preparation and intensive mortar attack are impassable. Fighters of the Royal Air Force are not challenged by any French aircraft which have been seen over the battle area only on two or three occasions.—Reuter.

Allied Advance

Cairo, June 13.

The Allies, while trying to avoid fighting wherever possible, continue their progress in Syria and have reached the outskirts of Saida, the ancient city of Sidon, and the southern suburbs of Damascus at a point about ten miles south of the city.

The main resistance has been on the coast at the crossing of the Litani (Leontes) River and north of Matulla, in the central advance towards Damascus.

Half of the French troops after their surrender expressed sympathy for the Allies.

While the Allies are now reaching an area where a large proportion of the troops that General Dentz, High Commissioner in Syria, has available, are concentrated, Vichy communiques about "heavy fighting" are stated here to be grossly exaggerated. It is believed in Cairo that this exaggeration may be intentional with a view to paving the way for the final surrender. There have been no reports yet of any fighting between Free French forces and Syrian French troops.—Reuter.

Advance from Mosul

Alexandretta, June 13.

Allied diplomatic sources reported yesterday that at least two columns of British mechanized forces, coming from the direction of Mosul, had penetrated northwest Syria and, according to reports, had captured and established a base at the important caravan center of Haseke. Haseke is situated at the junction of the Khabur and Radd rivers.

It was believed that one column was rushing westward along the northern frontier, while the second was following the Khabur river valley. The objective of the latter column apparently was the large center of Deir Ezzar (ed-Deir), 100 miles to the south on the Euphrates river and 200 miles to the east of Aleppo, strategic Syrian air base.

Reports that the Germans who originally entered Syria were flying out could not be confirmed by travellers who arrived from Aleppo last Tuesday night.

"Every day a German general and his staff fly to Rhodes with reports and papers, and then return to Aleppo after midnight," one traveller stated.—United Press.

Nazis Flee From Syria

Istanbul, June 13.

The flight of German nationals from Syria is shown in the arrival here from Aleppo of 27 Germans and Italians. The Italians were members of the Armistice commission, but the Germans had been engaged in various forms of activity in Syria.—Reuter.

This Italian Gave His Life for Freedom

This is the story of Fortunato Picchi, an Italian waiter, who gave his life for freedom according to a news item appearing in the "News Chronicle."

Twenty-five years ago Fortunato Picchi came to Britain. He became a restaurant employee, then waiter, then head waiter. For many years he held the post of head waiter in the banqueting room of the Savoy Hotel. Britain was his home.

When war broke out, Fortunato Picchi left the Savoy. When Italy—the Fascist Italy he hated—entered the war, he was swept into an internment camp.

A tribunal sat on this sturdy, handsome man with his suave manners and his burning conviction: for he was of the new *Risorgimento*, working towards an Italy—and a world—free from tyranny.

He was released. He joined the Pioneer Corps. Then the chance for which he waited came.

According to Rome reports he joined that small force of British troops who landed by parachute in Italy on February 10. He was captured. For all his perfect Italian he was recognised as an enemy and denounced. Again a tribunal sat on him. This time their verdict was: the freedom of death.

Arraigned on a charge of sabotage in Calabria, Fortunato Picchi was shot, announced Rome Radio, at a place near Rome.

It was the first news his mother—who lives in the depths of the English country—had of him.

In the "Times" this brief announcement appeared:

"Picchi.—On Palm Sunday, 1941, Fortunato Picchi sacrificed his life for the cause of freedom. A brave man of high ideals. Until the day breaks, dear.—F."

For Fortunato it broke on Palm Sunday. The rest of his race, the rest of the world, is still waiting.

England Will Not Lack Brandy for Years

There is enough brandy in the country to last several years. But soon the quality of some brands may deteriorate, according to a correspondent in the "Evening Standard."

A London distiller told me this today when I asked if stocks were getting low now that we cannot get any imports from France.

Importers had taken in large stocks before war began. These stocks were increased before the fall of France, and they were bought by the importers with the usual understanding that they should be kept in store for at least six or seven years.

The distiller said: "All brandy importers know that brandy matures best in this country. That is why it is kept for six or seven years.

"But if the normal supplies run short there is no reason why the store should not be drawn on. It merely means that future supplies of brandy may not be so matured."

There is no difficulty in getting brandy out of bond because all the stocks in this country were three years old before they were received by the importers.

Supplies to hospitals are, I was told, up to normal.

Gibraltar Bombed

Madrid' June 13.

Three bombers of unknown nationality bombed Gibraltar, dropping ten bombs on the piers and other explosives on Punta Europa, it was reported here today.

Several bombs fell into the water and the extent of damage was not known. The raid, however, added the reports, was intensive, for anti-aircraft batteries and searchlights were most active.—United Press.

Excitement is the keynote of "Robbers of the Range." Tim Holt's new starring vehicle for RKO Radio. The plot deals with the efforts of a group of crooks to buy up the rights of way for a new railway—building in the west in the '80s.

Measures Against Iraqi Rebels

Baghdad, June 13.

"Very strong measures" would be taken against Sayid colleagues, said the new Iraqi Rashid Ali El Gailani and his Premier, Jamal Madfai.

He declared he would take all steps necessary to safeguard peace and an early return to normal constitutional life.—Reuter.

Italians Admit Large Bombing Damage

Rome, June 13.

Sig. Giuseppe Gorra, Minister of Public Works, reported to Premier Benito Mussolini yesterday that air and naval bombings on Italy during the first year of fighting had caused 112,000,000 lire worth of damages to public and private buildings, excluding industrial establishments and railroads.

The report said that since the beginning of the war, Italy had experienced 844 air raids and three naval bombardments. The report added that the Ministry had already spent 90,000,000 lire for repairs and that 80 per cent. of all damages had been repaired.—United Press.

U.S. Contemplating Oil Ban Against Japan

New York, June 13.

Circles close to the Administration informed the "New York Herald-Tribune" today that the United States was considering the advisability of cutting off shipments of oil to Japan.

If President Roosevelt takes this action, it should result in the easing of the proposed restrictions against the use of petrol and fuel oil in New York and along the whole of the eastern seaboard. It should also tend to prevent the threatened shortage of fuel oil for heating homes, offices and factories and, consequently, a rise in the price of petrol the "Herald-Tribune" said.—United Press.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a sale by public auction, of various articles confiscated by the Portuguese Consular Court, particulars of which may be found at the Portuguese Consulate General, will take place at the Consulate General premises on June 16, at 11 a.m.

PORTUGUESE CONSULATE GENERAL

Shanghai, June 6, 1941. 13136

Nanking Doing Best to Realize Peace—Wang

Nanking, June 13.

The "National Government at Nanking" was doing everything within its power to realize general peace in China as early as possible, Mr. Wang Ching-wei declared last night before members of the Press Section of the Japanese Expeditionary Forces in China.

"It must be admitted that the Nanking Government in the past did little toward the attainment of general peace, but also it must be noted that it is only one year and three months since the Nanking Government was formally established," President Wang said.

Pointing out the necessity for strengthening of the "National Government" in order to bring its full power into action, Mr. Wang said that "full support and co-operation from the Japanese Government is not only welcomed but absolutely necessary."

Reviewing in detail the history and growth of Communism in China, Mr. Wang declared that these elements belonging to the "old order" must be completely eradicated before general peace in China will be realized.—Domei.

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Rebuilt London Along Lines Of New York Visualized

THE following is the substance of a weekly broadcast entitled "Correspondence Column" presented by Mr. Sidney Horniblow over the B.B.C. describing what people in Britain have written to the papers. Mr. Horniblow is now with the "Daily Mail" and was formerly a member of the "North-China Daily News" staff :—

A number of people are anxious to see the rambling old City of London rebuilt after the war on a plan like that of New York or Paris—long wide streets crossing at right angles at regular intervals—but Lord Cookswood, the Provost of Eton, has written to "The Times" saying that he views the prospect with alarm: "I hope there is no serious thought of following Paris or New York—the charm of London depends on its courts and alleys." This brought a quick reply from a city worker who pointed out the waste of time and money caused by traffic delays, the general shabbiness of London, and Wren's fine churches hidden behind ugly office buildings—the whole result, he says, is ugly and inconvenient.

One effect of the air-raids has been to create upheaval in property values, with a big jump in values in the safe areas. One man writes to complain he can't rent or buy a house for less than 150 per cent. its pre-war value and insists that the Government control landlords who are taking advantage of the situation. Another wants to know whether a scheme can be devised whereby people can leave furniture stored in city houses without having to pay full rates.

Advantages of Secrecy

There are complaints about the lack of information given in the press about towns which have been the target of air-raiders, but a correspondent from the Midlands points out that the German radio claimed to have severely bombed a Midland town which in point of fact was not hit. He argues that an item like this shows the value of secrecy.

A retired major urges the creation of a Reserve for the Home Guard: he says there are many men over 65 willing to serve, all of them fit to control traffic or do Headquarters work, if not more active duties.

Someone wants all youths between 17 and 19 conscripted into the Home Guard, and another calls for general conscription for the Home Guard, and yet another wants the Home Guard sworn in as a regular Home Defence unit. It is also argued that Crete has shown that every man in Britain over 17 should know how to use a rifle, and have one to use. and this is an argument for Home Guard conscription.

Aim of Conscription

A high military official has written in reply explaining that the purpose of conscription, whether for army or factory, is to get the best out of people, and as it is, people in the reserved occupations have no spare time—they are working just as hard as they can at vital jobs; therefore this correspondent holds that the Home Guard should remain voluntary and unpaid.

Women's uniforms form a section of current correspondence. One girl complains that the uniforms are too hot—why keep the tunics buttoned up? The WRENS want less ridiculous hats—one unit has a new cap which makes the girls look like a musical comedy chorus, and this WREN seems jealous.

A woman writes in praise of air raid wardens—they. men and women, often elderly, are doing a magnificent job. The wardens in her district know every householder, even how may children and invalids there are, and where they sleep—they know which houses have ladders and firepumps; and in the district there are 11 streets with 604 houses. Duplicate records of all this information are kept in separate places. All the wardens are volunteers, and many are doing a full time job of work in addition to their air raid duties.

Agriculture in New Light

Correspondents are pointing out that agriculture has for too long been regarded as a backwater so far as careers for boys are concerned. It has been looked upon as the sphere for boys with no brains or personality, nor is it just a pastime—better boys are required on the land and after the war the best type of the demobilized men should be encouraged to be farmers. A house-master writes to say that many boys desire an open-air life, and therefore there should be some system of farm-training at school to replace advanced foreign language classes for such boys.

The newly introduced system of clothes rationing by means of coupon books still occasions letters to the papers. A secretary complains that the ration-coupons do not provide for laddered stockings! More serious is the letter pointing out that whereas 14 coupons are required for an overcoat, if you buy the material yourself you must have 14 coupons for the cloth and six more for the lining. The same thing is true of women's dresses. Surely, if people make up their own garments no extra coupons should be required.

A humorist writes "If, as the result of my home being destroyed in an air-raid, I find myself with no clothes and no ration-book, have I really to appear naked before the Clothing Board to obtain a new book of coupons?—This is what the wording of the regulations seems to imply."

Cases in District Court Increase

The Municipal Advocate of the S.M.C. in his report states that a total number of 11,159 cases were prosecuted in the Shanghai First Special Area District Court and the Kiangsu High Court, Second Branch, during the month of May, as compared with 9,097 cases in April. Out of the total number of cases prosecuted during May, 9,480 were administrative cases and 1,679 were criminal cases. Out of the total number of administrative cases brought to trial, 6 207 persons failed to appear and their bail was confiscated, and seven cases were withdrawn, as compared with 4.866 cases in which bail was confiscated and 17 cases withdrawn in April. A total of 3,266 administrative cases were prosecuted to completion. out of which number 3,261 persons were convicted and five acquitted; 149 criminal cases were withdrawn and 1,560 were prosecuted to completion, out of which number 1,370 persons were convicted and 190 acquitted. The total number of administrative and criminal cases prosecuted to completion was 4,826, as compared with 4,108 cases in April. A total of 4.631 persons were convicted and 195 persons were acquitted, as compared with 3,883 persons convicted and 225 persons acquitted during April.

In addition. there were 71 private criminal prosecutions, as compared with 36 in April.

Percentage of Convictions.—87.8 per cent. of the persons charged in Criminal cases and 99.9 per cent. of the persons charged in Administrative cases were convicted. making a total percentage of convictions for the month of May of 93.8 per cent., as compared with 94.3 per cent for the month of April.

Appeals

(a) By the Council.—One appeal was made during the month of May to the High Court, and one appeal was concluded during the month of May. The total number of appeals by the Council pending on May 31 was as follows:—In the Supreme Court 1: in the High Court 4.

(b) By Defendants.—92 appeals were perfected during the month; four to the Supreme Court and 88 to the High Court. 108 appeals by defendants were concluded and dealt with as follows:—

Sentence increased	1
Case sent back for re-trial	1
Case not entertained	1
Accused found not guilty	4
Appeals dismissed	67
Appeals withdrawn	18
Sentences reduced	16

There were 356 appeals filed by defendants pending on May 31 as follows:—In the Supreme Court, 54; in the High Court, 302.

Cases Pending.—On May 31, there were pending in the High Court and District Court, 95 cases which together with 361 cases on appeal, make a total of 456 cases. In addition to the above, there were 40 cases in which the accused were held on writs of detention.

Mr. C. C. Pan Arrests Extortioners

Mr. C. C. Pan, Commissioner of the Western District Special Police, personally led several of his officers to the Yung Kong Restaurant in his district and arrested three detectives attached to his office, whom he suspected to be trying to extort a big sum of money under his name.

Mr. Pan told the "North-China Daily News" yesterday that the arrested officers had been dismissed and taken to the Nantao District Court for trial. No hearing had yet been held, he said. Prior to their transference to the court, they were questioned by officers of the Criminal Branch.

After receiving a secret report, Mr. Pan made the arrests personally on Thursday. According to the report sent to Mr. Pan, the three detectives were trying to extort $50,000 from Chu Ping-shan of 76A Singapore Road. The alleged extortioners said that Chu might be prosecuted in a kidnapping case and suggested that if the above mentioned "hush money" was forthcoming, they would not press the case.

The alleged extortioners were said to have asked their intended victim to go to the restaurant where they were arrested to talk over the matter. Mr. Pan became so enraged that he personally arrested them. The arrested men's names are Koo Yun-tsuen, Koo Hung-liang and Chen Chiu-hsiang.

Lesson Sermon

First Church of Christ, Scientist

"God the preserver of Man": is the subject of the Lesson Sermon to be read in all Churches of Christ, Scientist, throughout the world on Sunday, June 15. Golden Text:—Deut. 33:27. "The eternal God is thy refuge, and underneath are the everlasting arms." Among the citations which comprise the Lesson Sermon is the following from The Bible:—"The Lord is thy keeper: the Lord is thy shade upon thy right hand. The sun shall not smite thee by day, nor the moon by night. The Lord shall preserve thee from all evil: he shall preserve thy going out and thy coming in from this time forth, and even for evermore.

The Lesson Sermon also includes the following passage from the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," by Mary Baker Eddy:—When the evidence before the material senses yielded to spiritual sense, the apostle declared that nothing could alienate him from God, from the sweet sense and presence of Life and Truth. It is ignorance and false belief, based on a material sense of things, which hide spiritual beauty and goodness. Understanding this, Paul said: Neither death, nor life,....nor things present, nor things to come, nor height, nor depth, nor any other creature, shall be able to separate us from the love of God.

Education Report Adopted

The Shanghai Municipal Council has adopted the recommendation of the Education Board that the report of the Special Education Committee of April 25, published in the "Municipal Gazette" of May 9, 1941, be adopted.

The Special Education Committee in its report of April 25 made the following recommendations:—

Recommendations

1. The function of education belongs primarily to the national bodies, and only secondarily and subsidiary to the Council.

2. The Council's policy should be directed towards extension of the grant-in-aid system, an increase in the number of national schools, and strict limitation of direct provision of education, from Municipal funds.

3. The present (now theoretical) limitation of educational funds to the equivalent of a 2 per cent. General Municipal Rate and the correlative proportion of Land Tax, should be explicitly abandoned, and for the time being substituted by the appropriation of sufficient funds to maintain the educational work now in hand.

Proportionate Assessment

4. Educational funds should be applied for the benefit of (a) Chinese, (b) Japanese and (c) other foreign children in proportion to the contribution of these three groups towards Municipal revenue in the form of rates.

5. As soon as financial conditions permit, additional funds should be appropriated for education, over and above the minimum stipulated in paragraph 3, and such additional funds should be used to facilitate application of the principle contained in paragraph 4.

6. However desirable as being logically consistent with the principles contained in paragraphs 1, 2 and 4, transfer of the management or financial responsibility of any of the existing Municipal schools to national groups is under present conditions impracticable.

Grants-in-Aid

7. Grants-in-aid should be made applicable at the discretion of the appropriate Sub-Committees on a new and more flexible principle, towards inauguration and support of special educational projects of value to the interests of the Settlement as a whole, as well as in assistance of existing schools.

8. Grants-in-aid should not be made to Schools conducted as profit-making enterprises.

9. All schools in receipt of grants should be subject to educational inspection.

10. As much as possible of the direct costs of operating Municipal Schools, as is consistent without infliction of hardship, should be recovered in the form of fees.

11. The office of Superintendent of Education should be continued after the retirement of the present Superintendent.

Standards Required

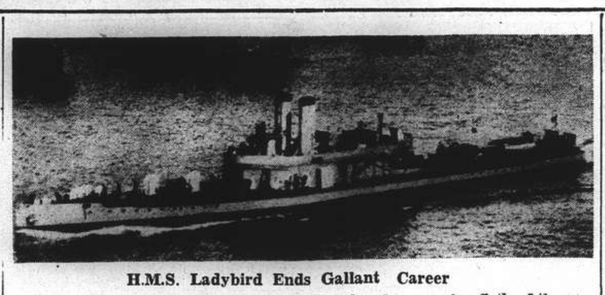
Recommendations Nos. 10 and 11 have already been acted on by the Council. With regard to recommendation No. 2, in making grants to schools the Council will require that they comply with certain standards as required by its Fire Brigade, Health, Public Works and Education Departments. With regard to recommendation No. 3 the proposal is to wipe out the existing 2 per cent. limit, and to provide instead, for the time being and until the return of normal conditions, sufficient funds to maintain the educational work now in hand, such appropriation being budgetted for by the Education Department on the same lines as by other Municipal departments, for the minimum expenditure necessary to carry on essential work. As regards recommendation No. 8 it may be necessary in due course to review the rules and regulations governing the issue of grants with a view to ensuring that such are adequate for the purpose of implementing this recommendation.

Godspeed to Men Who Have Joined Colours

The members of the R.A.F.A., Capt. H. V. Gulston (S.V.C.) and Mr. T. A. Cooper, and three volunteers from the younger generation of Shanghai, who have joined His Majesty's services, were honoured in the Dome at tiffin yesterday by the R.A.F.A.

The President of the Association, Mr. V. J. B. Holland, in presenting suitably-inscribed tankards to Messrs. Gulston and Cooper, wished them bon voyage and happy landing. The membership associated itself with his felicitations.

The three others, a part of the latest batch who are to leave shortly for the south, were toasted by the assembly and were wished Godspeed and good promotion.



H.M.S. Ladybird Ends Gallant Career

This is a view of H.M.S. Ladybird which has been sunk off the Libyan coast. For many years she was a familiar sight in Shanghai and at ports along the Yangtze. From the Far East she was sent to the Mediterranean after war had broken out.

Kidnappers Face District Court

Eleven men alleged to have collected nearly $150,000 from two kidnapping victims, one of whom was asked to pay a ransom of $1,000,000, faced the First Special District Court yesterday and were formally charged with the crimes in addition to two counts of armed robbery. Judge Feng questioned them at length and collected much evidence from the prosecution, but reserved judgment.

Accused were all recently arrested by the Central Police at two places in Jessfield Road and Bubbling Well Road, where one of the kidnappings was committed. The victim was Wong Shwan-bin general manager of the American Engineering Corporation in Bubbling Well Road, who was carried away on October 12 last year while driving in his private car in Hart Road.

The kidnappers later got in touch with Wong's family, demanding $1,000,000 in exchange for Wong's release. It was alledged that they eventually obtained $43,000 and released their victim. The other kidnapping was said to have been committed on April 23 of this year when Yu Ching-ching, 16-year old son of Yu-sheng Chi-fang, who lives in House No. 6 Lane 775 Rue Ratard, was kidnapped near his school in Yu Ya Ching Road. The boy's family was alleged to have paid $110,000 for his freedom.

Factory Gutted by Fire Of Unknown Origin

The Kalee Hwa Celluloid Bottle Top Factory in lane 282 F.G.I. off North Chekiang Road was gutted and a Chinese dwelling house adjoining the premises sustained severe damages to the roof and top floor in a fire which broke out yesterday afternoon which occupied the attention of the Fire Brigade for more than an hour and a half.

An adjoining lane, 272, was also involved, a drying stage suffering some damage before the fire was got under control. A division from the Hongkew fire station responded.

GENERAL Wu Te-chen, Secretary-General of the Kuomintang, gave a dinner party in Chungking on Wednesday in honour of Mr. Clarence E. Gauss, American Ambassador to China, says the "Cheng Yien Pao." Officials of the American Embassy were also invited to the party.

Confiscated Articles Stolen from Court

Numerous valuable articles confiscated from criminals, including $6,000 in silver, the value of which is now several times its face value, have all been stolen from the "vaults" of the Nantao District Court three days ago just prior to the assumption of his duties by a new president of the tribunal, it was disclosed yesterday in the "Sin Shun Pao." Judge Yen, the former president, has left Shanghai, and although the new president, Judge Nyi Shih-ching, was to have arrived in Shanghai on Thursday he failed to do so, having decided to interview a high official before coming here.

According to the reports sent to the acting president of the Chinese court, Judge Sun Chao, the robbers broke into the court late in the evening by climbing over the walls of the court. They went to the vaults and after breaking the door they bound a court official then in charge. At the point of a pistol, they asked him to be silent. They then ransacked the place removed all important articles and escaped.

Chang Sen-min, the chief official in charge of the vaults, and Ying Shin-cheng who was manhandled by the bandits and subsequently freed by his colleagues from his bonds, jointly made a report to the acting president. Upon hearing the report, the acting president made careful investigations and placed the two officials in charge of the vaults under custody.

A preliminary hearing has been held. The two suspected officials have been questioned by the chief prosecutor but no charge has yet been framed against them.

Air Raid Exercises in N.E.I. Organized

Batavia, June 13.

Extensive air raid trials to be carried out over a period of six months are being organized in the Netherlands East Indies. Many towns are busily perfecting their air defences.

An important railway centre in south Sumatra has now been included in the air raid scheme. Gas masks for fire brigades, special clothing and other equipment have been purchased. Next week a number of experts will go to the town to inspect the defences and confer with local authorities on steps to attain maximum efficiency.—Reuter.

Second $10,000 Given to V.W.F.

A second donation of $10,000 from the Noble Order of British Spitfires was made yesterday to the Voluntary War Fund to be earmarked for the purchase of Aircraft for His Majesty's Forces.

This second donation includes funds raised throughout North China generally and considerable success has been achieved by Mr. T. R. F. Waters, Tientsin, and his Committee in the promotion of the Order throughout the northern area, and also by Mr. Berthet of Tsingtao.

Fine Vouchers

The officers of the Order hope within a short time to make a further donation of $10,000 to the Voluntary War Fund for the same purpose and would like the public to know that they have available for the purpose of collecting fines on behalf of the Order. Fine Vouchers which can be obtained from the Hon. Secretary or Group Leaders; the idea being that if any Nob is asked to make payment of a fine, some tangible evidence that the fine has been levied and paid is available.

The Order has now enrolled throughout China some seven thousand members and hopes, to contribute monthly to War Funds by further enrolments, collection of fines and other activities.

Indian Fined For Sale Of Unlicensed Milk

After pleading guilty to two charges of selling milk without a licence, Amar Singh was fined a total of $375 and ordered to pay $100 as costs for prosecuting counsel in H.M. Police Court yesterday, presided over by Mr. C. H. Haines, H. M. Registrar.

Mr. G. H. Wright conducted the case for the Shanghai Municipal Council. The first charge was for selling milk without a licence on April 8 at Lane 50, House 20 Ward Road; the second charge was for each succeeding day up to May 28 at the same address. Amar Singh was fined $75 for the first offence and $5 for each subsequent offence over a period of 50 days; his fine on the second charge amounted to $250.

The accused asked for leniency declaring that he had been in Shanghai for 20 years and that yesterday was his first appearance in court. He claimed that he was uneducated and did not know it was wrong to sell milk without a licence.

The Registrar remarked that it was strange that the accused had not heard of the many previous cases brought up in court concerning Indians and dealing with the same offence. He gave the accused two weeks in which to pay his fine, failing which he would be sentenced to three months imprisonment.

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Adults	(Non-Swimmers)	Week-days	$1.00	Saturdays and Sundays	$1.50
Children	(Swimmers)	Week-days	$1.00	Saturdays and Sundays	$1.00
Children	(Non-Swimmers)	Week-days	$0.50	Saturdays and Sundays	$0.50
Monthly Ticket	$25	Season Ticket	$65	Group Ticket	$16

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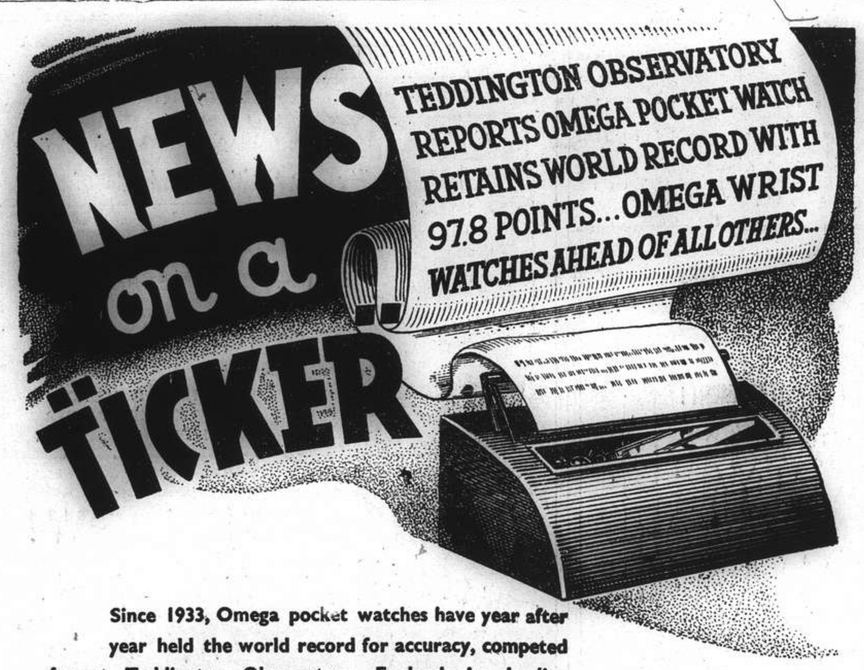
TO-DAY
5.30 p.m.
(12 Races)
and
To-Morrow—5.30 p.m.—CASH SWEEP
(12 Races)
(Rain or Shine)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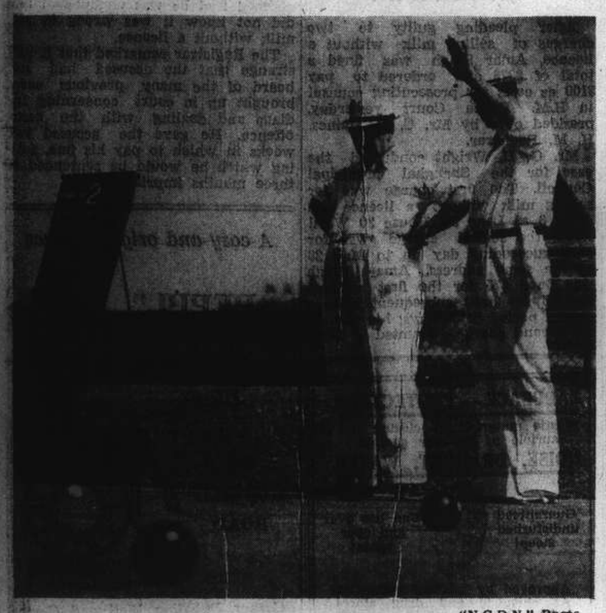
THE SPORTS PAGE



"N.C.D.N." Photo.

J.G.C. Skip Signals His No. 1

Two skips present an absorbed study in concentration ..... W. J. Monk, the President of the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Association and S.L.B.C. skip, is on the left. On the right is K.L. Swartzell, opposing skip to Monk, with arm upraised signalling to his No. 1. Swartzell's rink beat Monk's quartette for the only point scored by the J.G.C. in their match against the S.L.B.C. "Reds" on the opening day of the league.

Lowly Browns Spike Red Sox Advance in American League

New York, June 12.

THE Boston Red Sox booted a chance to move into second place in the American League when they divided a double-header today with the lowly St. Louis Browns.

The Browns piled up an early lead to take the opener, 9 to 4, but Boston managed to eke out a 3 to 2 win in the second half of the bargain bill.

The St. Louis club smashed through with five scores in the opening frame of the curtain-raiser, then added two tallies in the second and again in the fourth. A pair of singles four walks and an error contributed to the five-run rally. Hal Clift produced two runs in the fourth by getting a homer with one mate aboard.

In the second game, the Red Sox collected all of their runs in the first two innings. Hits were few and far between, with the Red Sox collecting six and the Browns seven.

Mackmen Set Tigers Back

With a three-run rally in the ninth, Connie Mack's Philadelphia A's came through with a 5 to 3 win over the Detroit Tigers.

The hero of the game was Nick Brancato, a new addition to the club, whose homer brought in the three runs. The lead changed hands four times during the game and the A's were trailing by one run when the last frame opened. The big inning for the Tigers was the seventh when two scores were pushed across the plate. Three hurlers saw service for the winners while John Gorsica and Alton Benton worked on the mound for the Tigers.

Yanks Hang on to Second Spot

Joe McCarthy's Yankees managed to stay in second place when they downed the Chicago White Sox, 3 to 2, in a ten-inning night game.

The Chicago club led until the ninth when the Yanks knotted the score and then lost out when the New Yorkers pushed over the necessary one run in the following inning. Chicago's ace hurler, Thornton Lee, worked on the mound the full route while Spurgeon Chandler and John Murphy handled the pitching assignment for the winners.

Reds, Giants Both Win

Bill McKechnie's Cincinnati Reds and the New York Giants continued their neck-and-neck race for third place in the National League race today when the Reds eked out a 1 to 0 win over the Boston Braves and the Giants took a 2 to 0 decision from the Chicago Cubs.

The Reds tallied in the opening inning of their game with Boston and thereafter both clubs were caught in one of the tightest hurling duels so far this year. Harry Craft singled to start the inning out. Frank McCormick drew a free pass to first, advancing Craft to second. Ernie Koy then pounded out a sharp single and Craft raced home with the winning run.

Paul Derringer went the full route for the Reds and held Boston to five safeties, while Johnson also hurled five-hit ball for Boston. The Reds made one error during the game, but it did no damage.

Bill Lee's Bad Innings

Bill Lee pitched six-hit ball for the Cubs while his mates were collecting eight hits off "King Carl" Hubbell, but Lee had two bad innings and the Giants won, 2 to 0. The Giants scored first in the opening inning when Dick Bartell and Norman Young drove out sharp singles, Mel Ott drew a free pass to first base and Harry Danning connected for a long fly which permitted Bartell to score. Lee settled down, however, and refused to give up any more runs in that inning.

In the fourth inning, Mel Ott again drew a free ticket to first and scored on Bill Lee's wild throw to second which rolled deep into field.

There were no other National League games scheduled for the day.

Box Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	4	11	1
St. Louis	9	9	1
(first game)			
Batteries: Dobson, Fleming, Dickman and Pytlak; R. Harris, Muncrief and Swift.			
Boston	3	6	1
St. Louis	2	7	2
(second game)			
Batteries: Johnson, Ryba and Peacock; Niggeling and Ferrell.			
Washington-Cleveland postponed because of rain.			
Philadelphia	5	11	1
Detroit	3	9	1
Batteries: Beckman, Marchildon, Harris and Hayes; Gorsica, Benton and Sullivan.			
New York	3	8	1
Chicago	2	9	0
Batteries: Chandler, Murphy and Rosar; Lee and Tresh.			

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Chicago	0	8	3
New York	2	6	2
Batteries: Lee and McCullough; Hubbell and Danning.			
Cincinnati	1	5	1
Boston	0	4	0
Batteries: Derringer and West; Johnson and Berres, Masi.			

Only two games were scheduled in National League.

Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.
Cleveland	36	20	.643
New York	30	22	.577
Boston	27	21	.563
Chicago	28	24	.538
Detroit	29	25	.537
Philadelphia	25	28	.472
St. Louis	17	33	.340
Washington	17	36	.321

NATIONAL LEAGUE

St. Louis	37	16	.698
Brooklyn	34	17	.667
New York	26	25	.510
Cincinnati	27	26	.509
Chicago	24	27	.471
Pittsburgh	20	25	.444
Boston	17	31	.354
Philadelphia	16	34	.320

—United Press.

Full Polo Schedule For This Afternoon

By "The Chaser"

The popularity of polo appears to be like the local stock market; one week it is abounding in interest with a large number of players clamouring for chukkers, while the very next week just sufficient players are available to draw up a week-end's programme. With sixteen names having been received by the Hon. Field Secretary, nine chukkers have been arranged for this afternoon's polo.

It is expected, however, that several pick-up chukkers will be held before and after the friendly matches. The pukka programme will commence at 5.30 p.m. with a two chukker tussle and if everthing proceeds as planned the last should be played at 6.50 p.m. All this, of course, depends on the weather, as at the time of writing the sky is rather overcast, with rain threatening at any minute.

Americans Out in Full Force

The American players will be out in full force to practice for the annual classic, the British Cup, which will be played on the traditional American holiday, July 4, Independence Day. At the moment it appears that this match will fall short of its usual high standard as at the present time there is just a bare handful of players who are really up to match standard.

Some good polo should be seen this afternoon as the programme of nine chukkers consists almost entirely of experienced players; the low handicapped players not having sent their names in. The first match, commencing at 5.30 p.m., between a "Red" team consisting of R. Moller, E. Moller, Sprague and A. V. White, and a "White" unit comprising of Allman, Kops, Lacks, C. Moller. These two teams appear to be evenly matched and in view of this two hard fought chukkers should be seen.

Another match of interest will be the two-chukker encounter at 6 p.m.; Red (Culbertson, Franklin, Moore and Clark) and White (R. Moller, E. Moller, Sprague and H. A. White.

Full Schedule and Teams

The schedule and teams for this afternoon follow:—

4.30 to 5.30 p.m.—(Pick-up Chukkers).
5.30 p.m.—(Two Chukkers).
Reds:—R. Moller, E. Moller, Sprague, A. V. White.
Whites:—Allman, Kops, Lacks, C. Moller.
5.50 p.m.—(One Chukker).
Reds:—Culbertson, Franklin, Moore, Laidlaw.
Whites:—Allman, Lacks, C. Moller, Pote-Hunt.
6.00 p.m.—(Two Chukkers).
Reds:—Culbertson, Franklin, Moore, Clark.
Whites:—R. Moller, E. Moller, Sprague, H. A. White.
6.20 p.m.—(One Chukker).
Reds:—Kops, Lacks, C. Moller, Pote-Hunt.
Whites:—R. Moller, E. Moller, A. V. White, Striker.
6.30 p.m.—(Two Chukkers).
Reds:—Allman, Kops, Lacks, C. Moller.
Whites:—Culbertson, Franklin, Moore, Clark.
6.50 p.m.—(One Chukker).
Reds:—R. Moller, E. Moller, H. A. White, Striker.
Whites:—Culbertson, Franklin, Clark, Laidlaw.
7.00 p.m.—(Until Dusk—Pick up Chukkers).

The Cooper Battery Proves Effective

Back in the day when they were young boys playing catch, Morton and Walker Cooper had a burning desire to be a major league brother battery. That ambition is being realized this season with Morton pitching and Walker catching for the St. Louis Cadinals.

Last Jan. 1, the brothers promised in a New Year's resolution to win 20 or more games during 1941.

In the second game of the season, Cooper and Cooper made an auspicius start toward that goal wheeling through to a 5-hit, 4-to-2 triumph over the world champion Cincinnati Reds. Mort twirled his second victory Sunday, beating the Chicago Cubs 8-4, but he was caught by Gus Mancuso. Walker took a rest after catching in nine of the Red Birds' 11 tilts.

Walker, the "kid brother," moved up from Columbus late last year and the Coopers promptly teamed up to conclude the season with 11⅓ innings of shutout ball. That's nothing new for them.

"The records speak for themselves," Morton asserted. "We played together in 1938 with Houston of the Texas League. I pitched a stretch of 34 innings of shutout baseball. Walker caught me in nearly every inning."

Mort was whisked in by the Cardinals following that successful season with Houston. Walker, however, went to Asheville for some important batting lessons. How well he learned was shown last year at Columbus where he batted .302 in 131 games and was voted one of the three most valuable players in the American Association. His current batting average is .333.

"We never stopped practice between seasons," Mort confided. "We knew that some day we'd do our stuff together. Many an imaginary batter was whiffed during those sessions. We'll do our best to knock off the real ones this season."

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Unfortunately It Didn't Connect!

Graceful but ineffective ..... Margaret Wunder of Moller's Softball team, takes a full-blooded swing in the approved style. Not according to Hoyle, however, was the fact that the ball continued on its uninterrupted flight straight into catcher Chernoff's hands. The occasion was the clash between the W.S.S. Reds and Moller's.

Amateurs-Marines Clash Today Marks Opening of Ball Season

SHANGHAI baseball fans will have an opportunity to see their favourite sport again as the local baseball season gets off to a start today with the Shanghai Amateurs scheduled to clash with the Second Battalion of the Fourth Marines in a game that should be a criterion as to the respective strengths of the two teams. The game is set to start at 3.45 p.m.

Prior to the start of the contest, Mr. James Nichols, Chairman of the American Chamber of Commerce, will officiate at the flag raising ceremony when the pennant, won by the Shanghai Amateurs last season, will be unfurled to announce the official opening of the local season.

Meanwhile, to-morrow, the First Battalion is scheduled to meet the Headquarters Orphans. The schedule this season has been so arranged that each team will meet the others four times and it has been announced that there will be no double-headers except when postponements make it necessary to finish up the league fixtures.

All Starting Times

All week-end games are set to start at 3.45 p.m. while games which are set to be played off on Wednesdays will commence at 3.30 p.m. when two marine nines are scheduled to meet each other while should the Amateurs play during those days, the game will be played at 5.30 p.m.

Despite the fact that the line-ups of the Amateurs and Marines have not been announced, it is believed that the Amateurs will use either Joe Honeycutt or Al Heubner on the mound while Buster Kabbert will most likely be at the receiving end.

Best Backstop in Shanghai

The Second Battalion will definitely use "Bull" Mertes behind the plate as he is said to be the best backstop in Shanghai while there is a possibility that Pack will take on the mound duties for the Second.

The Amateurs will probably field the same infield they used in copping the title last season. Bill Fielden on first, Jimmy Ward at the keystone sack, Bill Lamneck on short and Owen Krause on third.

Full Complement of Umpires

It has also been announced that a full complement of umpires have been trained by Lieutenant Mann and there will be no dearth of officials as three umpires will be used in each game.

Patron and membership tickets can be obtained at the ball park at $40 and $20 respectively.

Meiji University Holds On to Second Place

Tokyo, June 10.

The Meiji University nine kept firm hold on second place in the Tokyo Big Six University Baseball League by overcoming a two-run deficit in the last half of the ninth inning, winning over Keio 6 to 5 at the Meiji Shrine Stadium.

Meiji scored all of her six runs in the eighth and ninth frames. In the second game of the double-header, Hosei defeated St. Paul's by 3 to 0. —Domei.

New Pole Vault Record

Compton, California, June 10.

Cornelius Warmerdam cleared 15 feet 5¾ inches for a new record last night. The official world mark is 14 feet 11 inches by Earl Meadows and Bill Sefton in 1937.—Reuter.

Probable Starters For New Derby

London, June 13.

Following is the latest list of probable jockeys and starters for the New Derby to be run at Newmarket on June 18:—

Guerdley (Jones); Mazarin (Bartlam); Devonian (Perryman); Selim Hassan (Beary); Valdavian (Herbert); Starwort (Taylor); Firozedin (Stephenson); Annatom (A. Wragg); Morogoro (Harry Wragg); Owen Tudor (Nevett); Sun Castle (Beasley); Orthodox (D. Smith); Sun Ray (Mullins); Ptolemy (E. Smith); Camperdown (Lowrey); Lambert Simnel (Elliot); Fairy Prince (Lane); Thoroughfare (A. Wragg); Chateau la Rose (Carey); Sunny Island (Cliff Richards); Royal Academy (——); Sollum (——); Single Court (——).

Doubtful Runners:—Mister Sawyer (Gomez); Fettes (——).—Reuter.

G.O. Allen Stars With Ball

London, June 10.

G. O. Allen, former England captain, took eight wickets for 28 runs for Eton Ramblers versus a strong Forty Club side at Lord's yesterday, clean bowling seven.

The Forty Club was out for 83, but the Ramblers had time to score only 18 for three. The match was drawn. —Reuter.

Hitting Is New Problem Browns Are Now Facing

If it isn't one thing, it's another with Manageer Fred Haney and his unpredictable Browns, who were expected to be the dark horse of the American League.

Last year the team's pitching was sour.

This year Haney's hitters have gone back on him.

And the result is the same—the Browns are far behind in the race for the pennant.

Haney said he wasn't concerned because he still thought the Browns were a good club.

But, he added, "Of course, I'm unnappy. Who wouldn't be?

"I can't kick about our pitching. It's all right. Good enough to win most of our games.

"But what can a pitcher do with a row of knot holes stacked against him?

"How can we win with all our men stranded on base?"

Haney has tried everything, even benching slumping Rip Radcliff, who led the league in hitting most of last season. Slugger Walter Judnich is batting about .230, Harlond Clift .270 and George McQuinn .290.

Dropped Four Straight

In one stretch the Browns dropped four straight by the margin of one run. In each game the club had men on base at strategic times, but hits in the clutch—the ones that win—were not forthcoming.

Haney feels that bad weather had much to do in frustrating his men at the plate.

The spring training tour wound up with one postponed game after another. The first week of the season the Browns played only twice because of inclement weather.

At this stage they have played fewer games than any other team in either league.

"We're a good club," Haney argued. "When we get the hitting ironed out we'll be back in the race.

"I don't know what to do except wait it out. The fellows whom I depended upon to come through day after day at the plate have fallen off the most.

"All I can say now is don't sell a good club short. Those boys are going to start hitting—I hope...."

Dodgers Cut Squad

The Brooklyn Dodgers have released third-string catcher Angelo Giuliani under option to Minneapolis of the American Association. This left the club one over the 25-player limit.

Chinese Soccer Team Wins Again

Sydney, June 10.

Gaining their second straight triumph, the Chinese soccer tourists from Hongkong yesterday beat the Northern Districts by five goals to three. In their first match they beat a South Coast by four goals to two. —Reuter.

MacFayden Dropped

Danny MacFayden has been given his unconditional release from the Washington Nats. Signed as a free agent last winter after being released by the Pittsburgh Pirates, MacFayden had pitched 11 relief innings for the Senators this season and was charged with one defeat. He said he expected to sign with another American League club.

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142 Museum Road Tel. 17100
Note Times of Performance!
4 SHOWS TO-DAY!
At 2, 4.30, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
"THE THIEF OF BAGDAD"
in Magic TECHNICOLOR!
Conrad VEIDT SABU June DUPREZ
—ADMISSION PRICES—
$1, $1.30, $1.60

Air-Cooled and Air Conditioned
GOLDEN GATE THEATRE
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Admission: $0.80, $1, $1.30
Two Romantic And Glamorous Personalities In A Great Story!
EXCITINGLY TOGETHER!

The Scarlett O'Hara of "Gone With The Wind" and the star of "Rebecca" and "Wuthering Heights"!
Special Morning Matinee At 10.30, Sunday.
Ronald Colman in
"A TALE OF TWO CITIES"
Admission: 70 cts., Any Seat

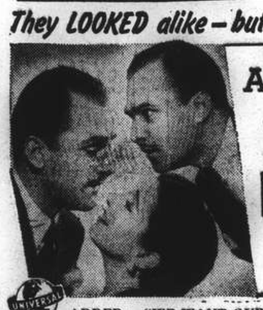
UPTOWN TEL. 36484
FOUR SHOWS TO-DAY
At 2.30, 5, 7 and 9.15 p.m.
Mystery Defying All Solution!
Thrills Defying All Comparison!
First Run in Shanghai!
PART ONE "THE GREEN ARCHER"
VICTOR JORY IRIS MEREDITH
Sunday Morning Show at 10.30 a.m.
FREDRIC MARCH "THE BUCCANEER"

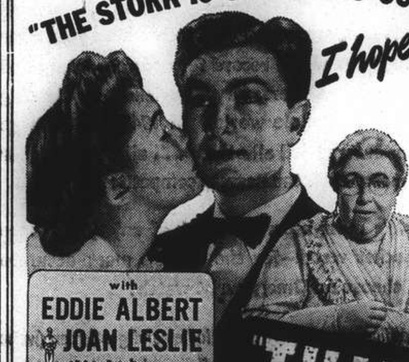
DOUMER TEL. 70795
Last 4 Shows, 2.30, 5, 7, 9.15
60 cts., $1, $1.30 (Res.)
One of the Ten Best by New York Critics
"STAGECOACH"
Clair Trevor—Thomas Mitchell
Dramatic Characterization of 7 Lives in the Thrilling Frontier Days
To-morrow: "LAST DAYS OF POMPEII"
Basil Rathbone—Preston Foster
To-morrow Morning, 10.30 60 cts. WALT DISNEY'S CARTOONS
Mickey Mouse, Donald Duck, etc.

PARC DES SPORTS (AUDITORIUM)
HAI-ALAI
TO-DAY 8.00
(No Matinee)
TO-MORROW—MATINEE and SOIREE

TO-DAY — SIMULTANEOUSLY!
—AIR-COOLED AND AIR-CONDITIONED—
CATHAY-GRAND
TEL. 73757 TEL. 32223
At 3.00, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m. * At 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
JOIN THIS JOYOUS TRIO WHERE REVELRY RULES DOWN IN RIO!

1941's great glamour-musical IN TECHNICOLOR!
Alice FAYE • Don AMECHE
Carmen MIRANDA
"THAT NIGHT IN RIO"
with S. Z. SAKALL, J. CARROL NAISH, CURT BOIS, LEONID KINSKEY
HIT SONGS: "I'Yi, Yi, Yi, Yi" "CHICA, CHICA, BOOM, CHIC" "BOA NOITE" "THEY MET IN RIO" "THE BARON IS IN CONFERENCE" by Mack Gordon & Harry Warren
COME EARLY!
RESERVATIONS: Can Only Be Held Till Two Hours Before the Show Starts!

—AIR-COOLED AND AIR-CONDITIONED—
NANKING TELEPHONE 84133
TO-DAY ONLY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
They LOOKED alike—but didn't make LOVE alike!

BRIAN AHERNE KAY FRANCIS
in The MAN WHO LOST HIMSELF
with HENRY STEPHENSON, S.Z. SAKALL, NILS ASTHER, SARAH PADDEN, DOROTHY TREE
ADDED: "WE WANT OUR MUMMY"—Comedy "GOING PLACES"

OPENS TO-MORROW!
"THE STORK IS COMING TO OUR HOUSE... I hope!"

Eddie and Joan go stork-hunting for a million dollar baby... with 50% off for immediate delivery! It's the maddest, merriest maternity marathon the movies have ever made!
with EDDIE ALBERT, JOAN LESLIE (Mrs. Jules) JANE DARWELL, ALAN HALE, WILLIAM T. ORR, JOHN LITEL
Directed by RAY ENRIGHT
A WARNER BROS.-First Nat'l Picture
Screen Play by Charles Grayson and Ben Markson
From a Play by Irving Gaumont and Jack Sobel
"THIEVES FALL OUT"

METROPOL TELEPHONE 93322
NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
HERE THEY ARE! THE GREATEST PICTURES DISNEY EVER MADE! COMBINED! IN ONE BIG FEAST OF GLORIOUS ENTERTAINMENT!
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ROXY TEL. 60727
TO-DAY! at 2.30 and 8 p.m.
DAVID O. SELZNICK'S production of MARGARET MITCHELL'S story of the Old South
"GONE WITH THE WIND"
IN TECHNICOLOR
starring CLARK GABLE as Rhett Butler
LESLIE HOWARD
OLIVIA de HAVILLAND
and presenting VIVIEN LEIGH as Scarlett O'Hara
A SELZNICK INTERNATIONAL PICTURE
Directed by VICTOR FLEMING
A METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER Release
ALL SEATS RESERVED!
Prices: $2.50, 3.30, 4.30 & 6.60 (incl. tax)

Shanghai Stock Exchange Official Weekly Share Report with Opening Quotations, June 13, 1941

REPORT No. 23/1941 for week ending June 13 (Friday), compiled by the Shanghai Stock Exchange

Comparative Opening Cash Prices. Quotations in Chinese Dollars unless otherwise stated • H'kong $								Business Recorded During Week Closing Friday		STOCKS	Authorised Capital (No. of Shares)	Issued Capital (No. of Shares)	Paid up Value (or Face Value)	Fin. Year ends	Last Dividends, etc.	Paid or due	Business Done Year 1940		Business Done Year 1941		Total No. of Shares Done for		Total Amount of Sales Reported	
This Friday Morning June 13, 1941				Last Friday Morning June 6, 1941																			
Buyers	Sellers	Last Sales	Nom.	Buyers	Sellers	Last Sales	Nom.	Highest	Lowest								Highest	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Last Week	This Week	1940	13-6-41
										Banks, Finance Companies														
21½	22.00	22.00	.....	18.00	18½	18.30	.....	22½	18.90	Central Properties, Ltd.	4,000,000	180,000	$10	Dec.	Fin. $1.50 (Mkr $3.50 a/c 1940)	28-2-41	25½ May	12 May	22½ June	17.00 Feb	800	12,100	138,950	44,350
.....	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	China Bond & Shares Co., Fed. Inc., U.S.A.	200,000	134,000	$10	Dec.	Fin. 6 % (Mkg. 12 % a/c 1940)	10-3-41	12 Mar	12 Mar	.....	.....	.....	500	.....	.....
1.16	1.20	1.20	.....	1.18	1.22	1.20	.....	1.20	1.18	China Finance Corp, Fed. Inc., U.S.A.	400,000	400,000	T5	Dec.	Div. $0.07½ a/c 1940	15-3-41	3.60 Jan	65 May	1.60 Jan	0.90 Feb	4,000	10,000	1,511,910	180,600
.....	.....	1,315.00	.....	.....	.....	1,315.00	.....	.....	.....	Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corp.	400,000	160,000	H$125	Dec.	Fin. $2-10-0 (Mkg. $5-0-0 Less T/T a/c 1940)	26-2-41	1,520 Apr	975 June	1,415 Feb	1,312½ May	.....	560	.....	161
25.00	25½	25.00	.....	23½	24½	23½	.....	25½	23½	Inter. Invest. Trust Co. of China, Ltd.	2,000,000	525,000	T10	Mar.	Fin. $3.25 (Mkg. $5.00 a/c 1940-41)	12 5 41	39½ May	8.60 May	32 Jan	18.00 Feb	8 800	27,950	5,683,798	2,518,558
18.80	....	18.90	.....	18.30	....	18.30	.....	19.30	18.20	Shanghai Loan & Investment Co., Ltd.	700,000	350,000	T5	Dec.	Fin $2.00 (Mkg. $4.00 a/c 1940)	7 2 41	41½ May	10.40 May	49½ Jan	15.40 Feb	18 500	7,000	4,426,063	3,358,800
.....	.....	5.95	.....	5.85	5.95	5.95	.....	5.95	5.90	Shanghai Securities, Ltd.	4,000,000	925,000	$5	Dec.	Int. $1.25 a/c 1941	26-5 41	8.50 May	3.00 May	21.00 May	21.00 May	1.800	.....	.....	2,010
.....	.....	21.00	.....	.....	.....	21	.....	.....	.....	Union Mobiliere	100,000	100,000	$20	Dec.	6 % a/c 1940	5-5 41	.....	.....	22 Jan	13.20 Feb	11,500	51,300	1,901,308	2,255,055
16.60	16.80	16.60	.....	15.70	15.90	15.80	.....	17.00	15.90	Yangtsze Finance Co., Ltd.	2,000,000	617,500	T10	Mar.	Fin. $2.25 (Mkg. $3.25 a/c 1940-41)	12-5-41	24½ Apr	7.05 June						
										Insurances														
29.00	.....	.....	200	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	American-Asiatic Underwriters (ord.)	75,000	75,000	T10	Dec.	Div. $1.40, a/c 1939	▪ 8-40	26 Sept	5 Jan	.....	.....	.....	1,431	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	90	.....	.....	.....	200	.....	.....	Asia Life Insurance Co.	100,000	40,000	*U.S. $5	Dec.	Div. 10 % = G $0.50, a/c 1940	12-5-41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	90	.....	.....	.....	90	.....	.....	Assurance Franco-Asiatique	70,000	70,000	F100	Dec.	Div. 5 %, 1938	10-5-39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26.00	.....	26.00	.....	26.00	.....	26.00	.....	26.00	25½	International Assurance Co., Ltd.	933,333	280,000	10/-	Dec.	Div. $0.30, 1933 (Nil 1939)	18-5-34	19.70 May	8.90 Jan	31½ Jan	19 Feb	.....	567	1,024,376	24,408
.....	.....	410.00	.....	.....	.....	410.00	.....	.....	.....	Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd.	200,000	135,000	$6	Dec.	Fin. 12/6 (Mkg. 25/- a/c 1940)	Pending	520 Apr	345 July	440.00 Apr	400.00 Jan	25	.....	1,379	603
										Lands														
.....	.....	.....	200	.....	.....	.....	200	.....	.....	Anglo-French Land Invest. Co., Ltd.	25,000	19,335	T100	Feb.	Fin. $8.00 (Mkg. $10.00 a/c 1940-41)	4-4-41	200 Jan	200 Jan	175 Mar	175 Mar	.....	.....	100	23
2.50	.....	2.50	.....	2.30	2.50	2.40	.....	2.50	2.50	Cathay Land Co., Ltd.	500,000	480,374	T10	Dec.	Final 2 % = $0.28 (Mkg. 6 % 1933) (Nil 1939)	5-5-34	5.10 Feb	1.70 Nov	2.50 June	2 Jan	.....	1,000	38,150	19,450
.....	11.00	10.90	.....	9.90	10.10	9.90	.....	11.50	10.10	China Realty Co. Fed. Inc., U.S.A.	1,250,000	890,000	$10	Dec.	Int. $0.50 a/c 1941	10-6-41	10.90 Jan	6.30 Oct	11.50 June	8.00 Feb	12,600	36,160	3,471,916	862,219
310	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	300	.....	.....	Fonciere et Immobiliere de Chine	20,000	20,000	T100	Dec.	Int. $15.00 a/c 1941	29-5-41	275 Feb	275 Feb	.....	.....	.....	.....	605	.....
13.00	14.00	12.00	.....	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	Metropolitan Land Co., Ltd. "A"	500,000	39,800	T10	Sept	Fin. $1.00 (Mkg. $1.40 a/c 1939-40)	10-12-40	15.70 Feb	9 Jan	13.00 Feb	12 Mar	500	.....	119,666	1,500
13.00	14.00	12.00	.....	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	do. "B"		155,018	T10	Sept	Fin. $1.00 (Mkg. $1.40 a/c 1939-40)	10-12-40								
9.00	.....	.....	.....	9.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	San Sing Properties, Ltd.	2,000,000	895,007	$7	Mar.	Int. Div. $0.60 a/c 1939 (Final Nil) (Nil 1939-40)	23-12-38	10.00 Nov	7.50 Oct	6.00 Jan	6.00 Feb	.....	.....	45,500	5,000
15.00	15.10	14.80	.....	13.90	14.10	14.00	.....	15.70	14.10	Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd.	2,386,800	2,386,800	($7) T5	Dec.	Div. 6 % a/c 1940	22-4-41	20½ Feb	8.80 May	15.80 Jan	10.50 Feb	68,350	76,350	4,007,822	1,616,328
.....	F.R.B.	320	.....	.....	F.R.B.	320	.....	.....	.....	Tientsin Land Investment Co., Ltd.	120,000	64,281	$50	Dec.	Int. F.R.B. $2.00 a/c 1941	16-5-41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
										Docks, Wharves and Transport														
12.10	12.20	12.20	.....	11.90	12.00	11.90	.....	12.30	11.90	Asia Navigation Co., Ltd.	10,000,000	3,000,000	$10	Dec.	.....	.....	.....	.....	12.80 May	10.80 Apr	166,700	200,450	.....	1,640,190
24½	24½	24½	.....	25½	25½	25½	.....	25½	24½	Shanghai Dockyards, Ltd.	2,000,000	1,125,000	$10	Sept	Int. $1.00 a/c 1940-41	Pending	75 May	19.10 June	38½ Jan	23½ May	69,350	38,350	7,454,687	2,413,111
.....	430.00	425.00	.....	.....	.....	425	.....	.....	.....	Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co., Ltd.	80,000	60,000	T100	Dec.	Fin. $33.00 (Mkg. $60.00 a/c 1940)	19-3-41	560 May	267 Jan	475 Feb	425.00 May	.....	.....	8,947	1,589
97.00	97½	96½	.....	95½	96	94½	.....	98½	95.00	Wheelock & Co., Ltd.	1,000,000	478,720	T10	Mar.	2nd Int. $5.00 (Mkg. $10.00 a/c 1940-41)	31-3-41	272 Apr	38 July	118½ Apr	78.00 Feb	52,500	58,850	2,960,262	2,309,448
										Utilities														
14.60	14.80	14.60	.....	14.80	14.90	14.80	.....	14.80	14.40	China General Omnibus Co., Ltd.	500,000	200,000	T10	Dec.	Fin. Div. $0.70 (Mkg. $1.26 a/c 1938) (Nil 1939)	20-4-39	37 May	15 June	22½ Jan	13.30 Feb	2,285	2,700	844,221	183,240
13.00	.....	13.90	.....	.....	13.10	13.10	.....	13.30	13.00	Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd.	700,000	700,000	$10	Dec.	Div. $0.80 a/c 1940	4-4-41	37 May	12.30 Jan	21½ Jan	12.80 May	900	2,650	631,129	180,791
30½	31½	30½	.....	.....	32.00	31½	.....	31½	30.00	Shanghai Telephone Company Fed. Inc. U.S.A.	2,000,000	1,151,420	$10	Dec.	Div. $0.75 a/c 1940	15-1-41	55 May	23 Jan	43½ Jan	29½ May	400	3,360	1,624,952	155,056
.....	.....	40.00	.....	.....	.....	40.00	.....	38.00	38.00	S'hai Electric Construction Co., Ltd. "Reg."	700,000	670,000	$1	Dec.	Div. 2 % a/c 1940 Coupon 58	29-4-41	54 Apr	41½ Oct	45 Jan	38.00 June	20	35	13,829	2,750
41½	.....	42½	.....	41½	42.00	41½	.....	42½	41.00	do. "Bear"							69½ May	40 June	51 Jan	41.00 June	1,810	2,150	328,640	65,700
.....	.....	920.00	.....	920.00	.....	920.00	.....	.....	.....	S'hai Waterworks Co., Ltd. "A"	40,236	40,236	$20	Dec.	Fin. 26/- (Mkg. 31/2 a/c 1940)	27-3-41	1,250 May	797 Aug	920.00 June	750 Mar	20	.....	1,160	944
.....	.....	39.00	.....	.....	.....	39.00	.....	.....	.....	do. "B"	359,280	{108,505	$1	Dec.	Fin. 10.8d (Mkg. 1/1.9 a/c 1940)	27-3-41	46 Feb	32½ Jan	40 May	30 Mar	75	.....	1,980	3,087
.....	.....	39½	.....	.....	.....	39½	.....	39½	39½	do. "C"		{250,000	$1	Dec.	Fin. 1/1.9 (Mkg. 1/3.6 a/c 1940)	27-3-41	50 Mar	32½ Jan	42 May	30 Mar	100	20	8,815	2,304
										Miscellaneous														
27.00	.....	.....	.....	28.00	.....	26.00	.....	.....	.....	Auto Palace Co., Ltd.	150,000	118,500	$8	Dec.	Int. $2.00 a/c 1941	13-6-41	24 Dec	16 Jan	26½ Mar	25 Feb	.....	.....	11,255	6,710
19.00	.....	19.00	.....	.....	.....	16.20	.....	19.00	19.00	Bakerite Co., Fed. Inc., U.S.A. "B"	50,000	49,703	$10	Dec.	Tax. Div. $2.50 on record 31/12/40	10-3-41	24 May	15.50 Oct	19.00 June	*16.00 Apr	.....	100	5,245	365
44.00	.....	47½	.....	44.00	.....	40.00	.....	.....	.....	Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co., Ltd. (ord.)	200,000	140,000	T10	Dec.	Div. $2.50 a/c 1940	12-11-40	38 Apr	18 Jan	47½ June	40 Mar	.....	100	13,928	200
50½	51.00	51.00	.....	44½	45.00	44½	.....	53.00	45½	China Import & Export Lumber Co., Ltd.	500,000	231,803	T10	Feb.	Div. $6.50 a/c 1940-41	16-5-41	81 May	30 May	61.00 Jan	41½ Feb	6,800	42,740	741,234	560,266
.....	40.00	39.00	.....	38½	40.00	39.00	.....	38½	38½	Chinese Eng. & Mining Co., Ltd. "Bearer"	2,000,000	1,960,000	£1	June	Div. 9d. a/c 1939-40 Coupon 47	1-4-41	84 May	35½ Oct	57 Jan	36.00 May	1,600	100	158,146	47,000
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Chosen Corporation, Ltd.	750,000	725,000	£1	June	Div. 1/-(Mkg. 1/9d. 1937) Less Tax (Nil 1939)	15-1-35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	37.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	35.00	35.00	Cuity Dairy Co. Ltd.	40,000	40,000	T10	Dec.	Div. $2.50 a/c 1940	8-4-41	44 May	35 Aug	37 Feb	35.00 May	.....	40	5,432	300
20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Champ de Course: French	30,000	30,000	$20	Dec.	Div. $4.50 a/c 1934 (Nil 1939)	1-3-35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15	.....	.....	non-French	.....	.....	.....	Dec.	Div. $4.50 a/c 1934 (Nil 1939)	1-3-35	15 Sept	15 Sept	.....	.....	.....	30	.....	.....
6.75	6.80	6.75	.....	6.75	.....	6.75	15	6.85	6.70	Ewo Breweries, Ltd.	4,000,000	1,400,000	$5	Dec.	Div. $0.25 a/c 1940	22-4-41	8.25 Dec	6.50 Nov	9.50 Jan	6.15 May	33,900	36,200	1,774,305	2,616,170
24½	.....	.....	.....	33.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Hall & Holtz, Ltd.	28,000	26,342	$20	Feb.	Div. 15 % = $3, a/c 1940-41	29-5-41	34 Aug	25 Feb	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,532	.....
.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	Hongkong & Shanghai Hotels, Ltd.	1,500,000	1,193,867	H $7.50	Dec.	Div. Hk. $0.25 a/c 1940	16-4-41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	11	.....	.....	.....	11	.....	.....	Kelly & Walsh Ltd.	75,000	45,000	$10	Feb.	Fin. $0.50 a/c 1940-41	19-2-41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29½	29½	29½	.....	28½	29.00	29.00	.....	30.00	28½	Metal Industries of China, Ltd.	2,000,000	500,000	$5	Dec.	Fin. $5.00 (Mkg $7.00 a/c 1940)	24-3-41	55 May	17.10 June	36½ Jan	24½ Apr	38,800	58,400	3,900,210	2,510,753
.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	Millington, Ltd.	300,000	110,000	$4	Dec.	Fin. 5 % = $0.60 (Mkg. $0.80 a/c 1940)	6-5-41	8.00 Mar	6.00 Sept	6.00 Mar	6.00 Mar	.....	.....	2,095	2,095
.....	.....	.....	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Moutrie & Co., Ltd.	10,000	9,970	$50	Mar.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	250
.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	Office Appliance Co., Ltd.	80,000	60,000	T8.50	Dec.	Div. $1.00 a/c 1939	26-6-40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4.80	4.85	4.85	.....	4.80	4.85	4.80	.....	4.90	4.80	Paper Industries Ltd.	5,000,000	1,320,000	$5	Dec.	Int. $0.25 a/c 1941	9-6-41	.....	.....	5.50 Mar	4.20 Apr	14,300	24,250	.....	1,450,250
24½	24½	24½	.....	23.00	23½	23.00	.....	25.00	23.00	S'hai Exploration & Development Co., Ltd.	1,200,000	860,039	T2.50	Dec.	Fin. $1.20 (Mkg. $2.40 a/c 1940)	21-4-41	34 May	8.80 Jan	30½ Apr	18.50 Apr	48,750	151,200	9,922,252	4,383,315
.....	.....	2.25	.....	.....	.....	2.25	.....	2.20	2.20	S'hai Waterworks Fittings Co., Ltd.	500,000	301,765	T1	Dec.	Div. 15 % a/c 1940	1-5-41	4.35 Apr	1.90 Jan	2.50 April	2.20 June	.....	900	20,478	6,165
.....	.....	14.00	.....	.....	.....	13.00	.....	14.00	14.00	Union Brewery, Ltd.	500,000	200,000	T10	Dec.	Div. $1.25, a/c 1933 (Nil 1939)	27-5-34	10.80 Apr	4.25 Mar	14.40 Jan	9.00 Jan	.....	200	2,000	32,325	32,500
										Bonds and Preferences														
.....	.....	100.00	.....	.....	.....	100	.....	.....	.....	American-Asiatic Underwriters Cum. Pref. 8 %	5,000	5,000	T100	Dec.	4 % for ½ year ended 30 June 1940	29-6-40	120 Sept	85 Apr	100.00 May	100.00 May	.....	.....	262	197
.....	.....	.....	120	.....	.....	.....	120	.....	.....	do. Cum. Pref. 7 %	7,500	7,500	T100	Dec.	3½ = $4.89 for ½ year ended 31-3-41	31-3-41	115 Aug	75 Feb	.....	.....	.....	320	.....	.....
17.00	.....	17.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	17.00	17.00	Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co., Ltd. 8 % cum. pref	100,000	80,000	T10	Dec.	Div. 8 % = $1.12 for 1939	30-4-40	15 July	15 July	17.00 June	13½ May	300	1,100	950	1,475
.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	Ch. Finance Corp. Fed. Inc. U.S.A. (Pref.) 8 %	600,000	205,125	T5	Dec.	Quarterly Div. Tls. 0.10 = $0.14, 1938	30-12-33	2.00 Dec	2.00 Dec	.....	.....	.....	.....	150	.....
.....	.....	180.00	.....	.....	180.00	180.00	.....	.....	.....	Ewo Cotton Mills, Ltd. 8 % cum. pref	10,000	9,000	T100	Dec.	Div. Tls. 8 = $11.19, 1939	2-5-40	160 May	160 May	180.00 Feb	180.00 Feb	.....	.....	221	86
134.00	.....	134½	.....	133½	.....	133½	.....	134½	133½	S'hai Power Co. Tls. 6 cum. Pref. stock	230,000	220,000	T100	Dec.	2nd qr. Div. Tls. 1.50(Mkg. Tls. 3.00 a/c 1941)	Pending	138½ Sept	120 May	134½ June	128 Feb	1,133	1,200	38,530	12,875
.....	.....	.....	73	.....	.....	.....	73	.....	.....	Shanghai Tug & Lighter Co., Ltd., 7 % pref	10,000	10,000	T50	Dec.	3½ % (Mkg. 7% a/c 1940)	28-3-41	.....	.....	61½ Mar	59.00 Apr	.....	.....	.....	39
.....	.....	13.70	.....	.....	.....	13.70	.....	.....	.....	S'hai Waterworks Co., Ltd. 7 % cum. pref.	100,000	100,000	T10	Dec.	3½ = $0.49 for half year ended 30-6-40	27-9-40	15 May	13½ Apr	13.70 Mar	13.70 Mar	.....	.....	2,400	450
.....	.....	13.50	.....	.....	.....	13.70	.....	13.50	13.50	do. 6½ % cum. pref.	100,000	100,000	T10	Dec.	3½ = $0.45 for half year ended 30-6-40	27-9-40	14.20 Sept	13.50 Oct	13.70 May	13½ Feb	.....	375	7,340	2,445
										Cottons														
35.00	35½	35½	.....	34½	35.00	34½	.....	35½	34½	Ewo Cotton Mills, Ltd., Ordinary	2,000,000	1,687,500	T5	Dec.	Fin. $4.50 (Mkg. $6.00 a/c 1940)	7-5 41	82 May	27 July	53 Jan	33.00 May	24,595	57,301	6,433,028	3,237,165
7.60	.....	7.70	.....	7.55	.....	7.60	.....	7.75	7.60	New China Textile Co., Ltd.	2,000,000	1,440,600	$5	Dec.	Fin. $0.75 a/c 1940	28-3 41	9.80 Oct	6.10 Oct	10.30 Jan	5.40 May	19,700	7,600	2,566,275	1,641,386
.....	.....	257.00	.....	.....	259	260.00	.....	257.00	257.00	Shanghai Cotton Mfg. Co., Ltd.	240,000	240,000	$50	Apr.	Fin. $7.50 (Mkg. $15.00 a/c 1940-41)	30-5-41	244 May	154 Oct	265 May	185 Feb	100	200	7,850	6,527
.....	5.15	5.10	.....	.....	5	5.05	.....	5.20	5.05	Shanghai Worsted Mill, Ltd.	1,000,000	1,000,000	$5	Mar.	Div. $0.25 a/c 1940-41	Pending	7.35 Dec	6.60 Dec	7.35 Jan	4.75 April	12,695	10,000	684,455	940,328
.....	.....	90.00	.....	.....	.....	90.00	.....	.....	.....	Tung Yih Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd.	400,000	255,000	$10	Dec.	Div. $7.50 & Bonus $7.50 a/c 1940	12-3-41	33½ Dec	30 Aug	105 Feb	90.00 Jan	.....	.....	170	556
.....	.....	70.00	.....	.....	.....	70.00	.....	.....	.....	Zoong Sing Cotton Mills, Ltd.	200,000	150,000	$10	June	Int. $15.00 a/c 1940	25-11-40	75 Aug	47 Jan	70.00 Jan	70.00 Jan	.....	.....	5,150	200
										Plantations														
.....	.....	48.00	.....	.....	.....	52.00	.....	48.00	48.00	Alma Estates, Ltd.	70,000	70,000	(Tls. 9) £1	Sept.	Fin. $5.00 (Mkg. $8.00 a/c 1939-40)	27-12-40	61 May	35 June	52 Mar	47½ Mar	.....	100	24,694	2,190
15.60	.....	15.30	.....	15.60	16.00	15.60	.....	15.40	15.00	Anglo-Dutch (Java) Plantations, Ltd.	400 000	350,000	10s	Dec.	Fin. $1.50 (Mkg. $3.00 a/c 1940)	28-5-41	34 Feb	8.80 July	25.00 Jan	14.80 June	2,809	6,500	661,660	315,329
31½	33.00	31½	.....	33½	33½	33½	.....	32½	31½	Anglo-Java Estates, Ltd.	500,000	496,000	10s	Dec.	Int. Div. $3.00 a/c 1940	23-7-40	61 May	18.20 June	49½ Jan	30½ Feb	21,670	43,800	1,579,301	943,094
.....	.....	6.50	.....	.....	.....	6.50	.....	.....	.....	Ayer Tawah Rub, Plantation Co., Ltd.	500,000	335,499	T1	Sept.	Fin. $1.20 (Mkg. $1.40 a/c 1939-40)	27-12-40	11.70 Feb	4.25 Aug	7.20 Jan	5.05 April	.....	.....	50,464	4,933
1.24	1.30	1.30	.....	.....	.....	1.28	.....	1.30	1.26	Batu Anam (Johore) Rub, Ests., Ltd.	960,000	960,000	T0.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.20 (Mkg. $0.30 a/c 1940)	7-5-41	2.90 Feb	81 May	1.70 Jan	1.20 Feb	7,000	15,000	1,240,646	158,450
6.40	.....	6.40	.....	.....	.....	6.10	.....	6.40	6.25	Bute Plantations (1913), Ltd.	500,000	353,898	T1	Dec.	Fin. $0.80 (Mkg. $1.40 a/c 1940)	2-5-41	15 Feb	6.00 May	8.20 Jan	5.50 Feb	.....	3,700	180,980	46,070
2.00	2.00	1.98	.....	.....	.....	2.05	.....	2.00	1.98	Chemor United Rubber Co., Ltd.	1,200,000	956,804	T0.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.30 (Mkg. $0.40 a/c 1940)	25-3-41	5.20 Feb	1.55 May	3.05 Jan	1.98 Apr	4,000	4,000	1,379,647	173,051
0.72	0.75	0.75	.....	0.73	.....	0.73	.....	0.75	0.74	Cheng Rubber Estates, Ltd.	1,095,850	1,051,438	T0.10	June	Div. $0.05 a/c 1939-40	1-10-40	1.74 Jan	0.50 May	0.95 Jan	0.70 Feb	7,500	2,000	4,860,015	362,900
6.20	.....	6.25	.....	6.10	.....	6.35	.....	6.50	6.25	Consolidated Rub. Estates (1914), Ltd.	500,000	484,837	2/-	Dec.	Fin. $0.53 (Mkg. $1.23 a/c 1940)	2-5-41	14.50 Feb	4.95 May	8.20 Jan	5.90 Feb	2,000	1,300	506,585	52,060
.....	.....	9.40	.....	8.70	.....	8.75	.....	9.40	9.00	Dominion Rubber Co., Ltd.	350,000	200,000	T1	Dec.	Fin. $0.80 (Mkg. $1.80 a/c 1940)	30-4-41	19.00 Feb	8.95 July	12 Jan	9.75 May	.....	3,000	163,681	13,200
.....	.....	.....	62	.....	.....	.....	62	.....	.....	Gula-Kalumpong Rub. Ests., Ltd.	750,000	665,000	£1	Dec.	Div. 5 % 1938 Less T/T (Coupon 35)	6-4-39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	3.80	3.95	.....	.....	3.85	3.95	.....	.....	.....	Java-Cons. Rub. & Coffee Estes., Ltd.	850,000	750,000	2/-	Dec.	Fin. $0.50 (Mkg. $0.75 a/c 1940)	14-5 41	7.70 Feb	2.15 June	4.70 Jan	3.90 Feb	.....	.....	935,271	135,450
.....	.....	15	.....	18.00	.....	15.00	.....	.....	.....	Kapayang Rubber Estates Co., Ltd.	15,000	14,800	T10	Dec.	Fin. $3.00 a/c 1940	Pending	40 May	18.00 July	15 Feb	15 Feb	.....	.....	3,300	816
4.20	.....	4.20	.....	.....	.....	4.20	.....	.....	.....	Kota Bahroe Rub. Ests. (1921), Ltd.	500,000	461,804	T0.75	June	Int. $0.20 a/c 1940-41	9-5-41	10.10 Feb	4.00 May	5.80 Jan	3.90 Feb	2,050	.....	573,445	67,370
1.82	1.86	1.88	.....	1.88	.....	1.90	.....	1.88	1.80	Kroewoek Java Plantations, Ltd.	2,200,000	2,200,000	T0.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.15 (Mkg. $0.40 a/c 1940)	3 6 41	4.70 Feb	1.30 June	3.45 Jan	1.80 June	8,000	21,000	4,340,580	766,200
21½	21½	21½	.....	23½	23½	23½	.....	23.00	21½	Langkat	300,000	250,000	Gs.10	Oct.	Int. Guilders 0.14. Fin. Guilders 0.18 a/c 1939	14-5-40	47½ May	12.50 July	37 Jan	21½ Feb	16.800	92,200	1,854,788	1,063,686
.....	.....	2.30	.....	.....	.....	2.30	.....	2.37½	2.30	Padang Rubber Co., Ltd.	500,000	500,000	T1	Apr.	Int. $0.15 a/c 1940-41	27-2-41	5.20 Feb	1.68 June	3.15 Jan	2.25 June	2,000	2,500	756,251	62,050
.....	.....	1.10	.....	1.10	.....	1.10	.....	.....	.....	Permata Rubber Estes., Ltd.	350,000	317,219	$1	Oct.	Fin. $0.20 (Mkg. $0.28 a/c 1939-40)	19-3-41	3 Feb	0.90 May	1.44 Jan	1.10 May	.....	.....	336,006	8,000
.....	1.14	1.06	.....	.....	.....	1.06	.....	1.06	1.06	Repah Rubber & Tapioca Ests., Ltd.	1,350,000	1,350,000	T0.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.12 (Mkg. $0.22 a/c 1940)	17-4 41	2.60 Feb	0.81 July	1.50 Jan	1.

Singapore to Use Men Between 41 and 55 For Defence

Singapore, May 13.

NEARLY 200 Europeans aged between 41 and 55 have received notices under the Compulsory Service Ordinance calling upon them to submit themselves to a medical examination at the General Hospital next week. Required for Passive Defence Services in Singapore, the men will be graded and recommended for service in either the Corps of Air Raid Wardens, Auxiliary Fire Service, Local Defence Corps or any additional force created. These forces urgently require strengthening.

Persons liable for service have been allowed to state their preference for any particular civil defence service, although the decision as to where they will be enrolled remains with the proper authority.

Besides undergoing medical examination, these men between 41 and 55 have to submit full particulars of qualifications and competency in flying, electrical engineering, mechanical engineering, marine engines and as artificers. Particulars of knowledge of foreign languages are also asked for.

Britons between the ages of 18 and 41 were conscripted into the S.S.V.F. last year under the Compulsory Service (Local Forces) Ordinance.

Later, this Ordinance was made to apply to men between the ages of 41 and 55. Any British subject of pure European descent in the Colony may now be assigned to either the Volunteer Force or any of the Passive Defence Services.

Dutch Gifts to War Fund

To mark the anniversary of the German invasion of Holland, several Dutch residents have forwarded donations to the War Fund.

One Dutch firm in Singapore wrote: "As on May 10 it is one year since Holland was invaded by the Huns, we are herewith enclosing our cheque for $10,000 in favour of the War Fund."

An individual Dutchman wrote: "On May 10 it will be one year since the Huns invaded my beloved country, Holland. In remembrance thereof, and also to express my admiration for our valiant British allies, I am enclosing my cheque for $1,000 for the War Fund."

Turf Club's Donations

The Singapore Turf Club have contributed a further $75,000 to the War Fund and another $25,000 to the Malaya Patriotic Fund. These gifts bring the total donations of the club to the war effort to the very substantial total of $342,315. This figure is made up as follows: War Fund $286,000; Malaya Patriotic Fund $50,000; Lord Mayor of London's Air Raid Distress Fund $6,315.

Singapore Evacuation Plans

A census will shortly be taken of people, especially of the poorer classes, living in Singapore coastal areas which are liable to attack from the sea in the event of war coming to Malaya. This will be a further step in the arrangements for evacuation should such a step become imperative.

Some months ago notices were served by Government on residents of certain coastal areas advising them to make arrangements to leave within 48 hours if necessary.

It has been pointed out that the evacuation camps are intended only for the poorer classes. Others must make their own arrangements and the efficiency of Government's plans hinges on whether or not those arrangements have been made. A rush to the evacuation camps by people for whom the camps are not intended must be avoided.

It is understood that the authorities will ask for full details of arrangements made or alternatively the reasons why they have not been made. The census will thus enable Government to find out to what extent its evacuation advice has been heeded.

The evacuation of squatters, market gardeners and similar classes will be entirely in the hands of the A.R.P. Department and specially selected wardens in the coastal areas affected have been instructed to acquaint themselves with the general scheme to move such people out of their homes and direct them to the proper camps.

Schemes for evacuation, dispersal of population and feeding of evacuees have been adopted by Government and all schemes have been worked out in detail.

Movements of Aliens

Aliens who wish to move into or visit places in Malaya designated as defence areas must now first obtain permission from the authorities.

A new Defence Areas (Regulation of Movements) Order, introduced in the F.M.S., prohibits aliens from entering any defence area without permission in writing from a competent authority.

Aliens residing within defence areas may not move out of any police district within those areas into any other police district without first having obtained permission in writing from the officer-in-charge of the police district out of which they wish to move.

Gift to Singapore

A gift of $4,769.48 (7,500 rupees) has been received by the Government of the Straits Settlements from the Corporation of Madras as a contribution towards strengthening the defences of Singapore.

In a letter to the Mayor of Madras, the Colonial Secretary, the Hon. Mr. S. W. Jones, conveys to him and the Madras Corporation "the most cordial expression of the gratitude the Government of the Straits Settlements feels for this donation."

"The gift was given with as little ostentation as that which attended the arrival here of Indian troops and it is just as warmly welcomed," says the letter. "It is a witness of the Corporation's appreciation of the importance of the Naval Base of Singapore as a bastion for the defence of India from any threat of aggression, and of its determination to join with all His Majesty's subjects throughout the British Commonwealth of Nations in the most resolute resistance to any attack the forces of the aggressor powers may plan to make."

It is pointed out in Government circles in Singapore that the gift is a gesture which is specially valued because it proclaims to the world that mutual assistance between India and Malaya is necessary for the peace and security of both countries, and because it serves as a manifestation of the ties which bind the two countries together.

The results of the "Salvage Week" drive to collect scrap in Singapore exceeded all expectations, and arrangements to continue the collection of scrap include the distribution of 30,000 pamphlets urging householders to save their scrap, and the drawing up of a scheme by the Department of Education for the collection of scrap in schools.

The week's drive resulted in the collection of 60 tons of paper, 1,200 pieces of aluminium ware, 500 brass ornaments, 36 pieces of silverware, clocks, cameras and gramophones, a large number of gramophone records, hundreds of motor-car tyres and tubes, and even an outboard motor.

Arrangements are being made to interview prospective buyers of certain articles which cannot be used in the war effort—newspapers, bottles of certain shapes and sizes which are not usable by the medical authorities, and motor car tyres which have been mutilated but from which rubber can be reclaimed. Decisions are also being made with regard to the disposal of articles like cameras, pewter and silverware.

Men of the Municipal Town Cleansing Department are beginning the distribution of pamphlets printed in English, Malay, Chinese and Tamil, giving salvage hints to householders. The pamphlet points out that "Every day in every home some article is thrown aside to find its way either into the dustbin or the bonfire but from now on remember that at least half of your so-called waste can and will be used—if you co-operate in a dozen useful ways."

How Big Guns Work

When war broke out there was a boast among artillery men stationed at Singapore that the crews manning the garrison's long-range big guns were among the best in the British Empire.

This claim still stands today; for when some of the guns started firing with live shells at a practice shoot recently the target, ten miles out—looking like a one-cent piece at that range—was straddled closely by crashing salvoes. The "cent-piece" represented an invading cruiser which would certainly have been badly damaged—if not sunk—in actual war conditions.

Newspapermen, including American foreign correspondents and a group of visiting journalists from India, were shown how these big guns command the trade routes from West to East.

They were shown a battery observation and also afforded a privilege rarely afforded to civilians—a visit to the battery plotting room which is situated deep down in the earth. There, in a room safe from enemy shells, the visitors marvelled at the "brain" of the battery. At the observation post and in the plotting room they watched the whole procedure involved from the moment a target is sighted until fire is brought to bear on it.

Some of the grim guardians of the Singapore Straits stand on islands. Others elsewhere provide a perfect cross-fire of heavy armour-piercing shells which should spell doom to any fighting fleet attempting an invasion of the island.

Range Said Ample

These heavier guns have a range described as "amply sufficient to cover effectively all the approaches to the fortress." Working in conjunction with them are lighter guns whose main role is harbour defence against destroyers and similar enemy vessels.

The fire control of the heavier guns depends on an elaborate system of communication. A detailed description cannot be given, for obvious reasons, but the following general picture of the procedure involved may be of interest.

The position of the target is obtained by a range-finder situated in the battery observation post—or if this is obscured, by observations from other points along the coast, or by a spotting aircraft—and is transmitted to the battery plotting room. There are "corrections" to be made, which may be considerable when it is realized that the shell may be anything up to two minutes in the air.

These are automatically computed, and in conjunction with other corrections necessitated by the meteorological conditions of the moment, they go to produce the range and bearing which are finally laid on the guns. For instance, a few degrees variation in air temperature on a particular day might cause an error of hundreds of yards in the trajectory of the projectile.

All this information is automatically transmitted to dials on the gun; and all that the gun layers have to do there is to keep two pointers coincident and this has the effect of laying the guns at the required elevation. Thus a high standard of efficiency and team work is required from every human link in the chain.

Fire orders are transmitted by microphones to loudspeakers on the guns. The guns themselves are power-operated, and their shells—which may weigh anything up to a ton or more—can be loaded in approximately half a minute.

Strength of Gun Crews

The detachment consists of between 10 and 20 men, according to the nature of the gun, and a proportion of these are H.K.S.R.A. Indian gunners.

For the purpose of this practice shoot it was imagined that on the previous day a hostile squadron had carried out a bombardment of the fixed defences and the enemy force withdrew in an easterly direction at nightfall.

On the Singapore side one fortress observation post had been destroyed. Next morning brought news that batteries on the east of Singapore were engaging an enemy squadron while a cruiser had emerged from an island in the Straits. This target was engaged immediately it was seen—and it was straddled with salvoes.

Enemy aircraft approached, however, and laid a smoke screen in the neighbourhood of the battery, cutting off observation from the battery observation post. Other Fortress observation posts were immediately brought into use, information of the position of the target flowed into the "blinded" battery O.P., and once again the counter-bombardment began—with damaging results to the target.

BY SAPAJOU

Those Eighty Divisions

Continental Cooking is Tasteful to Britons

Food tastes of Britain's allies now living in London have not been forgotten during the establishment of the big chain of communal restaurants sponsored by the Ministry of Food, says the "Evening Standard."

At one centre in Westbourne-terrace, Bayswater, the daily menu is devised on entirely continental lines.

Here, each meal time gather Free Frenchmen, Dutchmen, Belgians, Czechoslovakians and Austrians.

The cook comes from Vienna, and refugees and British voluntary workers co-operate in providing continental dishes.

The secretary of the Wartime Continental Kitchen told the "Evening Standard": "The peculiar part is that more and more 100 per cent. Britishers are patronising our dishes each week.

"They seem to appreciate various typical non-British dishes."

TO-DAY'S RADIO

FRENCH BROADCASTING STATION

FFZ

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TELEPHONE 80567

Medium wave: 214m., 1400kc.
Short wave: 42.80m., 12.09mc.

Daily broadcast in four languages

Time table

12.00 Light music.
1.00 News in French.
1.15 Children's hour.
2.00 Chinese music.
4.30 Light music.
5.30 Chinese lesson for foreigners.
5.50 French lesson for Chinese students.
6.10 Chinese music.
6.15 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect).
6.30 Chinese music.
6.35 News in Chinese (Mandarin).
6.50 Light music.
7.20 Music by Russian composers.
7.30 News in Russian.
7.45 Music by Russian composers.
7.50 Light music.
8.00 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière. The death of Guy de Pourtalès, novelist, critic and biographer of Liszt and Chopin.
8.15 Light music.
8.30 News in French.
8.45 Light music.
9.00 News in English.
9.30 Concert:

Literary hints in modern French music.

Faure: Shylock; Franck: Psyche; Roptarz: The bell tolling for the dead; Faureé: Pelleas and Melisande (Sicilienne); Honneger: The Tempest; Debussy: Little suite; Ravel: Ancient Minuet; Ravel: Waltz; St. Saëns: Danse Macabre.

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

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To-day's Programme

12.00 Mid-day Concert including songs by Richard Tauber
12.45 **News in English**
1.00 News in Chinese
1.15 News in Hindustani
1.30 Peter Adam's German Programme
2.00 Concert Waltzes
3.00 Western and Mountain Melodies
3.30 Dance Music
4.30 Chinese Programme.
5.00 Professor Chao Mei-pa's Musical Programme
7.00 Greek Programme
7.30 News in French
7.45 Light Music
8.00 **Relay of B.B.C. News and Talk (Conditions Permitting)**
8.30 "Flying High" Part I—a B.B.C. Recorded Programme
9.00 **News in English followed by B.B.C. Programme and Local Announcements**
9.20 "The Air Force and the Empire War Effort" A Talk.
9.30 The Carlisle song Quartette
9.45 "Sir John Harington." Short Story by Lytton Strachey
10.00 "Music a la Carte"—Request Programme conducted by Kenneth Mackenzie
11.00 **Late Night Final**
11.10 Peter Adam's German Programme
11.40 **Moviegoers' News Summary**
11.50-12.00 News in Chinese

BBC

Main items on this evening's London programme which can be heard on the 16 (GSV) and 19 (GSF) metre bands (and also on the 25 (GSD) metre band after 10.45 p.m.) are:—

8.00 News and Topical Talk.
8.30 Calling British Forces in the Far East.
9.30 Figaro, Act I, relayed from a theatre in southern England. Sadler Wells Opera Co.
10.00 News and News Commentary.
11.00 Music Hall.
Midnight. Bernard Darwin will talk about School Stories.

CHURCH SERVICES

Holy Trinity Cathedral.—June 15.—1st Sunday After Trinity. 8. a.m. Holy Communion (also in Bubbling Well Chapel) 10.30 a.m. Choral Eucharist Psalm: 150. Ireland in C. Hymns: 373, 291, 715. Preacher: Rev. E. J. Ottewell, L.Th. 6 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Psalm: 4. Lessons: Joshua 5, 13-6. 20; Matthew 1, 18-end. Hymns: 37, 222, 299, 28. Preacher: The Dean. 8 p.m. Bubbling Well Chapel: Preacher: Rev. G. A. Scott. (Choral Eucharist at 10.30 a.m. will be broadcast from Cathedral over stations XMHC., 700 kc., and XCDN., 1440 Kc., Noon-Day Intercessions daily at 12.10 p.m. from XMHC., only.)

St. John's Pro-Cathedral.—Jessfield Evening Prayer in English at six o'clock.

Union Church (International and Interdenominational.) 107, Soochow Road. (Near the British Consulate-General.) Officiating Minister:—Rev. C. W. Allan. 10.20 a.m. Prayer Meeting in Vestry. 10.45 a.m. Divine Worship: Preacher: Rev. F. G. Onley, General Secretary, Religious Tract Society in China. 10.45 a.m. Junior Church in Hall.

"Church of the Air" Programme
760 kc. 395 m.
Sunday, June 15.
10.00 XMHD Service, Rev. I. Morrison
11.00 Sacred Music
12.00 Dr. Bob Jones Service
4.00 Sacred Music
4.30 Bible Study, Rev. G. A. Jacobson
7.45 "Miracles and Melodies"
8.00 XMHD Sacred Concert
8.30 Gospel Service, Mr. J. A. Eggo.
9.15 Russian Evangelistic Service and Music
Weekdays, June 16-21.
7.30 Sacred Music
8.30 Thought for the Day, Rev. G. A. Jacobson
9.00 Prayer and Music for the Sick
12.00 Popular Music
12.45 N.C.D.N. News Items
13.10 Devotional Service and Song
16.00 Sacred Music
17.00 Classical Music
19.45 N.C.D.N. Friday Review
20.00 Sacred Music
20.30 Gospel Service and Song
21.00 N.C.D.N. News Items
21.30 Russian Service (Tuesday)

Saint Joseph's Church (Rue Montauban) Tel. 85353. Sunday: Masses at 6.15, 7, 8, 9.15 and 11 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Week-days: Masses at 6 and 7.30 a.m.

Sacred Heart Church (260 Nanzing Road) Tel. 41428 Sunday: Masses at 6, 7, 8 and 9.30 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays: Masses at 6 and 7 a.m.

Saint Peter's Church (Avenue Dubail) Tel. 80725 Sunday: Masses at 5.15 6, 7, 8 9.15, 11 a.m. Benediction at 3.30 and 6.45 p.m. Weekdays: Masses at 5.15, 6, 6.45 and 7.30 a.m.

Saint Theresa's Church (370 Tatung Road) Tel. 39359 Sunday. Masses at 6.15, 7, 8 a.m. Weekdays: Masses at 6.15, 7 a.m.

Our Lady's Church (694 Baikal Road) Sunday Masses, at 7.30 and 9 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays Mass at 7.30 a.m.

Church of St. Aloysius Gonzaga (734 Kiaochow Road.) Tel. 32313 Sunday: Masses at 6, 7, 8 and 9.30 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays: Masses at 5.30, 6 and 6.30 a.m.

Church of Christ the King; 235 Rue Bourgeat. Tel. 72873 Masses on Sunday at 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 a.m. Benediction at 6.30 p.m. Masses weekdays at 7 and 8 a.m. Catechism classes every Saturday at 9 a.m.

Saint John Bosco's Church (740 Hangchow Road) Sunday Masses at 7, 8.30, 9.30 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Week-days Mass at 6.30 a.m.

Foreign Y.M.C.A.—Informal Sunday Evening Service, 6 p.m. in the Junior division room, (mezzanine floor). Speaker, Mr. C. Baehr. All welcome.

Shanghai Free Christian Church.—(Evangelical) 5 Tifeng Road. (Near Jessfield Road). Sunday 11 o'clock., Morning Worship.—Preacher Rev. G. R. Hutchinson. Afternoon 3 o'clock, Sunday-school and Bible Class. Evening 6 o'clock. Gospel Service followed by Communion Service. Preacher; Rev. R. E. Thompson. During the week: Monday 8 p.m. Young People's Meeting. Thursday afternoon 5.45 o'clock, Prayer-meeting.

Community Church.—53 Ave. Petain. Chaplain H. R. Trump, of the Fourth U.S. Marine Corps, will preach in Community Church Sunday at 11 a.m., Mr. R. V. Dent will be at the organ, and Miss Myra Bancroft Olive will sing "How Beautiful upon the Mountain" by Harker. The Church School will meet at 9.30 a.m. The Navy "Y" will have its programme for Service men at 6 p.m.

First Church of Christ, Scientist.—1647 Avenue Road. Sunday Service 11 a.m. Subject: "God the Preserver of Man" Sunday School 9.45 a.m. Testimonial Meeting Wednesday, 6 p.m. Reading Room at the Church open Monday, Tuesday Thursday, Friday and Saturday from 10.30 to 12.30, Wednesday from 4 to 6 p.m.

Bethesda Gospel Hall.—(International) 729 Yu Yuen Road. Gospel Services are held in: German: Sundays Breaking of Bread Meeting at 3.30-4.30 p.m. Sundays Bible Class at 5-6 p.m. Wednesdays Bible Class for Ladies at 4-5.30 p.m. Chinese: Sundays Breaking of Bread Meeting at 10-11.30 a.m. Sundays Gospel Meeting at 2.30-4 p.m. Tuesdays Prayer Meeting at 7.30-9 p.m. Thursdays Bible Class at 6-7 p.m. English: Fridays Prayer Meeting at 5.30-6.30 p.m.

Endeavourers Church.—Morning service will be held at 9.30 a.m. in the hall of the Shanghai Free Christian Church. 5 Tifeng Road. The speaker will be Rev. S. R. Dawson. Mid-week prayed meeting will be held on Wednesday at 5.30 p.m. in room 305, Missions Building 169 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.

Society of Friends (Quakers).—A meeting for worship to which all are welcome will be held at 6 p.m. on Sunday in room "D" at the Foreign Y.M.C.A., 150 Bubbling Well Road.

Shanghai Hebrew Mission.—56 Ford Lane: Sunday 10 a.m., Mr. C. G. Edwards. Wednesday 3.30 p.m., Mr. F. England. 703 N. Szechuen Road. Alliance Hall: Sunday 10 a.m., Sir I. D. A. Beauchamps. Wednesday 3.30 p.m., Rev. R. Hassal.

The
NEW CHINA UNDERWEAR CO., LTD.
The Makers of Penguin Shirts
take pleasure in announcing the
GRAND OPENING of their SALES OFFICE
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the distribution of **$100,000** worth
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CINEMA THEATRES: Grand, Roxy and Golden Gate ..... on June 14.
DANCE HALLS: Ambassador, Paradise, Windsor, Mee Koo May, Ciro's, Paramount, Lido, Metropole and Cathay ..... on June 15
RESTAURANTS: Hoong Mein, Kin Hwa, Sun Ya, Yee Hung, Pacific, May Flower, New China and Wing Hwa ..... on June 16

PENGUIN SHIRTS

1329

"Shock-Proof" Jacket Devised for Raids

Most of the civilian deaths due to German bombing in British cities where individuals have not been directly struck or buried beneath wrecked buildings have been due to shock and most of the injuries have come from flying fragments of spent shrapnel and falling bricks and slates.

The shock injuries are the most difficult to deal with. Concussion of the bomb breaks down the walls of the blood vessels, letting the blood leak into the flesh. The remedy is blood transfusion, but search is being constantly made for new protective garments to absorb the shock. Some research work in this direction is done in New York.

One of the garments devised, which high medical authority believes will meet the case by protecting the more vulnerable organs, the lungs, head, stomach, liver and intestines, is a bomb-blast jacket of sponge rubber that slips on over the head and above ordinary garments. The rubber absorbs the shock and affords some protection from flying fragments that can be made absolute by slipping in beneath it thin plates of plastic material.

The bomb-blast jumper is reinforced by a cloak of fireproofed khaki, giving protection from incendiaries to the garments underneath. The cloak has a hood completely covering the head, with slits for the eyes. It hangs loosely over the face, so there is no difficulty about breathing.

Equipped with jumper and cloak, a woman even in the flimsiest of evening attire can have immediate protection in case of a sudden air raid. These garments have been devised by a committee of American women sympathetic to Great Britain, with the aid of medical authorities and experts in plastic and fireproof materials. The group was brought together by Mrs. Frances Ruskin, wife of a New York medical specialist.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," OF JUNE 14, 1871

From Newchwang. Our correspondent writes: We are having delightful weather; and those fortunate enough to have houses there, are preparing to live at Kaichow beach where, it is said, the scenery and bathing are superior to those of Chefoo. We read the frequent reports of races at other ports, with much the same pleasure that we experience in reading of dinners which our own chef could not accomplish still you see we have our delights. The trade of the port has been unusually small this season; and the Customs receipts are on a scale unprecedented since the foreign office was opened here. Various reasons, such as scarcity of silver, over-trading throughout the province, and a reduced export traffic, are given. At any rate the result is that local failures are numerous.

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In Main Salesroom—Now On View
To-day, Saturday, June 14, 1941, at 9.30 a.m.

Upholstered double spring couches and arm chairs, studio couch, wardrobe and steamer trunks, golf clubs, table golf, ukelele, lawn mower, bronze and ivory figures, E.P., glass and porcelain ware, dinner and tea crockery, kitchen scale, clocks, wrist watch, electric vibrator, chemical balance scale, chandeliers, child's pram, treadle and hand sewing machines, oil paintings, mirrors, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, silver ware cabinets, books, bookcases, desks, wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, centre tables, chairs, stools, bedsteads, iron cots, teapoys, flower stands, cupboards, tile lined ice chests, aluminium utensils, table fans, shantong silk, barometer, etc., also

1 National Cash Register, 1 slot Machine, 1 Philco 6-tube radio 110 volts 1 Philips 5-tube radio 200 volts, 4 Persian and Thibetan rugs

Having been favoured with instructions from
Mr. D. M. Butt
Will Sell by Public Auction
At Lane No. 125, House No. 10 Kinnear Road
On Monday, June 16, 1941, at 9.30 a.m.

Superior Household Furniture, Carpets, Ceiling Fans and Sundries Tientsin and Axminster carpets, rugs, stair rods, folding card tables, wall mirrors, teakwood teapoys, low tables, floor and table lamps, double spring couches, arm chairs with covers, velvet and tapestry curtains, cushions, writing desks, book shelves, books, pictures, dinner gong, golf clubs, rattan arm chairs, flower stands coal boxes, ivory figure, bronze eagle, **oakwood dining room suite of 15 pieces,** screens, radio cabinet, cut glass wine glasses, glass ware, cutlery, crockery, tea trays, electric vacuum cleaner, radiator, irons, ironing boards, lamp shades, **mahogany stained bedroom suite of 6 pieces, Simmons iron and wooden single bedsteads with Slumber King springs, deep sleep spring mattresses,** horse hair and kapoc mattresses, day bed, camp bed, mirror door wardrobe, dressing tables, chest of drawers, cupboards, tables, chairs, tent, mattings, bathroom scale, baby scale, riding boots with cap, rubber boots, battery, kitchen cupboards, ice chest, filter, kitchen utensils, step ladders, garden settees, deck chairs, umbrella, hose, sprayer, tools, pot plants, curtain rods, **4 ceiling fans 220 volts with speed regulators,** child's fire brigade car, rocking horse, scooter, rattan cot with kapoc mattress, doll house, toy furniture and sundries, etc.

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

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IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

"LIFT UP YOUR HEARTS"

Mr. Winston Churchill's speech before the meeting of all the Allied Governments in St. James's Palace on Thursday will go down in history as a parallel to the U.S. Declaration of Independence. The verdict of history may very well be that it surpasses that great document in importance, for the sins of the King of Great Britain, which called forth the rebellion in America, pale into insignificance when compared with the iniquities, nay, the atrocities which Hitler and his satellites have perpetrated upon unoffending people. Mr. Churchill, with that command of the English language which is outstanding in these days, has drawn up the most damning indictment that it is possible to conceive. In plain, simple, forceful words, short sentences almost brutal in their intensity Mr. Churchill tells the world what the evil dictators of Germany and Italy have been doing:—

> We see them (the conquered peoples) hounded, terrorized, exploited. Their manhood by the million is forced to work under conditions indistinguishable in many cases from actual slavery. Their goods are pillaged or filched for worthless money. Their homes, their daily life are pried into and spied upon by the all pervading system of a secret political police, which having reduced the Germans themselves to abject docility, now stalks the streets and by-ways of a dozen lands. Their religious faiths are affronted, persecuted or oppressed in the interest of a fantastic paganism devised to perpetuate, worship and sustain the tyranny of one abominable creature. Their traditions, their culture, their laws, their institutions, social and political alike, are suppressed by force or undermined by subtle, coldly planned intrigue. The prisons of the Continent no longer suffice. Concentration camps are overcrowded. At every dawn, German volleys crack.

It is to save the world from a like permanent fate that Great Britain a year ago, when she was almost defenceless before Hitler, when most of her material had been lost in France, declared her intention of continuing the fight for freedom. The Dominions, the Colonies and the Government of the overrun countries are solidly behind Mr. Churchill in that determination, and the resolution passed in St. James's Palace is indicative of that important fact. It is indeed a clarion call to fight on. The sky is not so dark as it was twelve months ago. The Allies may be said to have reached the nadir of their fortunes during those distressful days, and since then there has been a gradual climbing back, a preparation for the time when the offensive will pass to them and they can carry the war to the aggressor Powers in a manner which they will not like.

Mr. Churchill in comparing the situation as it was last June and as it is now shows that with the efforts which have been made by the British Empire, aided by the growing activities of the United States the menace which hovers over the dictators increases in importance; as each day passes the forces of freedom gather in strength. Hitler cannot hope to win unless he can subjugate the British Isles. He has talked a lot about doing it, but there is now being shown a reluctance which in the circumstances is perfectly comprehensible. But, as Mr. Churchill points out, he may yet, driven by desperate hazards, attempt an invasion, a supreme trial from which the British will not flinch. The soul of Britain has stood up under blows passing the former knowledge of mankind. There is abroad in the land and in the hearts of Britain's Allies that readiness to endure all things that the liberties of man shall be preserved, and there is more than a little reason to believe that they will be.

The Prime Minister's peroration should be read and remembered by every Briton and by every Ally:

> "With the help of God, of which we must all feel daily conscious, we shall continue, steadfast in faith and duty, till our task is done. This then, my Lords and Gentlemen, is the message which we send forth today to all states and nations, bound or free, to all men in all lands who care for freedom's cause, to our Allies and well-wishers in Europe, to our American friends and helpers across the ocean—this is the message 'Lift up your hearts! All will come right. Out of the depths of sorrow and sacrifice will be born again the glory of mankind.'"

There is every reason why the Prime Minister should have faith in the ultimate triumph of the democracies. Their cause is a just one. Unprepared as they were in 1939, badly hurt as they were in 1940, they have survived their misfortunes and stand today stronger than they ever had been. The times may be grim and the sky lowering but the sun of victory will yet shine and mankind saved from the abominations which evil men would foist upon it.

THE ROBIN MOOR

As it was to be expected enquiries have now shown that the U.S. freighter Robin Moor was in fact sunk by a German submarine in the Atlantic off the coast of Africa. She was bound for Capetown and other ports outside the declared combat zones, and she carried no munitions of war but materials of ordinary trade. Eleven survivors have been saved, but it is reported that another 35 are missing. The vessel was duly marked with the United States' flag on both sides and there cannot possibly have been any mistake on the part of the commander of the German vessel. The official attitude of the Germans with regard to the matter is neither to admit nor deny responsibility for the sinking of the vessel, though official quarters expressed doubts as to whether a German submarine could have been guilty of such an act since military headquarters in Berlin would almost certainly have received a report by now. That, of course, does not follow, for the German commander may have had the best possible reasons for keeping quiet about his feat,—the necessity of giving no indication of his position.

The manner in which the people of the United States have received the news of the sinking of the Robin Moor is altogether admirable. Upon receipt of the first reports complete calm was maintained pending confirmation. Once the original reports were confirmed, and the stories of the survivors made known to the Government, announcement was made that Germany was responsible. Public opinion in the United States does not appear to "have flown off the handle." Considerable calm is being maintained, though at least one Democrat Representative expressed the opinion that "we ought to convoy with battleships and let the shooting start—to see who shoots first and who can outshoot the other." That opinion may ultimately be fulfilled, but it would be decidedly out of proportion to plunge the United States into war for the sinking of one vessel. Germany may bring that about by destroying a number of American ships in which event Germany would be the aggressor and the Japanese absolved of their commitment to enter the war if any other nation did against Germany.

At present the Navy Department appears to be without full information regarding the manner in which the passengers and crew embarked in the ship's life-boats, or whether the Robin Moor was fired on without warning. He is reported as saying that there was as yet no data available as to the extent of visibility at the time the attack was made. If the missing thirty-five persons are not accounted for, some very pertinent questions will have to be asked. Why was a neutral ship not in the combat zones attacked at all? Why seeing that the vessel was sunk a considerable distance from land was she destroyed without the Germans making sure of the safety of the passengers and crews as required by international law? Doubtless when the time comes the Germans will have their story ready. It will probably be just as fantastic as their tales with regard to the sinking of the Athenia, and if it is eventually alleged that the Robin Moor torpedoed herself, there need be no occasion for surprise.

There is one danger which has always to be borne in mind. If Hitler could drag the United States into the war a considerable modification of the aid which that country is rendering the democratic cause might be brought about. That may prove to be one explanation of the sinking of the Robin Moor, though corroboration in the shape of further destruction of American vessels would probably be necessary before Washington decided upon war with Germany. It may be confidently expected that President Roosevelt is far too astute to allow himself to be dragged into playing Hitler's game, and he most certainly will not move until he is sure that he has the country just as much behind him as it has been with regard to every step he has taken up to the present. The whole affair may be claimed to be merely a mistake on the part of the German submarine commander, but the German conduct of this war makes it difficult indeed to believe that this is not more than an example of maladroitness

H.M.S. Ladybird

After a most adventurous career in H.M. Navy, the Ladybird, 625-ton gunboat, now lies at the bottom of the Mediterranean off Tobruk. Many residents in China will learn of the loss of this gallant little gunboat with special regret, since she was known up and down the Yangtze for years, and often put into Shanghai for overhauls. Before 1937, when Japanese action caused the British population of many river ports to thin out, the Ladybird had been the rallying point of many a small foreign community upriver. The officers and crews which manned her during her sometimes dreary vigils on the river, were welcome wherever they went. Of recent years the Ladybird figured prominently in the news, when she was shelled by Japanese artillery near Wuhu, and damaged. This was an entirely unprovoked attack, and that it did not lead to a major incident was due to the tact of her commander and other officers who were on board. On the outbreak of the war in Europe, the Ladybird was transferred from Shanghai to Hongkong and later to Singapore, from where she sailed to the Mediterranean. During this time, however, her movements were clouded in official secrecy, and the first definite information Shanghai received as to her whereabouts was when the news arrived that she had been engaged in assisting General Wavell's attack on the Italians in Libya. There she was hit by enemy shells and sustained some casualties. Her two six-inch guns had been used to shell Italian positions along the Libyan coast, and owing to her light draft, she was able to creep close in under the enemy's guns and inflict a lot of damage. It would appear that she met her end in some similar risky operation. A gallant end, and one which can only arouse admiration and regret.

Threat From Libya

Mr. Winston Churchill, the Prime Minister, reminded the House of Commons that the General Staff were more concerned over the Axis threat to Egypt from Libya than they were over the progress of the campaign in Syria. It is possible that the intensification of the raids on Alexandria during the last few days may be an indication of an imminent attack, but on the other hand they may prove no more than that the Germans are taking advantage of the additional air bases their success in Crete has given them, and that they are attempting to harass the British fleet out of the Eastern Mediterranean. The heat at this time of year in the Western Desert would seem to be against any large-scale offensive on Egypt, but this cannot be counted upon as a factor which would influence the Nazi High Command. On the other hand it would seem to be unlikely that the Nazis and the Fascists would embark upon any big attack until they have reduced Tobruk, which remains a British stronghold on their flank. Tobruk, thanks to the Italians who did not do much with it, is very strongly defended, and possesses the best natural harbour in Libya. When the German commander-in-chief, General von Brauchitsch, visited Libya in 1939, he spent most of his time in Tobruk, appreciating its natural advantages as a fortress. It must be a grief to him that it is still in British hands, with little immediate prospect of the Nazis being able to drive the garrison out.

ALONG THE HIGHWAYS

June 8.—One of the most attractive of our shrubs Oleander (*Nerium Oleander*) has started to provide us with its annual display of bloom. We noticed some large shrubs in a garden on Avenue Haig that looked, from a distance, as if they were covered with snow; it is a very beautiful picture. The plants are facing north, which is not supposed to be a very good location: but they are very much at home. The oleander is, at times, a difficult plant to establish, it often refuses to grow successfully in an exposed situation, but once it does become established, it thrives. We remember well an old group in Hongkew Park, there were about a dozen large shrubs exposed to the bitterly cold winds that can blow across that place during the winter: every autumn they were carefully protected with straw; but during 1937 conditions rendered the carrying-out of routine duties difficult, and the plants were left unprotected. Some had been damaged during the preceding summer; but those that were alive in the autumn came through the winter with nothing worse than a slight "burning" of the foliage: they flowered extremely well the following spring. The oleander is not the only Mediterranean shrub that has become acclimatized here: the Mediterranean Heather also grows exceedingly well and serves as a substitute for the plant that many of us know so well, Day lilies (*Hemerocallis*) are brightening-up our borders with their orange-coloured flowers that last for one day only: these plants require little or no attention, clumps may be left undisturbed for years and they will continue to provide a good display of flowers. Occasional transplanting and division of the roots does improve them, however; old roots become weak through lack of sufficient nourishment. The plants appreciate a moist situation and if they have the advantage of the shade from a tree at some time during the day, their flowers will be larger and more attractive.—W.J.K.

A PARSON'S LOG

From A Correspondent

"I have nothing to offer," said the Prime Minister on taking office, "but blood and toil, tears and sweat". That is a lofty offer, an offer being made by tens of thousands of our fellow-country men; it is an offer that all should make in some sense to the country that bore them. But when will it also be the mark of our offering on the spiritual front, in the war from which there is no acquittance? Every offering is scriptural. What was it that Jesus offered but blood on the Cross; toil on His dolorous way; tears over Jerusalem; and sweat in Gethsemane, as of blood?

Above the upturned faces of the broken-hearted men and women rose the calm features of Garibaldi, lit up with that serene and simple regard of fortitude and faith which gave him power to lead the feeble multitudes of mortal men....The sonorous, thrilling voice was heard almost to the outskirts of the vast crowd: "I am going out from Rome....I offer neither pay, nor quarters, nor provisions; I offer hunger, thirst, forced marches, battles and death. Let him who loves his country in his heart and not with his lips only, follow me."

Jesus also calls for an uncalculating devotion. "Whosoever he be of you that renounceth not all that he hath, he cannot be my disciple." "He that loveth father or mother more than me is not worthy of me; and he that loveth son or daughter more than me is not worthy of me." Discipleship does not rest on a momentary burst of feeling, an enthusiasm that may wane as quickly as it blazes up. It is for those who have considered the worth of the enterprise of Jesus, and who are prepared to pay the price of sharing in it. An analogy to the kind of devotion Jesus demands is that which a recruit makes when he enters upon the adventure in which he must risk the loss of everything, even his life. A disciple's relatives must take second place in his regard. The first place in his affections must be given to the Kingdom of Heaven. Discipleship demands a dogged endurance; the maintenance of the first ardour right through to the end. There is to be no half-hearted allegiance. Christians are expected to work in His cause ceaselessly and in spite of weariness. The field is large, the toilers few.

The life of Jesus furnishes the principle that human life in all its phases is, at its best, a life of suffering service. The question of His neighbours who were familiar with the circumstance of Jesus' early life, "Is not this the carpenter?" shows clearly how fully He adopted the principle of 'toil and sweat.' It was amongst that class which is dependent for its livelihood upon its capacity for physical toil and endurance that Jesus gained His most thoughtful, whole-hearted adherents, while many of His most beautiful and effective similes are taken from the surroundings of the busy life. And, on the other hand, He reserved His profoundest commiseration for those upon whom superfluous wealth had imposed selfish idleness.

A charge, which has been brought again and again against the Christian religion is that it is too exclusive in its other-worldiness to be of practical value in the midst of life's stern realities. Such an accusation misinterprets completely the whole teaching of Christianity. It is the opposite that is true. Jesus calls men to an heroic self-sacrificing life. "He that doth not take his cross and follow after me, is not worthy of me." For Jesus, the way of the Cross was the way of Life. For all others the same law holds. He who would live for the immediate present will lose eternal good. His values are of time, not of eternity; of sense, not of spirit; of self, not of God. Such a life disintegrates with the inevitability of "dust to dust, ashes to ashes." It has no future. It partakes of the transitoriness of the materialism of a delusive world. Its end is death. But the man or the nation which renounces the vanity of selfish ends will gain eternal good. Wrapped up in the sanctuary of its life is a seed which, being sown in the ground of "blood and toil, tears and sweat," has the potency of eternity within it. For such life partakes of the very life of God. Not only is it fruitful to others, it is fruitful in and by itself. Eternity is hid in its heart. Such a life may seem to the world to be imprisoned; but its prison is a womb. Its end is life.

WAR FUND BAROMETER

The Voluntary War Contribution Fund has been open for 345 days and there have been 7,507 contributors. The War Savings Association has been open for 351 days and there have been 1,175 contributors. The latest totals follow:—

Fund	*Amount* Ch. $	*Contributed* £ Sterling
Central British War Fund	19,736.50	61,919. 1.10*
Vol. War Contribution Fund	7,650.00	170,305.13. 1§
War Savings Association	69,069.37	59,153. 1. 2‡

*—Including weekly transfers from CN$ into £.
§—Including daily transfers from CN$ into £.
‡—Including monthly transfers from CN$ into £.

IN PARENTHESIS

To the Point

A MERCHANT in Dallas, Tex., asked the police to help him decipher the signature on a worthless check. The police did. It was, "U. R. Stuck."

* * *

Strategist

ONE of the Ministry of Information's film units visited a school, and the group of children to whom the film was shown were very attentive indeed.

After the show one of the youngsters sidled up to the operator and whispered. "Can you come again on a Tuesday afternoon, sir?"

"Yes, but why Tuesday?" asked the operator. "Well," said the boy, "we don't like algebra on Tuesday."

* * *

Not Working

A MAN called on a London Auxiliary Fire Service pal and found him standing on the hearth-rug with his back to the fire.

They discussed the weather, Hitler, garden-pests, etc., and presently a spark flew out and landed on the seat of the A.F.S. man's trousers.

He took no notice.

"Your trousers are smouldering," said his friend.

"I know," replied the A.F.S. man, "but this is my day off!"

* * *

Where There's Life

WISHING to get married a couple went to a minister's house just as he was ready to leave for a mid-week service. The preacher explained what he considered a way out of the difficulty.

"You two come to my service, and at the close come forward and I will marry you."

They agreed to this, and when the minister had completed his sermon, in order to give them the cue to come forward, he announced, "All those desiring to be married come forward."

Thirteen women and one man started for the altar.

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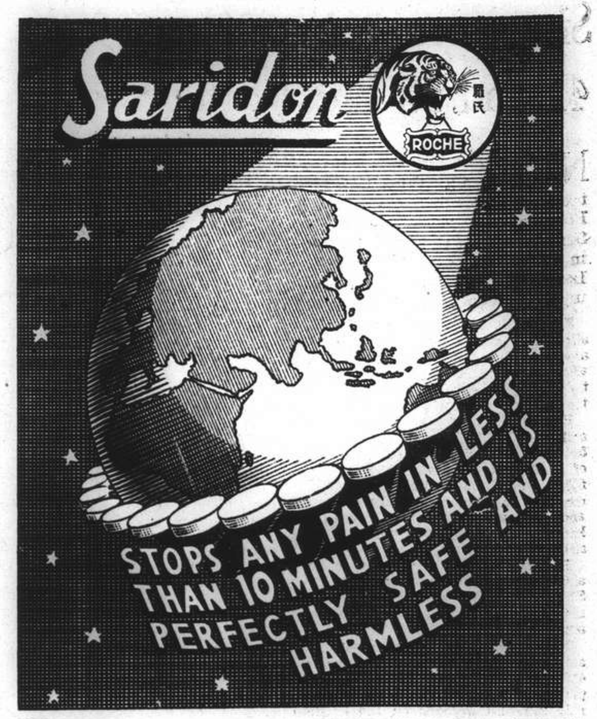

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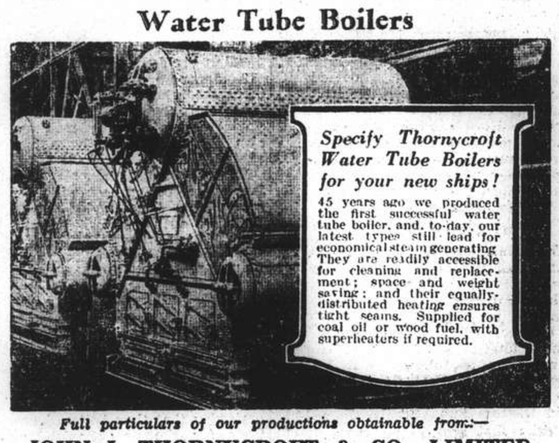
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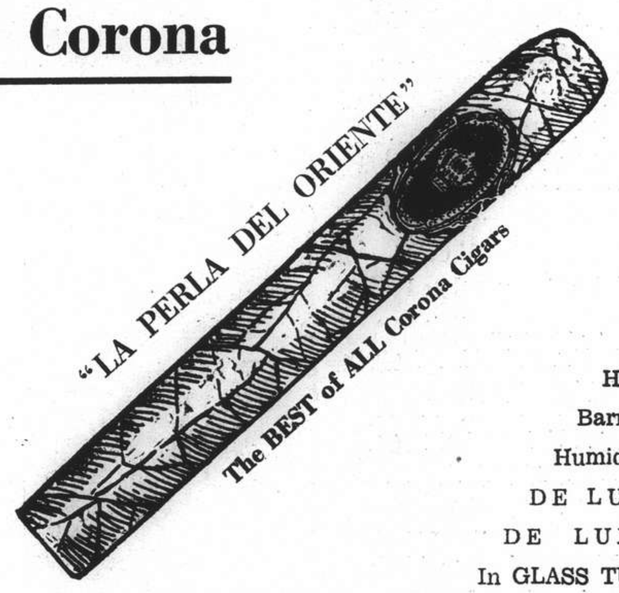

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Japanese See Great Benefits From Pact With Russia

FROM PERCY WHITING
N.C.D.N. Special Correspondent in Japan

Tokyo, June 13.

MUCH significance is being attached here to the conclusion of negotiations for a barter trade agreement between Soviet Russia and Japan. This sequel to the Neutrality Pact signed between the two countries is considered to be extremely advantageous to Japan. But for both countries, the trade accord is expected to be the first tangible step towards improved relations.

Japan's trade with Germany and the Baltic countries is also likely to receive a great fillip, presumably through the use of the Siberian railroads.

The Russo-Japanese trade accord is also expected to lead to other agreements between the two countries dealing with fisheries, boundaries, oil and other concessions on Saghalin Island. A great benefit to Japan will also be the availability of oil and manganese ore from Russia, thus reducing Japan's dependence on unfriendly sources for these necessaries.

With Japan also being allowed to settle accounts in her own currency, imports from Russia appear to be destined for a large increase. On the other hand, the export trade of Japan is expected to be increased by some 30 million yen. Though this figure is not large, a gradual rise is expected.

Friendlier Relations

Tokyo, June 13.

Japanese industrial and financial circles today hailed the new Soviet-Japanese trade agreement, basing their hopes on the expectations the accord would promote the following:

1. Friendlier political relations between Japan and Russia, thus improving prospects that a solution will be reached covering other important pending problems.

2. Japanese trade with countries in northern Europe, particularly Finland and Sweden, through active Soviet co-operation by making Russian shipping and railway facilities available.

Experts attached importance to the fact oil and manganese will be made available to Japan under the accord, pointing out that Britain and the United States have been restricting shipments to Japan of these materials which Japan vitally needs.

Some experts also envisioned establishment of an economic collaboration system involving Japan, Russia and Germany.—United Press.

Offsetting N.E.I. Failure

Washington, June 13.

Commercial authorities claimed yesterday that they believed negotiations for the new Soviet-Japanese trade pact had been timed largely to offset Japan's disappointment over failure of her negotiations with the Netherlands East Indies.

Experts doubted that Soviet Russia and Japan could exchange any substantial amounts of strategically important materials although Russia might send Japan more petroleum from Sakhalien. The amount of oil which Russia could release to Japan was believed to be relatively small, however, compared to Japan's normal consumption.

It was believed that the trade arrangement was largely symbolic, to fulfil public demands after signature of the neutrality pact between the two nations.

Long Distances

Experts said that Russian manganese production was centred in the Caucasus, far distant from Japan, and that transportation of this overland would be too costly, even if railway cars were available. They also pointed out that Soviet fertilizer is produced at points from 3,000 to 6,000 miles from Japan, which would also necessitate a costly overland haul. Soviet production of platinum was not considered important.

It was presumed that Japan can supply Russia with considerable raw silk, but this was not particularly significant to the Soviets except for use in making parachutes.

Experts claimed that Japan was highly deficient in machines, and therefore would not likely send Russia any machines of importance. Japan might provide Russia with some camphor oil and optical or electrical instruments.—United Press.

Churchill's Speech Well Received In N.E.I.

Batavia, June 13.

Mr. Winston Churchill's address to the House of Commons has been very favourably received in the Netherlands East Indies. Admiration is also being expressed for the manner in which the debate was conducted.

A political commentator points out that even in times such as these, when it may be advisable and even necessary for a Government at war to withhold public explanations from the people, England has observed her age-old traditions. The debate in the House of Commons on the battle of Crete was a magnificent example of true Democracy.

Constructive Criticism

Mr. Churchill by his fervour and spirit and the frankness of his reply had shown how criticism was valued by his Government. This criticism was quiet, profound and constructive with no signs of violence or anger.

The press says Mr. Churchill's speech was very dignified. He did not speak in the tone of conqueror but neither did he show discouragement. His words expressed supreme confidence in the further development of the war. A confidence based on a careful weighing of chances and possibilities where both parties are concerned.

Although Mr. Churchill for obvious reasons could not be too outspoken he had nevertheless given a clear insight into the gigantic task which England faces in this war.—Reuter.

India's "Terriers" to Become Regulars

Simla, June 13.

The first step to convert Indian Territorial units into a regular army was announced here today.

In accordance with an assurance given by the Commander-in-Chief at the last session of the Council of State, a scheme of expansion, giving wider provincial representations, is now under way to add five new regiments to the Indian Army.

The King has already approved the constitution of the Bengal, Assam and Bihar regiments and the reconstitution of the Madras regiment. The two other regiments to be constituted under the scheme are the Mazbhai Sikh and the Mahar regiments.

The scheme comprises not only direct recruitment in the areas concerned but evisages initially the conversion, voluntarily, of Indian Territorial force battalions into regular units.

The Assam regiment is being raised from the personnel of the Assam Rifles, the Bengal regiment from the 16th Bengal battalion, I.T.F., and the Bihar regiment from the 11th and 19th Hyderabadad regiment, I.T.F.

Four existing battalions of Madras Territorials will be converted into regular units.—Reuter.

Control of N. China Waterways Tightened

Peiping, June 12.

To prevent supplies from falling into Chungking hands and also to ensure a smooth flow of vital materials for the maintenance of peace and order in the hinterlands, complete control over all important waterways in North China will be instituted on July 1 by the North China Traffic Company, it was announced today.

Under the new order, which was issued by the Commander of the Waterway Corps of the Japanese North China Expeditionary Force, all ship-owners will be required to join the Ship-owners' Association, which was created in May of this year, for the purpose of developing North China waterways under a five-year plan. Those failing to join will be refused navigation permits or have their present permits taken away.

Ship-owners engaging in transportation of freight or passengers must report details to the Traffic Company through the Ship-owners' Association and act according to the Traffic Company's directions. Loading capacities of all ships must be registered before June 30.—Domei.

Financial Conference In Chungking

Chungking, June 13.

A national finance conference, lasting eight days, will be formally opened here on Sunday, June 15.

It is understood that over 300 delegates will attend the conference, including representatives of provincial and municipal governments, and also financial experts.

The conference agenda, it is learned, will include questions regarding budget expenditure and revenue, and the treasury. It is reported that the question of food will also be brought up for discussion.—Reuter.

Peiping Gets Rain; Slaughter Banned

Peiping, June 12.

Peiping observed a slaughterless day on June 10 when the Municipal Government banned all slaughter as a result of the recent prayers for rain having been answered, says the "Sin Min Pao."

Until a few days ago, Peiping went through an exceedingly dry period and fears were entertained for crops, but there have been daily showers since prayers for rain were said by all Buddhist associations and organizations.—Havas Telemondial.

Japan Puts More Ships On Vladivostok Run

Tokyo, June 12.

The Nippon Kai (Japan Sea) Steamship Company is planning to place more passenger-cargo ships in service connecting Vladivostok with Japan ports, such as Niigata, Fushiki and Tsuruga on the Japan Sea, in anticipation of increased trade between Japan and the Soviet Union resulting from the Soviet-Japanese trade and payment agreements, it was learned today. So far only two freighters and passenger-cargo vessels are plying on a three-times-a-month schedule between Tsuruga and Vladivostok.

In the meantime, it was understood that the North Korean Line will in the near future extend shipping lines as far as Vladivostok.—Domei.

First Indian V.C. of War Congratulated

Simla, June 13.

Sir Sikander Hyat Khan, the Prime Minister of Punjab, today cabled Second Lieutenant P. S. Bhagat, the first Indian V.C. of the present war, congratulations on behalf of the Government and people of Punjab.

"Punjab is proud of your gallant exploit and your well-deserved decoration, which is the first Indian Victoria Cross of this war," declared the message.—Reuter.

Manchoukuo to Have China Consulates

Peiping, June 12.

The Manchoukuo Government plans to establish consulates in Peiping, Tientsin, Tsingtao, Tsinan and Shanghai simultaneously, according to a spokesman of the Tientsin Office of the Manchoukuo Government, the "Sin Min Pao" stated today.

The Consulate-General in Tientsin will be inaugurated around the end of this month or early in July.—Havas Telemondial.

Tokyo Press Says U.S., Britain Undermining Japan

Tokyo, June 13.

The "Nichi Nichi Shimbun," in a special despatch from Hanoi, charged today that the United States and Great Britain had taken advantage of the deadlock in the Batavia parleys to start joint activities in Indo-China and Thailand in order to increase their economic blockade against Japan. The despatch cited information alleged to have been received from reliable quarters to support the charge.

Great Britain, in line with U.S. pressure on the Netherlands East Indies to enforce an oil embargo against Japan, was at present pressing Thailand to supply Britain with all exports intended for Japan in exchange for supplies of petrol, the despatch claimed.

British and American "moneyed interests" were said to be collaborating with Chinese merchants and others in an effort to corner the exports of rice from Thailand and Indo-China in order to block shipments to Japan, the despatch added.

Shipments Said Delayed

The "Nichi Nichi" despatch said that Saigon rice shipments to Japan on the basis of the agreement between the two countries had been delayed recently and said that Indo-China authorities "preposterously" had proposed to cut in half the amounts fixed for export during June, July and August.

The "Nichi Nichi" simultaneously published a special despatch from Bangkok alleging that the British, with their oil supplies as bait, were attempting to corner Thailand's output of rubber and tin in order to prevent these supplies from reaching Japan and the other Axis powers.—United Press.

Renewal of Chinese Air Activity Seen

Hongkong, June 13.

The "Overseas Chinese Daily News," vernacular daily published here, reported today on good authority from Chungking that the 100 American-built fighting planes which arrived in Chungking some time ago recently have been put under the fighter command of the Chungking air force.

The paper quoted official quarters in Chungking as indicating that Chinese air activities will soon be resumed over the various fronts and over Japanese-occupied areas.

According to the report, the United States has promised to send more planes of modern type to Chungking, among them a number of Flying Fortresses.

The paper also cited a Washington report that American volunteer pilots have applied to the United States Government for permission to offer their services to Chungking.—Domei.

U.S. Said Taking Over Malaya in Crisis

Bangkok, June 13.

Reports published by the Thailand Daily News that the Malay States will be placed under United States control in the event of an emergency are attracting widespread attention, says a Japanese report.

The paper alleged that Sir Shenton Thomas, Governor-General of Malaya, informed local district officcs that the United States would take over control if an urgent situation developed.

Meanwhile, another Japanese report says the Chungking military mission to Singapore has concluded a secret military agreement with British military officials whereby Singapore would be used jointly by Chungking and Britain in an emergency.—Reuter.

Australian Envoy to China to Be Named

Camberra, June 13.

The Prime Minister Mr. Robert G. Menzies, was expected to reveal the name of Australia's first Minister to Chungking when he will make an important nation-wide radio address on June 17. The Australian Cabinet yesterday selected the Minister to Chungking, it was learned.—Domei.

Allies Thank India

Simla, June 13.

Appreciation of India's generosity was expressed in messages received by the Viceroy from General de Gaulle, leader of the Free French, and the heads of the Norwegian, Polish, Belgian, and Netherlands Governments in London as well as the Czech Red Cross in London, acknowledging the contribution of £15,000 rrom the Viceroy's War Fund for the welfare of Allied forces in the United Kingdom.—Reuter.

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Princess Juliana in The New World

This is the latest picture of Princess Juliana of the Netherlands and her two children, taken in Canada. She is now in Boston, where she hopes to meet her husband, Prince Bernhard, once again.

U.S. Running Short Of Tungsten

Washington, June 13.

The Office of Production Management yesterday asked high-speed tool and steel customers to specify use of molybdenum instead of tungsten in their orders because supplies of tungsten from the Orient were dwindling.

Mr. Edward R. Stettinius, raw materials director of the O.P.M., said the Government would concentrate on obtaining supplies this year of 15,000 short tons compared to a possible increase in tungsten consumption up to 20,000 tons.

"The supply figure, of course, will be affected if imports from China are cut off."—United Press.

Italy Seizes Three Mexican Ships

Mexico City, June 13.

The Mexican Government was reported yesterday to have received official notification from Italy that the Fascist Government had seized three oil tankers Italy previously had built for Mexico at Genoa.

Simultaneously, it was reported that Captain Alfredo Medina, whom the Mexican Government had sent to Italy to bring the tankers to this country, has been appointed military attache to the Mexican Legation in Italy.

It was recalled that Mexico recently seized several Axis vessels in Mexican ports.—United Press.

Chungking Welcomes Extrality Statement

Chungking, June 13.

Chinese newspapers this morning unanimously hailed as "the foundation of Anglo-Chinese friendship," the announcement by Mr. R. A. Butler, British Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, of British readiness to relinquish extraterritorial rights and return concessions when peace and order are restored to China.—Reuter.

U.S. Plans Against Invasion

Washington, June 13.

The War Department has assigned a staff officer to make plans for actual war strategy against invasion. He had been instructed to plan for defence of the north-eastern industrial area. It is believed that strategic plans which will later be made for other parts of the country will be extended to use off-shore bases.—Reuter.

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WATSONS

Petrol Restrictions In U.S. Likely

Washington, June 13.

Petrol restrictions for eastern states of the United States appear inevitable, Secretary of the Interior, Mr. Harold P. Ickes, told the press yesterday. He hoped to have a plan for civilian conservation of oil ready in a week or two.

He revealed that he had asked the Maritime Commission to advise him which American-owned tankers were now flying foreign flags and whether these could be pressed into service to relieve the oil famine on the East Coast.

Oil trade sources said they were convinced that Mr. Ickes plan to avert a threatened oil shortage this winter would also permit the continuation of oil shipments to Japan. It is estimated that Japan is receiving about 1,000,000 barrels monthly from the United States, excluding aviation spirits.—Reuter.

N.Z. Confidence in Freyberg Expressed

Wellington, June 13.

The New Zealand Parliament yesterday passed a resolution moved by the Acting Prime Minister, Mr. Nash, expressing admiration for the courage, tenacity and determination of the New Zealanders in Crete and confidence in Gen. Bernard Cyril Freyberg, V.C., Commander-in-Chief in Crete.—Reuter.

Alleged British Protest

Bangkok, June 13.

Heard here, the official British radio reported that Britain had made representations to Thailand regarding shipment of Thai rubber and tin to Germany. It was understood that Britain expected a reply within a few days.—Domei.

Chengtu Earthquake

Chengtu, June 13.

A slight earthquake shock was felt in Chengtu last evening at 6.18 p.m., but no damage was caused.—Reuter.

Princess Juliana Arrives in Boston

Boston, June 13.

Crown Princess Juliana of the Netherlands, accompanied by her husband, Prince Consort Bernhard, arrived here yesterday with an official party for a four-day visit to New England. The "refugee" Princess, who has seen living in Canada, will receive an honorary degree from Mt. Holyoke College. Mr. Leverett Saltonstall, Governor of Massachusetts, officially welcomed the party.

Prince Bernhard said he would confer with President Roosevelt at Hyde Park next Thursday. He said the conference was arranged when he arrived in Montreal last Monday.

The Prince Consort indicated the conference would deal with defences of the British Isles and Dutch activities in aiding the Allied cause.—United Press.

CONSIDERABLE importance attached to the audience which His Majesty gave at Buckingham Palace to Admiral Muselier, Commander-in-Chief of the Free French Navy recently. It was the first time the King had met the Free French naval chief, and the first opportunity His Majesty had had of discussing matters with any of the Free French leaders since the incident of the French short batteries firing on British destroyers. Admiral Muselier discussed with the King the disposition of his own naval units and the probable disposition of the remainder of the French Fleet, under Admiral Darlan. He was able to assure the King that the spirit among the officers and men under his command is excellent in every respect.

Don't ask, "How will I ever get through today?" Get the quick relief you want plus the alkalizer you need in Alka-Seltzer. It settles your stomach *fast*. Not a laxative.

Drink VITO-MILK
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THE PUREST MILK MADE
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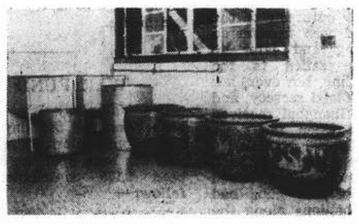
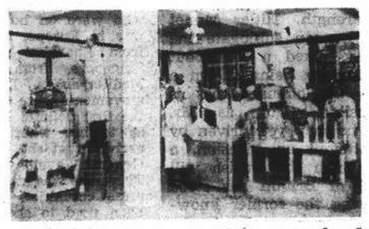
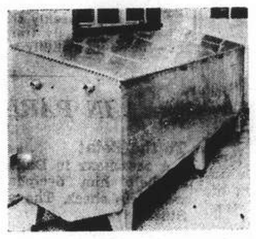


How the best beans are sorted and soaked.

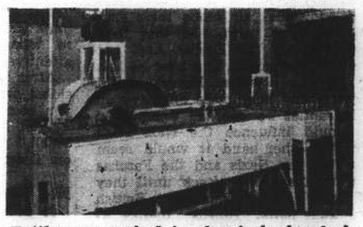


Soaked beans are ground in an enclosed modern mill—no dust or dirt can touch them.

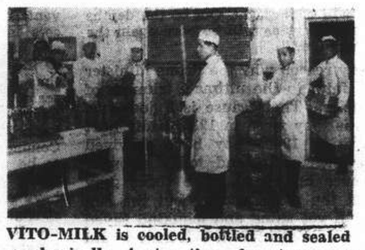


Here the Egg Yolks, Calcium, Sugar are added and flavored with Almond, Walnut and Peanut.

The Raw milk is steamed, pasteurized to 200 F. and mixed with Vitamin A. and D.



Bottles are soaked in chemicals, brushed, cleaned, rinsed and sterilized in steaming chamber before bottling.



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FROM DAY TO DAY

THE subject of the 9.20 p.m., talk from XCDN tonight is "The Air Force and the Empire War Effort".

MR. Gichi Marukami, President of the Nippon Tsuun Kaisha, arrived in Shanghai Thursday in the ss. Kobe Maru, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports.

DR. C. Eu-yang, general secretary of the Health League of China, will broadcast over XMHD frequency 760, today at 3.30 p.m. on the subject "Cholera."

THE Shanghai Municipal Council has decided that where theatres in the International Settlement issue special tickets to men in uniform entertainment tax will not be required.

IN our Sunday issue our readers will find another contribution to the recently instituted "Allied Tribune." Its title is "Freedom," a topic which is today closer to our hearts than ever before.

THE Carlisle Quartette will sing some lovely English airs from the Studio of XCDN tonight 9.30 p.m. These songs include "Who is Sylvia?" and are taken from Shakespearean plays.

THE service in Union Church at 10.45 a.m. tomorrow will be conducted by Rev. F. G. Onley, general secretary of the Religious Tract Society, who has recently returned from furlough in England.

CEREMONIES marking the opening of the Woosung Branch of the Central China Fisheries Company will be held at 11 a.m. Monday, at the new branch market in Woosung, according to the "Tairiku Shimpo."

THE Market Garden Fair to be held on Wednesday, will now take place in Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Hayim's garden, 402 Avenue Haig (next to Haig Court), from 4 p.m. to 10 p.m. All profits are for British War Funds

THE distribution of prizes to the children of the Shanghai Jewish School will take place on Monday next at 5 p.m. at the school's auditorium, 544 Seymour Road. All parents and friends of the school are welcome to attend.

THE Ministry of Education will shortly summon a conference of authorities on education to discuss the problem of promoting and improving the education of people in the border provinces and outlying dependencies, says a Chungking message to the "Cheng Yien Pao."

MILITARY conscription examinations for Japanese youths in Shanghai which were begun on May 21, were completed on Thursday. Among those who passed the examinations was one youth of Japanese and German extraction, according to the "Tairiku Shimpo."

ENTRANCE examinations to the Central China Telegraph School, which has been established on Markham Road in order to train Chinese wireless operators, will be held at Shanghai, Nanking, Soochow and Hangchow for two days on June 21 and 22, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports.

THE Kansu Provincial Government has concluded a C$2,000,000 loan with the Joint Offices of the four government banks for the development of agriculture, particularly cotton and wheat cultivation during the current year, says a Lanchow message to the "Chinese American Daily News."

GENERAL Chang Jui-king has been appointed by the National Military Council of the National Government to the post of Commander of the Provisionally Organized Independent 7th Brigade, which for some time past has been in charge of the defence of the Nanking areas, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports.

DR. T. K. Tchou has been asked to broadcast for the Shanghai Anti-Tuberculosis Association today from 7 to 7.30 p.m., in Chinese on the subject of "Tuberculosis of the Skin," over XMHD (through the courtesy of the Shanghai Christian Broadcasting Association) operating on frequency of 760 kilocycles wave length 395 metres.

AMONGST those who left yesterday in the ss. President Cleveland for San Francisco and Los Angeles were—Lt.-Colonel E. F. C. Collier and Lt.-Colonel R. H. Draeger of the U.S. Marine Corps; Dr. F. L. Hawks Pott and Mrs. Hawks Pott; Dr. F. J. O'Hara, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Rayden, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Boyes and Messrs V. A. Bryson, H. F. Merrill.

GENERAL Chiang Kai-shek has approved the plans submitted by Mr. Cheng Ching-yun, Political Vice-Minister of Overseas Affairs, to raise contributions from overseas Chinese to buy the Chinese Government 2,000 pursuit planes, says the "Sin Wan Pao." Mr. Chen will first proceed to British Malaya to raise contributions from the Chinese there, the report states.

FOLLOWING representations made on behalf of the larger exchange shops, the Shanghai Municipal Council has decided to reduce the present licence fee of $120 a quarter on a twelve foot frontage to $75 per quarter for exchange shops pending further examination of the question by the new Sources of Revenue Committee. There are approximately 69 of these exchange shops.

1,125 acres of new salt fields will be added to those already existing in the Taipu area northeast of Haichow, in north-eastern Kiangsu, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports. According to the paper, work on the laying out of new fields was begun at the end of last year at an estimated cost Y.1,090,000. It was added by the daily that an additional five-year plan is under way to lay out a further 25,000 acres for the production of salt.

OVER US$500,000 have been contributed to the Chinese Government, since the outbreak of Sino-Japanese hostilities, by the 2,300 Chinese citizens in Los Angeles, according to a report made by Dr. Lin Yu-tang, which was published by the "Ta Kung Pao" in Chungking on Thursday, the "Cheng Yien Pao" states. The contributions include US$140,000 in Chinese Government bonds, US$30,000 for refugee relief funds, 64 heavy trucks valued at US$65,000, US$110,000 in national aviation bonds and US$30,000 for the soldiers' winter clothes fund, the report adds.

Britain Fights Defensive War But Shows More Aggression

THE Allied drive into Syria was cited as an excellent indication of the increasing aggressiveness of Britain in the war against Hitlerism, but Mr. Alfred Morley sounded a warning against untimely optimism in his weekly commentary over Station XCDN last night; Britain is still fighting a defensive war. The Nazis, however, will remain cheated of victory unless they can win the Battle of the Atlantic or invade Britain—both dreams which appear to be nowhere near realization. And with President Roosevelt showing that he means business by quelling the strike at Inglewood, California, there seems to be little doubt that material aid from the United States will be greatly speeded up. The text of Mr. Morley's speech follows:—

When Mr. Winston Churchill reminded the House of Commons that the vast scene of the war has to be viewed as a whole and that it is lop-sided and misleading to pick out particular parts, sectors or phases for the forming of judgments, he administered a corrective from which we all ought to profit. His admonition to the House that the conduct of the war has been entrusted to himself and the Cabinet, working in close collaboration with the Chiefs of the Services, and that it is unreasonable to hold public debates or inquests on each and every operation, was timely and much needed.

Those Who Know

Only those at the very centre and possessing the fullest knowledge of supplies, dispositions, strategy and a great mass of secret information are in any way qualified to say whether this or that operation was justified, whether it was a success or failure, whether risks were worth taking, and what is the effect on the total war effort. What matters most is the confidence, or lack of it, with which those in charge of the war pursue their difficult and responsible task, and on that score we need never for a moment entertain doubt or misgiving. If our democratic institutions give us the right to question and criticize they also impose on us the duty of loyalty towards those chosen as leaders unless we are convinced that they are unfitted or unworthy.

I believe that Tuesday's debate in the House of Commons has had good effect—if only to make less likely a repetition of this foolish, dangerous and unnecessary calling to account of men in the midst of a vast and complex undertaking. But it has had greater effect than that, because it again made plain that Britain is still fighting—in the main—a defensive war. The enemy is still stronger than we are; we haven't yet caught up. We shouldn't be wanting America's material air if that were not the case. Britain's principal task remains, at the moment, that of avoiding defeat where defeat would be decisive and as Mr. Churchill said, if the next six months find Britain in no worse position than now, a famous chapter will have been written in the military history of Britain and the British Commonwealth of nations.

We are in a single-handed fight against Germany and Italy who draw at least some measure of support from Vichy; Hitler dominates the Continent and the whole of its resources; he is on a great land base where he can move swiftly and in terrific strength. He could strike down Yugoslavia and Greece, he could reach out to Crete and gain that island, and he may strike at Egypt and the Suez and possibly at Gibraltar and Malta. He strikes at British shipping, but he knows that unless he can decisively win the Battle of the Atlantic or successfully invade Britain itself he will remain cheated of victory.

Faith is Essential

And in the prevention of that victory, Mr. Churchill and the Cabinet—with all the facts, plans and data before them and with all the expert advice at their disposal—must be given our trust and confidence. Ours is a growing strength. Britain's production constantly hits new records; the industrial resources and output of the Empire are coming more and more into play; and from the United States we have the assurance of such an eventual flow of material military aid as will enable to be inflicted upon Hitler that defeat for which the majority of the world yearns and prays.

The lights and shadows of war are bound to alternate. If we lost Crete in May, let us remember that on her own confession, Italy suffered nearly 40,000 casualties during the same month. If we lost the Hood, we sank the Bismarck; if we lost shipping, we destroyed many enemy ships too, and a great many more aircraft than we lost ourselves. We are cleaning up in Abyssinia; we are strongly prepared to defend Egypt, and we have this week taken the initiative in Syria to prevent that French mandated territory from becoming a Nazi base of operations against us.

This, of course, is the big news of the week. It has been hailed as showing that Britain does not intend always to wait for the scales to be against her before taking action. The facts of the case are quite simple. Vichy and the French authorities in Syria allowed Syrian air ports and bases to be used by the Germans against the British in Iraq. They also allowed a strong infiltration of so-called Nazi tourists. If Syrian aerodromes could be used by the Nazis en route to Iraq could they not, also be used by the Nazis en route to Suez?

Aided By Free French

In pursuance of its determination to fight the Germans wherever found, Britain—in collaboration with a strong force of Free French troops—crossed the frontier on Sunday and are now entering Damascus, are within a few miles of Beirut, and are driving into the country along several routes. With Free French troops going forward to meet French, there was little serious fighting at the outset, but there have been more stubborn engagements since, which Vichy has grossly exaggerated.

Vichy has made some astounding accusations. Britain is accused of wanting to steal French colonies—although strictly speaking Syria is not a French colony but a territory under mandate from the League of Nations; also of deliberately attacking a weak opponent in order to regain prestige after Crete. The world knows otherwise. It is purely an act of self-defence; a preventative precaution wholly justified by Vichy's attitude towards the Nazis and towards Britain.

Britain's patience and tolerance could stand no more. Admiral Darlan has pledged full collaboration with Berlin in setting up a new order in Europe; French industries in both occupied and unoccupied France are working to satisfy Germany's needs; France is being turned into something little short of an Axis satellite; and, finally, French controlled territory has been used for Nazi military purposes. Vichy cannot, therefore, complain if Britain defends herself against further "collaboration" between France and Germany in Syria. It is a tragic story which, to put it at the lowest, does little credit to the intelligence of those Frenchmen who believe that there can be any future for France in a Europe dominated by Nazi Germany.

Roosevelt Rises to Occasion

This week has also seen confirmation of the point I made last Friday, to the effect that President Roosevelt is now armed with powers to act in order to speed up production and delivery of war materials to Britain. As strikers in the big aviation plant at Inglewood, California, did not obey orders to return to work the President put the army in possession and so got the plant back into operation. That was no mean decision to make, but it has won approval because America means business.

Both labour and capital must be co-operative partners in this great and urgent drive for weapons, and still more weapons, and if and wherever that cooperation might not be forthcoming the President has his emergency powers to use, and all the force of the State to back him. The figures of which President Roosevelt gave on Wednesday showing the extent of aid already given to Britain under the Lease and Lend Bill were striking evidence of the dimensions of the material assistance which the United States is pledged to give America is as yet only at the beginning of what will prove the mightiest arms production drive in all history.

And then, this morning, we received the text of the historic Allied declaration made in London yesterday and of the wonderful fighting speech by Mr. Churchill. In that Allied resolution and in Churchill's speech was contained the spirit which Hitler will find he can never break. He is being overtaken in military strength, he is being fought wherever opportunity occurs. We must still expect to take hard knocks while holding him at bay but we must never lose sight of the ultimate vision of a world reconstructed and set free.

Puerto Rican Court Finds Italians Guilty

San Juan, P.R., June 13.

A Federal Court jury last night found Captain Guigni and 25 crewmen off the Italian ship, Colorado, guilty of conspiracy to commit sabotage.

Captain Guigni, in his closing plea to the jury, accepted full responsibility for destruction of the vessel. He said he had ordered the men to scuttle the vessel while covering them with a loaded revolver and admitted that he would have shot anyone refusing to obey his orders.—United Press.

La Pasionaria Given Sentence in Madrid

Madrid, June 13.

A communist, Senora Dolores Ibarrui Gomez, whose impassioned speeches during the civil war made her known throughout the world as La Pasionaria, has been condemned to a fine of 25,000,000 pesetas, which is equivalent to loss of all possessions, and banishment for 15 years. The tribunal also recommended that La Pasionaria, who is believed to be in Russia, be deprived of Spanish nationality.—Reuter.

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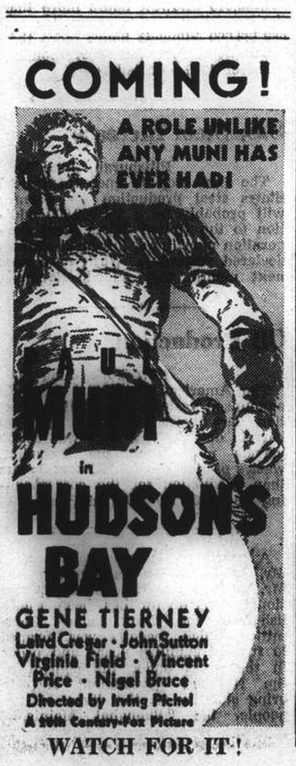
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GENE TIERNEY
Laird Cregar · John Sutton
Virginia Field · Vincent Price · Nigel Bruce
Directed by Irving Pichel
A 20th Century-Fox Picture

WATCH FOR IT!

SHIPPING NEWS

After a 42-hour stay in Shanghai, the D.K.K. liner ss. **Hoten Maru** on the Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen run will be sailing for northern ports again tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock from the company's Whangpoo Wharf. The vessel came into port yesterday afternoon.

* * *

An analysis of the American Merchant Marine has recently been completed by the American Bureau of Shipping. The data used by the Bureau are based on returns made on October 1, 1940, whereas the comparative world figures given are the latest available.

* * *

The flagship of the American President Lines, the ss. **President Coolidge**, is due to arrive in Shanghai the morning of June 18 from Manila and Hongkong. She will be tieing up at lower buoys 11 and 12, and after remaining here overnight, will sail for San Francisco and Los Angeles, stopping at Honolulu but omitting Japan ports.

* * *

On October 1, 1940, it is stated, there were 1,304 ocean-going vessels of 2,000 tons or over under the American flag, while ships under all other flags totalled 8,742. Of the American ships only 101, or 7.8 per cent., were under five years of age, while 1,367, or 15.6 per cent. of the world fleet, minus the United States, were in the "new" class. The United States has 38 ships between five and 10 years old, or 2.9 per cent. of its fleet, as against 863 ships, or 9.9 per cent., for the rest of the world.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive today are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From NAGASAKI: Shanghai Maru, with mail, due 4 p.m., Wayside Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York		From Honolulu	
Nankai M	— 27/6	Tatuta M	10/6 7/7
D. Aurora	— 8/7	**From Manila**	
D Jackson	— 9/7	P C'lidge	12/6 18/6
Dona Nati	— 19/7	**From Yokohama**	
From Los Angeles		Asama M	19/6 23/6
Asama M	12/5 23/6	Toyooka M	— 30/6
P Taft	— 2/7	**From Kobe**	
Tatuta M	2/6 7/7	Talyo M	13/6 15/6
From San Fco.		**From Nagasaki**	
Tatuta M	5/6 7/7	N'saki M	15/6 16/6
From Seattle			
Coldbrook	25/5 16/6		
Satartia	29/5 20/6		

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen	
T'tao M	14/6 16/6

Vessels Sailing

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JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

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AMERICA

NANKAI M. From SHANGHAI to June 28. NEW YORK via PANAMA Calling SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, CRISTOBAL, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE For Freight please apply to O.S.K Line, 20 Canton Road, Tel. 15324. 28-6

VLADIVOSTOK

U.S.A. mv. Komiles sailing for VLADIVOSTOCK, on June 14. For Freight please apply to Union Steamship Agency, 51 Canton Road, Telephone 11706. 14-6

The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Karachi		For Manila	
Toyooka M	1/7	Coldbrook	18/6
For Colombo		Asama M	24/6
Tottori M	16/6	Cape Flattery	28/6
For New York		P Taft	3/7
Nankai M	28/6	Tatuta M	8/7
Dona Aurora	11/7	P Jackson	10/7
Dona Nati	22/7	Dona Aurora	11/7
For Los Angeles		Dona Nati	22/7
Yawata M	14/6	**For Hongkong**	
P Coolidge	19/6	Coldbrook	18/6
Asama M	5/7	Cape Flattery	28/6
P Pierce	5/7	P Taft	3/7
Dona Aurora	11/7	P Jackson	10/7
P Taft	16/7	Dona Aurora	11/7
Tatuta M	19/7	Dona Nati	22/7
Dona Nati	22/7	**For Kobe and Yokohama**	
For San Fco.		Yawata M	14/6
Yawata M	14/6	Taiyo M	18/6
P Coolidge	19/6	P Coolidge	19/6
Asama M	5/7	P Pierce	5/7
P Pierce	5/7	P Taft	16/7
P Taft	16/7	**For Nagasaki**	
Tatuta M	19/7	Shanghai M	15/6
For Seattle		Nagasaki M	17/6
Coldbrook	18/6	Kobe M	19/6
Satartia	22/6	**For Dairen**	
Cape Flattery	28/6	Hoten M	15/6
		Tsingtao M	18/6
		Tientsin M	21/6
		Hoten M	23/6

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Hinoki M.	Dairen	Y.K.K.
Husan M.	Tsingtao	N.Y.K.
Yawata M.	Hongkong	N.Y.K.
Anwoo	Hsinkong	Chung Hua
Yamagata M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Hoten M.	Dairen	D.K.K.
Tottori M.	Mitike	N.Y.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Potter	Am.	A.P.L.
Kobe M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Meiturig	Am.	S.V.O.C.
Pres. Cleveland	Am.	A.P.L.
Nitto M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Toyooka M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Ital.	Gbt.	1-2 B.
Lepanto	Ital.	Gbt.	1-2 B.

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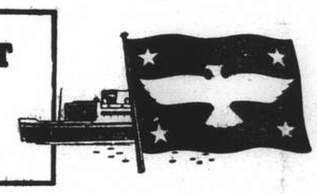

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*PRES. COOLIDGE	June 19
PRES. PIERCE	July 5
PRES. TAFT	July 16
PRES. CLEVELAND	Aug. 3
PRES. COOLIDGE	Aug. 13
PRES. PIERCE	Aug. 30
PRES. TAFT	Sept. 10
PRES. CLEVELAND	Sept. 28
PRES. COOLIDGE	Oct. 8
PRES. PIERCE	Oct. 25

* Omitting Japan ports

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA

PRES. TAFT	July 3
PRES. JACKSON	July 10
PRES. CLEVELAND	July 21
PRES. COOLIDGE	July 29
PRES. HAYES	Aug. 7

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ss. HOTEN MARU	(Arrive) June 13	(Leave) June 15	at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU		June 16	June 18 at 9 a.m.
ss. TIENTSIN MARU		June 20	June 21 at 3 p.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU		June 21	June 23 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU		June 23	June 25 at 9 a.m.

DAIREN-TIENTSIN LINE (Sailing from Dairen)

ss. CHOHEI MARU	June 16	at	2 p.m.
ss. MANJYU MARU	June 18	at	5 p.m.

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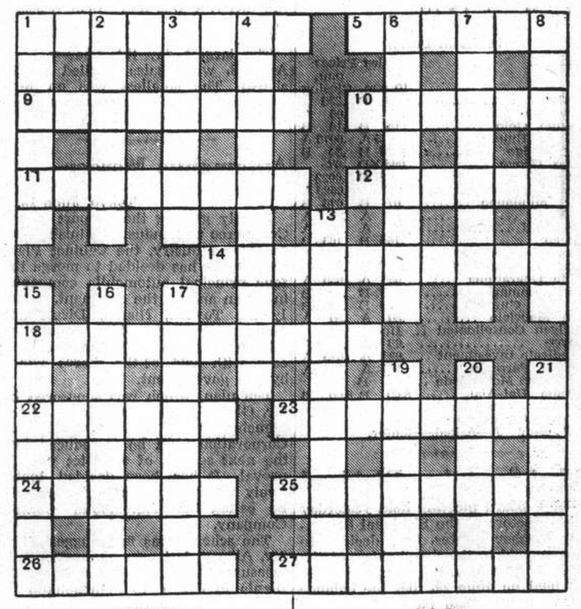

ACROSS

1 All or part of the nurse's uniform (3)
5 A suitable part of London for convalescence, thinks the Cockney (6)
9 "Coin mart" (anag.) (8)
10 Describes many a rope (6)
11 As a rule (8)
12 Italian statesman (6)
14 Suitable payment to those landlords who "grind the poor" (10)
18 A certain ass finds out if he is made to (10)
22 Country that has changed its name (6)
23 A funny fellow this to win the Derby (8)
24 Breathe in healthy combination (6)
25 Heavenly not necessarily divine (8)
26 Bird (6)
27 The wrong way round? Yes and no! (8)

DOWN

1 The electrician's medium of correspondence? (6)
2 Billiard players don't like this from the marker when they are taking a stroke (6)
3 Essential part of an aerodrome (6)
4 A way that sounds like that to Gretna Green (two words—6, 4)
6 Australian Queen (8)
7 A little user of the lasso? Wrong! (8)
8 Make from green tea (8)
13 For a boat to do this is not to become a reptile (two words—4, 6)
15 The Red Indian's idea of camouflage? (8)
16 Common description of a day when it is 90 in the shade (8)
17 What may keep many a clerk to his legal studies (8)
19 You want company here to stick together (6)
20 A feature of the Armstrongs? (6)
21 Phlegmatic (6)

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 8, Advocate; 9, Aright; 10, Vivisect; 12, Sanded; 15, Stagecraft; 19, Flog; 21, Apparel; 22, Textile; 23, Imam; 24, Ringleader; 27, Gothic; 30, Leg-break; 33, Bourse; 33, Casualty. DOWN: 1, Adrift; 2, Boxing; 3, Cape; 4, Seat; 5, Basset; 6, Mien; 7, Shoe; 11, Corelli; 13, Dallied; 14, Dog's-ear; 15, Soaring; 16, Asphalt; 17, Earl; 18, Fatigue; 20, Axle; 24, Racket; 25, Abroad; 26, Ecarte; 28, Oxon; 29, Herd; 30, Loch; 31, Gust.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

FRIDAY, JUNE 13, 1941

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 5/32d.	$ 73.14
U.S. $100 @ 5/16	$1,860.47
Yen	22¾ $100
Guilders	10 100
Rupees	18¼ 100
Pesos	10⅝ 100
Hongkong	$21⅛ 100

Closing rates unchanged.

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 11/32d.	$ 71.77
U.S. $100 @ 5 1/16	$1,839.00
London—demand, $1=	3 11/32d.
4 months' sight credits	3 13/32d.
4 months' sight docts	3 7/16d.
6 months' sight credits	3 7/16d.
6 months' sight docts	3 11/32d
New York—demand, $100=	U.S. $5 7/16
4 months' sight credits	U.S. $5½
4 months' sight docts	U.S. $5 5/16

Closing rates unchanged.

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $4.03¼ U.S. $1=59.52d.

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling .... 3 11/32d. U.S. $5⅜
Hongkong/London 1/3

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders .....Selling 10

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,839.060 £1=$71.775
Selling U.S.$100=$1,882.352 £1=$73.142

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d per H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling " @ 9½ " H.H.$100
Local $ (Fapi) buying @ 181 per H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing $2.794
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Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar $5.141

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest 3 5/16	Lowest 3 1/32
U.S. $	5 1/32	5/16

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

Cash	SELLING	BUYING June/July
£ T.T.	3 5/16	4 m/s. l.c. 3 1/32
U.S.$ T.T.	5/16	4 m/s. l.c. 5 1/16
Rs. T.T.	18¼	15 d/s. 18⅛

BAR SILVER

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London pence per std. oz.	23⅜	23⅛
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34¾	—
Bombay	Closed	

U.S. $/£ CROSS RATE CASH QUOTATIONS

New York closing rate for June 12 4.03¾
Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close 3.90½
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close 3.91

The local market opened with sellers at 3 11/32d. sterling and 5⅜ U.S.$. The market generally was quiet with a steadier undertone and 3 1/16d. sterling became a seller for some time. Towards the close, however, this rate again became a buyer, the market closing quiet at:—

3 11/32 Sterling 5⅜ U.S.$. Cash/July

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, June 12.

London £ Sterling T. T. on:			
New York	403.50	Bombay	1/6
Madrid	40.00	Hongkong	1/3 1/32
Berne	17.30	Singapore	2/4 3/8
Bel. Congo	176½	Yokohama	1/2½
Shanghai	3 11/16d.	" buying	1/2
New York U.S.$. T. T. on:			
Berlin	40.05	Brazil	5.05
Spain	9.25 N.	Japan	23.45/48*
Paris	2.32	Shanghai	5.48
Italy	5.26¼†	Hongkong	24.54
S'zerland	23.21	Hungary	19.85
" "free"	23.23	Finland	2.05
Sweden	23.85	Manila	49.95 B.
Montreal	87.875		
London			4.03¼
Buenos Aires Paper			29.75
" " " market rate			23.70
Montreal on London			4.56¾

B.—Bid N.—Nominal *Offered, †—Official, —Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:	June 12.	
Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	1 1/16%
Bank Bills,	6 months	1 1/16%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2¾%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3¼%
Call money		½%
New York:		
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months		0½%B 0 7/16%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months		0⅝%B 0 9/16%A
Call money		1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Sales in Pesos)

June 14.

	Sales	10 a.m.		p.m. Closing	
Atoks		.33	B	.335	
Antamok		.05	A	.05	A
Baguio Gold		.14	B	.14	B
Batong Buhay		.0075	A	.0075	A
Big Wedge		.335	B	.34	B
Coco Grove		.065	XD	.07	
Consolidated Mines		.0021	B	.0022	
Demonstration		.055	A	.0525	A
East Mindanao		.07	B	.075	B
I. X. L.		.23	A	.22	A
Ipo Gold		.05	A	.05	A
Itogen		.165	B	.165	B
Mambulao Consolidated		.01	A	.01	A
Masbate Consolidated		.0875	B	.09	B
Mine Operations		.055	A	.055	A
North Camarines		.025	B	.025	B
Paracale Gumaus		.245	B	.245	B
San Mauricio		.30	A	.30	A
Surigao Consolidated	Unq.			.21	
Suyoc		.09	A	.09	A
Syndicate Investment		.025	A	.025	A
United Paracale		.155	A	.155	A
Mindanao Motherlode		.31	B	.315	
Manila Hal-Alai	8.00		B	8.00	B
Benguet Consolidated (over the counter)	3.05	B		—	

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

S'hai Seremban Dividend

At a board meeting held yesterday the directors of the Shanghai Seremban Rubber Estates, Ltd., decided to recommend to the shareholders at the annual general meeting which is to be held on June 23, that the balance of Ch.$ 287,709.18 standing to the credit of profit and loss account be dealt with as follows:—

	Ch. $
To pay a dividend of forty Chinese dollar cents per share	130,000.00
Pay the general managers commission of 2 per cent. on the dividend	2,600.00
Write off certain Assets	70,125.96
Carry forward	84,983.20
	287,709.18

Car Loadings Up

New York, June 13.

Car loadings last week totalled 852,940 cars or 51,157 cars more than the previous week's total and 140,495 more than the total for the corresponding week of 1940 the Association of American Railways announced yesterday.—United Press.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The market opened firm yesterday and continued quietly active throughout the morning with prices in both sections ruling slightly higher than those of the previous day. Lands were again heavily traded being done as high as $15.70, closing at that price. Lumbers also were prominent, being done at $53.00, to close at $52.50. China Realty rose steadily all morning, to close at $11.50. Wheelock and Asia Navigation were steady, the latter doing a very large turnover.

Official Averages

High	Low		Today's Averages	Changes
462.56	105.32	General	225.60	+1.03
485.40	95.55	Rubbers	237.39	+0.36

Total 248,256 shares, 90 bonds.

Morning Session

China Finance				2000	1.20
Yangtsze Finance				2000	*16.70
	4000	16.60	500 *16.60	500	*16.70
	1500	16.70	1000 16.80		
S'hai Loan			500 18.80	1500	18.70
	500	18.80	500 *18.70	1000	18.70
	500	18.80	500 18.70		
I. I. Trust			2000 25.25	500	25.00
	1500	25.25	1000 25.50		
China Realty			3000 10.90	1000	*10.90
	6000	11.00	2000 11.10	3000	11.20
	500	11.30	2500 11.40	5000	11.50
S'hai Land			1000 15.00	7000	15.10
	500	*15.10	1000 15.20	1000	15.40
	1500	15.50	1000 *15.50	500	15.60
	1000	15.70			
Dockyward			2100 24.50	6100	24.75
	500	*24.75	100 *25.00	1300	25.00
Asia Navigation			2500 12.10	1500	*12.20
	1000	12.10	500 12.00	7000	12.10
	5000	*12.10	6000 *12.20	1500	12.20
	1500	12.20	3500 *12.10	500	*12.20
	2500	12.10			
Ewo Brewery			5500 6.75	1000	6.70
	1500	6.75			
Wheelock			400 97.00	300	97.50
	1100	*97.00	3500 97.00	2300	97.50
	500	*98.00	200 *97.50	300	97.50
Ewo Mills (Ord)			1600 *35.25	200	*35.00
	700	35.25	2300 35.00	3700	35.25
	700	*35.50	3300 35.50		
Central Prop.			600 21.50	1500	22.00
	200	21.75			
Worsted				2000	5.10
Tram (Bearer)	£1			200	*42.00
	200	42.00			
C. G. Omnibus			400 14.70	100	14.60
	200	*14.80			
S'hai Gas				100	13.20
Paper			500 *4.80	1500	*4.85
	3000	4.80	1000 4.85		
Lumber			700 *50.50	1100	51.00
	200	*51.00	800 51.50	400	*51.50
	900	52.00	1200 *52.00	1400	52.50
	1000	*52.50	800 53.00	400	52.50
	900	52.00	3000 52.50	200	*52.50
Metal			200 29.50	200	*29.50
	1500	*29.75	2500 29.50	3100	29.75
	800	30.00	2200 29.75	1200	*30.00
Kaiping				100	38.25
Exploration			2000 *24.50	5500	24.50
	3500	*24.75	9000 24.75	5500	*25.00
	500	24.75	1500 *24.75	3000	25.00
Power (Pref)				10	134.50
Anglo Dutch			600 15.00	300	15.10
Anglo Java			600 31.50	1000	*31.75
	100	*31.50	4200 31.75	1800	32.00
	100	31.75	700 32.00		
Batu Anam				1000	1.28
Cheng				1000	0.74
Consolidated				500	6.50
Kroewoek				1000	1.88
Langkat			2400 21.50	300	*21.25
	900	21.50	1000 *21.50	3300	21.25
	2200	*21.25	2500 21.50	100	*21.25
	2000	21.25			
Repah				3000	1.06
Rubber Trust			2500 10.10	500	*10.10
Kedah				1000	9.50
Kelantan				7000	0.70
Pahang			1000 4.10	1000	*4.10
Tebong			6000 1.34	1000	*1.34
Ziangbe			100 17.10	400	17.20
	100	17.30			
Power 5½% Debs.				9000	95.00

ODD LOTS

Asia Navigation	200	12.00	
Ewo Mills (Ord)	26	34.75	
Lumber	70	50.50	
Rubber Trust	200	10.20	
Exploration	300	*24.25	300 24.50
China Realty	60	11.00	100 10.90
S'hai Land	300	15.30	200 15.00

*—Direct Business.

N. Y. Stock Market

New York, June 12.

Stocks on the New York Exchange advanced over a broad range today with some specials closing as much as six points higher. Trading was fairly active. Bonds were firm throughout the day.

Wheat declined fractionally, while cotton and cotton-seed oil hit new four-year highs before profit taking and hedging pared the advance. Rubber and silk prices eased following threats of Government control of prices of these commodities.

The Federal Reserve Board's production index for May showed that production during that month was 148 per cent of the 1935-1939 average—an all-time record compared to the previous record of 140 per cent established in April.

So far the year has not brought forth a single day in which stock sales totalled 1,000,000 shares. That is a record dating back to 1914, when a similar situation existed. In only two other years of this century—in 1900 and 1913—has the market gone without at least one day in which the turnover was more than 1,000,000 shares during the corresponding period.

The largest day this year was on April 3, when sales totalled 942,000 shares. The smallest was on May 19 when the turnover was only 220,000 shares.—United Press.

Automobile Merger

Tokyo, June 12.

Finally gaining the support of the Commerce and Industry Ministry and the War Ministry, the Cabinet Planning Board has decided to merge the four principal automobile companies in Japan and on the continent, namely the Toyoda, Nissan, Diesel and Manchurian automobile companies, into a single semi-government concern with half of the shares owned by the government.

The plan, which was sponsored by Mr. Gisuke Aikawa, President of the Manchurian Industrial Development Corporation, will be introduced into the next session of the Diet for approval. It has been decided tentatively that the new organization will be called the Automobile Control Company.

The scheme was first suggested by Mr. Aikawa last year as an economic measure to facilitate the shift of idle plants in Japan to Manchoukuo in order to bolster the Japanese automobile enterprise there.

At first strong opposition was voiced by officials of the Commerce and Industry Ministry who were pushing their own programme for the expansion of domestic automobile production, and also by automobile industrialists. After lengthy deliberations, however, Commerce and Industry Ministry officials dropped their objections.—Domei.

U.S. Steel Production

Pittsburgh, June 12.

The magazine "Iron Age" estimated yesterday that the steel industry this week is operating at 100 per cent. of mill capacity, up ½ per cent. from last week and up 14½ per cent. from the corresponding week of 1940.—United Press.

New York Stocks

Thursday's Closing Quotations

New York, June 12.

Stock prices on Wall Street today finished steady, with gains ranging from fractions to 1 point recorded, in a moderately active session.

British successes in Syria and favourable domestic and foreign news caused less profit taking, but operators were still cautious pending new legislation to control labour agitators.

The turnover today amounted to 560,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	123.48	122.17	122.96	+0.80
20 Rails	28.43	28.10	28.40	+0.14
15 Utilit.	17.75	17.46	17.69	+0.09
40 Bonds	——	——	91.34	+0.13
11 Commod.	——	——	70.94	—0.33

June 11	12		June 11	12
Adams Exp 6½	6½	Int T &T	2⅜	2⅜
Alg Lud 23⅜	23½	Johns Man	59	61
Allis Chal 29	29½	Kennecott	37½	37½
Amer Can 80½	82¼	Libbey O F	28	27½
Am Cyan 37⅜	38	Lockheed	24½	24½
Am For Pr 1	0⅝	Loew's	30½	30½
" $7 pfd 20½	20⅝	Mont Ward	38⅜	†39
Am Loco 12½	13	Martin	29⅜	29⅛
Am Metal 18	17⅞	Nat Avian	*8½	8⅝
Am T & T 160½	160¼	Nat City B	25⅜	*25
Am Radtr 6½	6⅜	Nat Dairy	13⅜	13½
Am R Mill 14⅜	14½	Nat Dist	20½	20
Am Smelt 41½	41½	Nat P & L	6⅜	6½
Am Sug 16⅛	17⅜	Nat Sup	6	6
Am Tob B 66½	66	N Y Cent	12½	12⅝
Am Wtwrks 4¼	4⅜	Niag Hud	2⅜	2⅜
Anaconda 27⅜	27⅝	N A Avian	14⅜	14⅜
Atchison 27½	29½	N Am Co	13	12⅝
Avian 3⅛	3⅜	N Pacific	6⅜	6⅜
Baldwin 14½	14½	Pantepec	3⅜	3⅜
Balt & Ohio 3⅞	3⅜	Packard	2⅜	2⅜
Barns Oil 9⅜	9⅜	Paramount	10⅞	11
Bendix 35⅜	36	Penn R R	23½	23⅜
Beth Steel 74½	74½	Phil Pet	43½	43⅜
Bliss 15½	15¼	Pullman	27⅜	27½
Boeing 16	16⅛	Pure Oil	10	9⅞
Borg War 17⅜	17½	Radio	3⅜	3⅜
Briggs 20	20⅛	Reading	14⅜	14½
Budd Mfg 3⅜	3⅜	Rem Arms	*4½	*4⅝
Can Pac 3⅜	4	Rep Avian	3⅜	3⅜
Celanese 23½	23½	Rep St	19½	19½
Chase N B *20½	*20½	Rey Tob	30½	30⅜
Ches & O 37½	37½	Schenley	9⅜	*9⅜
Chrysler 59½	58⅜	Shell	14	14
Col G & E 3	3	Soc Vac	9	9½
Col Credit 23½	23⅜	Sthrn Pac	11⅜	12½
Com & Sth 0⅜	0⅜	Sthrn Rly	23¼	24
Cons Edis 18⅛	18⅜	Spicer	30½	30
Cons Oil 5⅞	6	Std Brands	5⅜	5⅜
Copld St 15	15	Std G & E	0⅜	0⅜
Curtis Wr 8⅛	8⅛	Std Oil N J	38⅜	38⅜
Dist Corp 13⅜	13½	Studebaker	5⅜	5⅜
Douglas 70	70	Swift	18⅜	18⅜
Du Pont 151⅜	152½	Technicor	8⅜	8⅜
E P Lead 8⅜	8⅜	Texas	39⅜	40
Elec A Lite 27½	28½	Transamer	4⅛	4⅜
Elec B & S 2⅜	2⅜	Tw Cent	5⅜	5⅜
" $5 pfd 54½	*53	Un B & P	11⅛	11⅜
" $6 pfd 58½	58½	Un Pac	81	80⅜
Elec P & L 33⅜	33⅜	Un Air	39⅜	39⅜
Flintkote 13½	13	Un A Lines	11	10⅞
Gen Elec 31⅜	31½	Un Corp	0⅛	0⅜
Gen Motor 39½	39½	" $3 pfd	22½	22
Gen Rly 14⅜	14½	Un Gas	7	7
Gen T & R 11⅛	11	U S Rub	22	22½
Goodrich 13⅛	13	U S Steel	56⅛	56⅜
Goodyear 17	17½	Vanadium	25½	25
Gt N I Ore *15	15⅛	Vultee	6⅜	*6⅜
Gt N Rly 25½	26	Walworth	4⅛	4⅞
Gt W Sug 25½	25	War Br Pct	3⅛	3⅛
Int Nickel 26⅜	26	West Elec	96½	97
Int Paper 14⅞	14⅜	Woodward	27⅜	28

BONDS

Am For Pr	55	56	Erie	25	25⅛
Aust Com	60⅜	60⅛	Int T & T	45⅞	46⅛
Brazil	20½	20⅜	New Eng	58⅛	60½
" 6½%	*17½	17⅜	Sthrn Pac	53	53⅛
C S P & L	98	98	St G & E	88⅜	88

*—Bid. †—Ex Div.

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Prices advanced today along a broad list, some specials gaining as much as six points, on a volume around yesterday's fair total. The Federal Reserve Production Index for May reached an all-time high. It is reported that railroads during March made a joint net income of over $35,000,000, compared with a loss of over $4,000,000 in March 1940. Little immediate reaction is apparent to the announcement that the vessel Robin Moor was torpedoed. Net earnings for April of New York Central Railroad were $440,000, compared with a net loss of $932,000 for the corresponding period last year.

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

With investors and traders on Wall Street sensing that the market had discounted practically everything of an adverse nature that might happen, stock prices during the current period under review advanced sharply to the best levels since April 7, with greatly increased participation. Almost all sections of the list were in demand, and rails recovered most of the losses of the past month. On Monday the early firmness of the market, despite the rising Mediterranean tension and the announcement that the Army was taking over the North American Aviation plant, encouraged operators, and sentiment generally improved. The advance continued on Tuesday, on the best turnover since May 6, stimulated, more specifically, by the strong stand of the Government with regard to current labor difficulties. Favourable significance was attached to the International Paper & Power declaration of a $5 dividend against arrears, in addition to the $1.25 regular dividend. In view of the market's steady rise for almost twelve straight sessions, operators were advising caution, with the result that there was considerable profit taking on Wednesday, although the averages showed net gains for the day. Even the announcement by the State Department blaming Germany for the sinking of the ss. "Robin Moor," failed to deter purchases, and securities again advanced on Thursday.

Commodities, as gauged by the Dow-Jones 11 commodity index, rose sharply to new high levels for the year, due principally to the strength in domestic raw materials. Wheat futures at Chicago rose to new highs, although the large crop estimate by the Government was unexpectedly high and tended to restrict the advance. Corn was easier with the Government's selling policy on defaulted loans influencing liquidation. July cotton attained a new four-year high on persistent trade buying and the expectation that the loan would be fixed at the present futures prices. The goods markets are working cautiously higher. Rubber futures declined owing to the fear of Governmental action. The average of May consumption estimates is around 72,000 tons, a record. World sugar rose abruptly owing to the threatening shipping situation. The sharp advance in the price of lard futures reflected the strength of hog prices.

Automobile sales during the month of May were 60 per cent. over the same period last year, and for the first five months 44 per cent. over the corresponding period in 1940. Consumers sales of General Motors for five months are said to be at a record high of about 1,148,000 units. The estimated earnings for Southern Pacific for the year are placed at $8 per share. American Waterworks earnings for the second quarter, compared with the 1940 period, are indicated to be better than the first quarter. Jones and Laughlin has declared a dividend of $1.25 per share against arrears, with details of a recapitalization plan expected shortly. The magazine "Iron Age" reports that sheet and strip users will be the first to feel the effects of the curtailment of steel shipments. Air-craft deliveries in the United States during May totalled 1,334.

THE MARKET IN FIGURES

	Thursday June 5	June 12	Change
D.-J. average for 30 Indust.	118.13	122.98	up 4.85
D.-J. average for 20 Rails	27.72	28.40	up .68
D.-J. average for 15 Utilit.	17.46	17.69	up .23
D.-J. average for 40 Bonds	91.02	91.34	up .32
D.-J. 11 Commodity Index	69.54	70.94	up 1.40

COMMODITY INDEX

Chicago Wheat	97½	100¾
Corn	73⅛	73
Cotton	13.19	13.73
Rubber	21.80	21.31
Hides	14.52	14.81
Sugar	.81	.85½
Cocoa	7.69	7.79
Lard	9.95	10.35

BUSINESS

	Previous	Latest
N.Y. Times Business Index	128.4	129.0
Steel operations (% of capacity)	99.2	98.6
Carloadings (carloads)	802,000	853,000
Elec. power prod. (kw. hrs.)	*2,898,000	*3,042,000
Aver. daily oil prod. (bbls.)	3,786,000	3,817,000
Automobile output (cars)	106,395	133,645

*000 omitted.

Stock Outlook:—The action of the market during the past week tends to prove conclusively that it is immune to war shocks and that most of the major uncertainties have been clarified. In view of the recent rapid advance, a technical correction is due, at which time purchases of sound stocks, especially in the rail, rail equipment and oil groups, appear to be in order for long-term holding.

London Stocks

Thursday's Closing Quotations

London, June 12.

The recent better tendency on the London Stock Exchange was generally maintained with most sections ruling firm, though British Gilt-edged securities and home rails were inclined to lose their early improvements.

Industrials tended to move higher and diamonds were again prominent with De Beers Consolidated Mines, deferred, quoted at 125/–, an increase of 14/– in two days. Kaffirs ruled mainly firm, but occasionally were lower on reduced dividends.

Among foreign loans, Japanese bonds paused, but Chinese issues improved.—Reuter.

	June 11	12
U.K. LOANS		
3½% War Loan (Red.)	£103⅝	103⅞
5% Defence Loan	100¾	100¾
CHINESE LOANS		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	38	38
4½% Anglo-French Loan	37	37
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	21	21
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	31	31
5% Stg. Notes, 1925	7—9	7—9
5% Honan Rly., 1905	10	10
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	14	14
5% " " " (Ger. Is.)	13	13
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	9	9
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	14	14
5% T'sin-Pukow Rly. B.	10	10
5% " " G.	10	10
5% " " (Supl. Loan) B.	10	10
5% " " (Supl. Loan) G.	10	10
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	9	9
5% Chinese Imp. Rly.	48	48
JAPANESE BONDS		
5% Sterling Loan, 1907	25½	25
6% Sterling Loan, 1924	30	30
BANKS AND INSURANCE		
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	8⅞	8⅞
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	76	76½
" " (Col. Reg.)	78 N	79 N
Mercantile Bank of India	11⅛	" "
National Bank of India	31¾	31¾
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	22	22
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIALS		
Bristol Aeroplane	10/6	10/7½
B'tish American Tobacco	82/6	83/1½
Dunlop Rubber	33/3	33/1½
Imp. Chem. Industries	31/1½	31/–
United Steel	23/7½	23/7½
Woolworths	48/–	48/3
MINES		
Chinese Eng. & Min.	11/–	11/–
Chosen Corp.	4/–	4/–
Marsman Investments	6/3	6/3
Pekin-Syndicate	1/–	1/–
Sub-Nigel	142/6	142/6
Western Holdings	12/3	13/3
MISCELLANEOUS		
Great Western Rly.	32¾	33¾
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	15/–	15/–
London, Midland & Scot.	12⅜	12⅜
S'hai Elec. Construction	13/6	13/6
S'hai Waterworks "A"	15	15
Shell Transport & Trad.	40/7½	41/3

U.S. Commodities

Thursday's Closing Quotations

New York, June 12.

Steady conditions prevailed at the opening of the cotton market today, with initial quotations ruling from 1 to 8 points up, compared with yesterday's close. The market early advanced on trade buying and shorts covering, but later reacted on profit-taking. Subsequently, prices further slipped on reports of rains in the drought sections and the market finally closed easy on persistent realizing, with losses of 6 to 10 points recorded.

Prices in the market for raw rubber futures finished easier, with nears under pressure of speculative liquidation, less factory interest and profit taking. At the last call over, losses of 7 to 28 points were registered.

Wheat futures in Chicago declined on clearing weather, heavy receipts, liquidation and hedge-selling. At the final bell, losses of ⅝ to ⅞ cent were recorded.

New York Cotton		New York Rubber	
July	13.73-73 —09	July	21.27-31 —28
Oct.	13.91-91 —06	Sept.	21.02-05 —23
Dec.	14.02-03 —08		B/A
Jan.	14.04-04 —06	Dec.	20.75-80 —20
Mar.	14.06-03 —10	Mar.	20.53-55 —07
May	14.07-07 —03		B/A

N. Y. Sugar No. 3		N. Y. Sugar No. 4	
July	2.55-57 —1 B/A	July	0.85-85½ —½ B/A
Sept.	2.56-57 —1 B/A	Sept.	0.91-92 unc. B/A

Chicago Wheat		Chicago Corn	
July	100⅝-100¾ —⅝	July	73-73 +⅛
Sept.	102⅛-102⅜ —⅞	Sept.	75-74⅞ +⅛

New York Silk No. 1

July 2.94-94 —2

A—Asked. B—Bid.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Thursday's Closing Quotations

London, June 12.

Prices in the London tin market ruled easier today.

London Rubber: Spot, buyers 13 7/16 unc; sellers 13½ unc; July del. buyers 13 7/16 unc; sellers 13⅝ unc.

London Metals: Tin, Standard, cash, middle price £264⅛ —2; 3 mths, middle price £265⅞ —1¼.—Reuter.

U.S.-French Trade Discussions

Washington.

A plan to restore normal trade between the United States and French North Africa is under diplomatic discussion, it was learned authoritatively, states the "Christian Science Monitor" of May 10.

Resumption of commerce would enable this country to obtain some raw materials required far national defence production here in exchange for supplies now acutely needed in Morocco, Tunisia and Algiers.

With the exception of some food shipments to unoccupied France, all trade between the African colonies and the rest of the world has been cut off for months by the British blockade. The result has been extensive shortages in numerous necessities.

The proposed plan was considered particularly interesting in diplomatic circles here because of the repeated efforts Germany is reported to have made to gain control of the French colonial possessions, new held by General Maxime Weygand, Commander in Chief in North Africa.

Business Transaction

Officials here said that the negotiations—between the United States, Great Britain, Vichy, France and the North African colonies had been in progress several weeks. They expressed doubt that the recent announcement of closer "collaboration" between Germany and France would have any effect on the plans.

The proposed deal is "purely a business transaction," it was said, and does not involve any arrangement, or attempted arrangement, with General Weygand and his North African army, because no war supply shipments are to be made.

It was pointed out that a similar arrangement already has been made with the French island of Martinique—also cut off from trade with France—and French funds "frozen" here have been released to pay for the supplies needed on the island.

Robert D. Murphy, counselor of the American Embassy in Vichy, made the preliminary study and arrangements for the proposed North African deal, it was learned, during a recent extensive tour of the French African colonies.

Mr. Murphy, who finished consultations at the State Department last week, is now en route to Vichy, and presumably North Africa to make the final arrangements and set up a staff of Americans to supervise distribution of the American goods there.

The negotiations have not been completed, it was emphasized, and final approval depends on agreements still to be reached.

The United States, it is understood, requires adequate assurances the raw materials needed here are procurable, and that none of the American goods sent in exchange will be re-exported outside of Morocco, Tunisia and Algiers.

Great Britain likewise wants guarantees that the goods will in no way assist Germany after being allowed to pass through the blockade.

Asks Release of Frozen Funds

France, in turn, seeks authorization for release of some of the $1,500,000,000 in "frozen" funds here to pay for any goods in excess of the value of raw materials purchased by the United States.

In view of the acute shipping shortage an agreement may be reached to utilize some or all of the fourteen French vessels now refugeeing here. It was pointed out that French ships would be free to enter the Mediterranean combat zone and use the ports there, whereas American ships could transport cargoes only to Casablanca, which is on the Atlantic, outside the combat zone.

Before the war Morocco exported chiefly wheat and manganese; Algiers, wheat, wine and antimony; and Tunisia, phosphates and olive oil. The major imports of the colonies are sugar, cotton, wool, petroleum, copper and manufactured goods.

M. Gaston Henry-Haye, the French Ambassador, has been negotiating for several months with the State Department, attempting to arrange regular shipments of foodstuffs to unoccupied France. Although "test" shipments have been made, the negotiations are still under way. Officials said, however, that the proposed shipments to North Africa might be considered an extension of those discussions.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Cotton yn. 20's, D.H.	p.b. Cash	$1,461
Tungchow cotton ..	per picul	233
Shanghai cotton	per picul	214
		picul
Raw silk, Steamfil, 20/22	78%	$6,300
		Nom.
Flour, local ..	per bag (49lb.)	$29.00
Flour, imported	"	29,50

London Bullion

London, June 12.

London Gold: Bar Gold, Fine, per oz 168/- unchanged

London Silver: Very small trade buying was satisfied from market sources. The Market ruled steady. After the official fixing, no business passed, but prices steady.

Spot	23⅜d. unch.
Forward	23⅜d. unch.

—Reuter.

Transportation Company

Peiping, July 12.

The Continental Transportation Company is expected to hold its inaugural meeting towards the end of July, says the "Sin Min Pao."

The concern is capitalized at $10,000,000, of which the North China Communication Company and the International Transportation Company have each provided $4,000,000, the North China Development Company 1,600,000, and other organizations $400,000.—Havas Telemondial.

Y.S.B. to Open in Saigon

Saigon, June 12.

A branch office of the Yokohama Specie Bank will be open for business here, effective on June 16, as permission has been granted by the Governor-General today.

It was understood that the Governor-General of Indo-China has granted the permission to the Yokohama Specie Bank on the condition that the Japanese Government grant the French Indo-China Bank permission to open a branch office in Yokohama.—Domei.

East Indies Trade With U.S. Soaring

Washington, May 10.

Growth of United States exports to the Netherland Indies, particularly since the Netherlands was cut off by the German invasion last May, is shown by the fact that in 1939 American goods sent to the Indies were worth $35,420,000, while in 1940 this figure had risen to $53,781,000, it was revealed by figures at the Department of Commerce today, states the "Christian Science Monitor."

This growth is being continued in 1941. Our exports to the Netherlands Indies in the first three months of 1940 were $12,400,000

Strong Feeling in Washington Over Sinking

Washington, June 13.

Reaction ranging from a proposal to "convoy with battle fleets and let the shooting start," to expressed doubts whether Germany is responsible for the sinking of the Robin Moor, swept the capital, as forceful diplomatic action, or even much stronger measures, against Germany appeared likely.

The capital is interested in the affair while newspapers have already begun to recite instances, including references to the Lusitania, which led to the United States' entry in the World War.

The Chairman of the committee of the House on Military Affairs declared: "We ought to convoy with battle fleets and let the shooting start; let us see who shoots first and who can out-shoot the other."

Senator Tom Connelly of Texas (Democrat) called the sinking an "unjustified and unwarranted attack."

"Our Government will take appropriate measures," he said, "to prevent a recurrence of similar incidents."

Grave Situation

In his opinion a great deal depended on the position of the ship when she was sunk, stated Senator Fredericks Van Nuys of Indiana (Democrat). "If it was in dangerous waters, if it was in the war zone, or approaching the war zone, I don't think we should become unduly exercised; but if it was in peaceful waters the situation is much graver."

Senator Hiram W. Johnson of California (Republican) said: "I hope this is not the incident they have all been looking for with bated breath," while the Isolationist, Senator Burton K. Wheeler of Montana hoped "this was not one of those incidents that interventionists have been saying the President is looking for to get us into the war. The country is not prepared for war," he added, "nor do the people want to get into it."

Senator Ellison D. Smith of South Carolina (Democrat) declared he did not believe the State Department knew whether the Robin Moor had been sunk by a German submarine or not.—Reuter.

Requisitioned Ships to See War Zone Duty

New York, June 13.

Ten ships requisitioned recently by the United States Maritime Commission from the Morgan Line will be transferred to Panamanian registry, enabling them to be used to carry American war materials to Great Britain, it was learned today.

The 10 vessels will be sailed under charter by the United States Lines but with foreign crewmen. Because of this there will be no violation of the Neutrality Law.

The International Longshoremen's Union, an American Federation of Labour affiliate, called a strike yesterday in protest against the transfer. The union said that removal of the 10 ships from the Morgan Line would throw out of work 6,000 men employed in Atlantic ports.

According to reports, two of the ships will be transferred within the next two weeks, three others within four weeks, three within six weeks and two shortly thereafter.—United Press.

King George Addresses Message to Greeks

London, June 13.

In a message to King George of Greece thanking the Greek people for their heroic stand in Greece and Crete, King George VI, while saying that the loss of Crete "is a bitter blow," adds:—

"We share your grief but we also share your hopes. News reaches this country daily to prove that the tragedy of Greece has left unbroken the spirit of your gallant people who show and continue to show heroism and disregard for odds unsurpassed in history."

Remarking that the spirit of the Greek people remains high, the message concludes: "We do not forget that great soldier and statesman John Metaxas who said to the Italians, 'You shall not pass,' nor his successor Alexander Koryzis who said, 'No' to a yet more powerful foe."—Reuter.

Eastern Group Council Mentioned in Commons

London, June 13.

A programme of development which will provide "substantial assistance not only to the United Kingdom but to all countries in the Eastern Group," was mentioned in the House of Commons yesterday by the Minister of Supply, Sir Andrew Duncan, reporting on the successful mission which led to establishment of the so-called Eastern Group Supply Council at the end of last year to co-ordinate production of munitions and stores to meet requirements of local and Imperial fighting forces.

The group comprises India, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Far Eastern and East African Colonies, as well as Palestine and Ceylon.

Sir Andrew Duncan stated that the Government of India was now proceeding actively to implement the council's recommendations for the expansion of war supplies production in India.—Reuter.

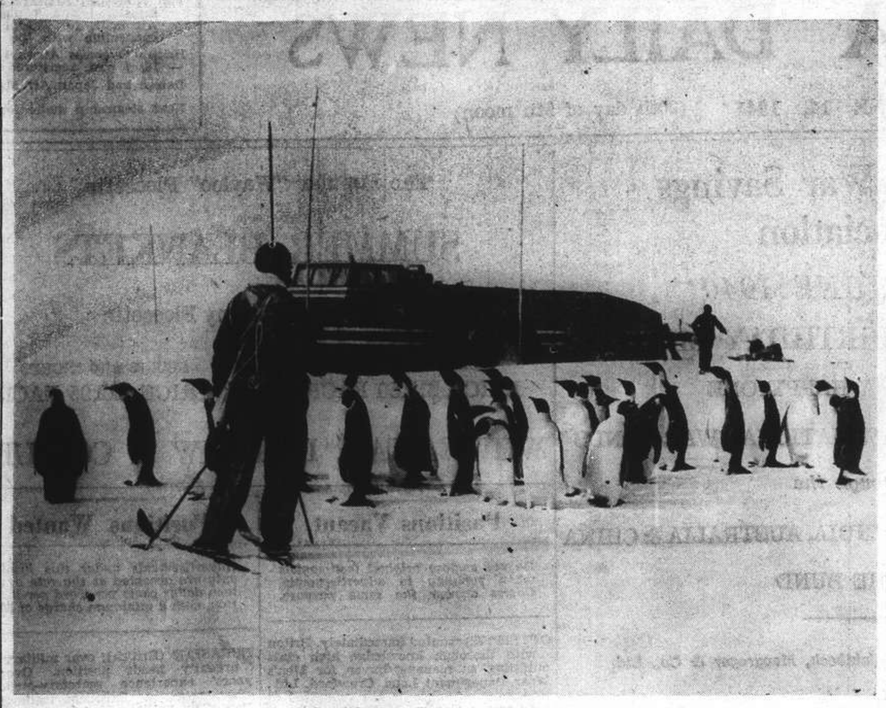
Neutrals Say British Figures Reliable

Stockholm, June 13.

Discussing Atlantic sinkings, the newspaper "Handelstidning" considered the British figures probably more reliable, since Britain had no reason to minimise but rather a reason to exaggerate in order to meet the American isolationist argument.

The British figures showed a serious situation, as sinkings were not compensated by acquisitions.

In the last war America required a year to overtake sinkings by new construction, therefore new construction was not likely to affect the battle of the Atlantic this year.—Reuter.



The Visitors Became "Formal"

The unbending dignity that one finds customarily clothed in white tie and tails is displayed by this group of penguins which visited the western base of the American Antarctic Expedition, headed by Admiral Byrd, who recently returned to the United States. In the background is the giant snow cruiser that helped transport the explorers over the tundras of the bleak continent.

*Solemn Allied Resolve To Wipe Out Hitlerism

(Continued from page 1)

Their religious faiths are affronted, persecuted or oppressed in the interest of a fantastic paganism devised to perpetuate, worship and sustain the tyranny of one abominable creature. Their traditions, their culture, their laws, their institutions, social and political alike, are suppressed by force or undermined by subtle, coldly-planned intrigue. The prisons of the continent no longer suffice. Concentration camps are overcrowded. At every dawn, German volleys crack.

Vile Quislings

"Czechs, Poles, Dutchmen, Norwegians, Yugoslavs and Greeks, Frenchmen, Belgians, and Luxembourgers make a great sacrifice for their faith and country.

"The vile race of Quislings—to use a new word which will carry the scorn of mankind down the centuries—is hired to fawn upon the conqueror, to collaborate in his designs and to enforce his rule upon their fellow-countrymen while grovelling low themselves. Such is the plight of the once glorious Europe, and such are the atrocities against which we are in arms.

"Your Excellencies, my Lords and gentlemen! It is upon this foundation that Hitler with his tattered lackey Mussolini at his tail and Admiral Darlan frisking by his side pretend to build out of hatred appetite and racial assertion a new order for Europe. Never did so mocking a fantasy obsess the mind of mortal man. We cannot tell what the course of this war will be as it spreads remorseless through ever wider regions. We know it will be hard, we expect it will be long; we cannot predict or measure its episodes or its tribulations

One Thing Sure

"But one thing is certain, one thing is sure, one thing stands out stark and undenisible, massive and unassailable for all the world to see. It will not be by German hands that the structure of Europe will be rebuilt or union of the European family achieved. In every country into which the German armies and Nazi police have broken, there has sprung up from the soil a hatred of the German name and contempt for the Nazi creed which the passage of hundreds of years will not efface from human memory.

"We cannot yet see how the deliverance will come or when it will come, but nothing is more certain than that every trace of Hitler's footsteps, every stain of his infected and corroding fingers will be sponged and purged and, if need be, blasted from the surface of the earth.

Ceaseless Effort

"We are here, Excellencies, to affirm and fortify our union in that ceaseless and unwearying effort which must be made if the captive peoples are to be set free. A year ago, His Majesty's Government was left alone to face the storm and to many of our friends and enemies alike it may have seemed that our days, too, were numbered and that Britain and its institutions would sink for ever beneath the verge.

"But I may with some pride remind Your Excellencies that even in that dark hour when our army was disorganized and almost weaponless, when scarcely a gun or tank remained in Britain, when almost all our stores and ammunition had been lost in France, never for one moment did they despair of the common cause.

No Peace

"On the contrary, we proclaimed at that very time to all men, not only to ourselves, our determination not to make peace until every one of the ravaged and enslaved countries was liberated and until Nazi domination was broken and destroyed.

"See how far we have travelled since those breathless days of June a year ago! Our solid, stubborn strength has stood an awful test. We are the masters of our own air and now reach out in ever-growing retribution upon the enemy. The Royal Navy holds the seas. The Italian fleet cowers diminished in harbour, the German navy is largely crippled or sunk.

Murderous Raids

"Murderous raids upon our ports, cities and factories have been powerless to quench the spirit of the British nation, to stop our national life or check the immense expansion of our war industry. Food and arms from across the oceans are coming safely in. Full provision to replace all sunken tonnage is being made here and still more by our friends in the United States.

"We are becoming an armed community. Our land forces are being perfected in equipment and training.

Hitler may turn and trample this way and that through tortured Europe. He may spread his course far and wide and carry his curse with him, he may break into Africa or into Asia, but it is here, in this island fortress, that he will have to reckon in the end. We shall strive to resist by land and sea. We shall be on his track wherever he goes.

"Our air-power will continue to teach the German homeland that war is not all loot and triumph. We shall aid and stir the people of every conquered country to resistance and revolt. We shall break up and derange every effort which Hitler makes to systematize and consolidate his subjugations. He will find no peace, no rest, no halting place, no parley. And, if driven to desperate hazards, he attempts an invasion of the British Islands, as well he may, we shall not flinch from the supreme trial.

Steadfast in Faith

"With the help of God, of which we must all feel daily conscious, we shall continue, steadfast in faith and duty, till our task is done. This then, my Lords and gentlemen, is the message which we send forth today to all states and nations, bound or free, to all men in all lands who care for freedom's cause, to our allies and well-wishers in Europe, to our American friends and helpers across the ocean, this is the message—Lift up your hearts! All will come right. Out of the depths of sorrow and sacrifice, will be born again the glory of mankind."

King George visited St. James's Palace and had discussions during the day with the representatives of the British Empire. Mr. Churchill presented the Allied heads and Empire representatives to the King.

The United Kingdom was represented by Mr. Churchill; Mr. Anthony Eden, Foreign Secretary; Mr. C. R. Attlee, Lord Privy Seal; Lord Cranborne, Dominions Secretary; Lord Moyne, Colonial Secretary; and Sir Archibald Sinclair, Air Secretary; the Dominions by their respective High Commissioners and India by Mr. Leopold Stennett Amery, Secretary of State for India and Burma.

The Allies were represented by their respective Prime Ministers, except in the case of Greece and Yugoslavia, who were represented by their Ministers in London.

Gen. Charles de Gaulle, leader of the Free French, was represented by M. Rene Cassin, and M. Robert de Jean was also present.

Many Speeches

Following Mr. Churchill, the conference was addressed by Gen. Sikorski, the Polish Premier; M. Lie, the Norwegian Premier, Professor Gerbrandy, the Dutch Premier; M. Hubert Pierlot, the Belgian Premier; M. du Pong, of Luxembourg; M. Cassin, on behalf of the Free French; M. Jan Masaryk, Foreign Minister of the Provisional Government of Czechoslavakia; Greece by M. Charalambos Simopoulos, Greek Minister, and Yugoslavia by M. Ivan Soubbotitch, Yugoslav Minister in London.

M. Masaryk, Czechoslovak Foreign Minister, said his government were unanimous in accepting the ideas and decisions that Mr. Churchill had laid down as an irretrievable duty of all the free peoples of Europe and the world.

M. Soubbotitch, Yugoslav Minister in London, said that Yugoslavia looked forward with confidence to the outcome of the war in which she would not cease to take part with all her means side by side with the Allied states.

Free French Feeling

Professor Cassin, on behalf of Gen. de Gaulle, said France repudiated the monstrous "new European order" which it was sought to impose upon her and in which she would play the part of her executioner's accomplice. She could not think of peace without liberty, the French people and populations of the French Empire would continue the struggle until complete victory was won.

M. Pierlot, the Belgian Premier, affirmed the Belgian Government's complete solidarity with Britain, with the Dominion governments and with, the governments of the free nations whose country had been invaded by Germany.

M. Lie, the Norwegian Premier, said he was convinced that a happy future could only come through collaboration of all free peoples in the world, in which all men might enjoy individual liberty joined with economic and social security.

M. de Pont, the Luxemburg Premier, said his government and people would bring to realisation these aims with their co-operation in the war as their modest means permitted.

Mr. Anthony Eden closing the meeting said he hoped the meeting might represent the inauguration of a new phase of collaboration and that it might form part of the machinery through which victory would be won and by which peace would be maintained after victory.

Axis Past Zenith

Dr. Gerbrandy, the Netherlands Prime Minister, said there might be some indications that the Axis powers had already passed their zenith. Nevertheless, they did not know if the development of the terrible world crisis they were facing just now had already reached its culmination point, but, whatever might be the right diagnosis of the moment, their confidence remained firm.

Gen. Sikorski, the Polish Prime Minister, said democracy owed it to herself to oppose by every means the so-called German new order, otherwise the world would enter upon a long period of oppression by barbarian Teutons. Any suggestion of collaboration with the Reich would prove fatal.

Associating himself with Mr. Churchill, he said: "We represent today a community in arms and tomorrow we shall be a community to construct a just and stable peace."

M. Simopoulos, the Greek Minister in London, said the ideals of justice, peace and collaboration, which were contained in the resolution, inspired his country since the last war.

"For our independence and our freedom we have sacrificed everything," he stated. "We have a will to continue the struggle....until the triumph of liberty and the establishment of peace and free collaboration between nations in a liberated Europe."—Reuter.

U.S. Shipbuilding Speeds Up

New York, June 13.

Ten fast new vessels, totalling 80,000 gross tons, were completed in American shipbuilding yards during May, when producton reached its highest level since the last war. A report of the American Bureau of Shipping quoted by the New York "Journal of Commerce," states that in addition 12 ships were launched and are now awaiting completion in fitting basins.—Reuter.

Roosevelt Names New Justices

Washington, June 13.

President Roosevelt yesterday nominated Mr. Robert H. Jackson U.S. Attorney-General, and Senator James F. Byrnes, Democrat of South Carolina, as new Associate Justices of the U.S. Supreme Court. Mr. Roosevelt simultaneously nominated Mr. Harlan Stone, Associate Justice, to replace Mr. Charles Evans Hughes who recently resigned as Chief Justice of the nation's highest tribunal.

The Senate immediately confirmed the appointment of Senator Byrnes, and confirmation of the remainder of the appointments was expected to be only a mere formality.

The President did not nominate any successor to Mr. Jackson as Attorney-General.

Replacements

Mr. Jackson will replace Mr. Stone on the bench, while Mr. Stone will replace Mr. Hughes. Senator Byrnes will replace Mr. James Clark McReynolds who resigned from the Supreme Court earlier this year.

President Roosevelt has nominated seven Justices to the Supreme Court during his terms as Chief Executive and the appointments assure that the nation's highest court will express New Deal sentiment for years to come. The nominations made Mr. Roosevelt the first President since Washington to nominate seven Justices to the nine-man tribunal.

It was noteworthy that Mr. Stone is a Republican, hence the appointment further extends President Roosevelt's "consolidated" administrative policies.—United Press.

Thailand Undisturbed by British Reinforcements

Bangkok, June 13.

Commenting on a persistent Japanese press report that the strengthening of the Malaya and Burma border defences is a menace to the security of Thailand, a high-placed Thai official declared that Thailand was not in the least disturbed by such reports.

He pointed out that:

1. Thailand had a non-aggression pact with Great Britain;

2. Britain has given Thailand specific assurances regarding the real purpose of these frontier reinforcements, "and we believe in the sincerity of these assurances," and

3. British forces were not stationed so near the Thai border as Japanese reports tried to make out.—Reuter.

Australian Gunner Tells of Dramatic Escape From Crete

London, June 13.

AN Australian sergeant airgunner has told how with a party of soldiers and airmen he escaped from Crete, crossed the Mediterranean to North Africa in a boat designed for calm coastal waters, and had an encounter with an Italian submarine en route.

The launching of the vessel seemed an impossible task," the airgunner related, "but we were hastened by Germans firing tommyguns. That evening we got our craft away and set course for North Africa. There were 77 of us. The sea became rough and we found that the compass from my aircraft was useless. Our boat was only 50 feet long with a ten foot beam and had a flat bottom. It had very little freeboard so we had to bale out all the way over. Most of us were horribly seasick."

Early next morning the boat sighted a submarine which "opened fire across our bows and stopped us."

British Officers Captured

A senior officer was ordered to leave and swam to the submarine, which afterwards came alongside and took off all officers except a wounded Australian.

"The submarine commander said something about being in danger," the sergeant added, "and told us we were free but that we must return to Crete. Instead, the rest of us set course for North Africa.

"Only one engine was working and we had to check the course continually. The water supply was very foul and we had but one quarter of a tin of bully beef per man twice daily. There were also a few onions.

Land Sighted

"On the afternoon of the third day we sighted land and thought at first we had fallen into the hands of the Germans because we saw a tank which did not look like ours. Two of us swam ashore to investigate and discovered that we were within four miles of the point we aimed at. We all swam ashore to be warmly welcomed by South African troops."

Although the sergeant vowed while aboard the boat that he would never return to Crete, he immediately volunteered to go back to carry out a low reconnaissance of an area on the island where he knew some British forces were still at liberty. —Reuter.

U.S. Entry Would Bring Japan in, Declares Gayda

Rome, June 13.

Sig. Virginio Gayda, writing in the "Giornale d'Italia," declared yesterday that United States entry into the war would have two effects, to prolong British resistance and cause Japanese intervention.

"The phrases that Il Duce in his speech (to the Chamber of Deputies on June 10) devoted to the United States call upon U.S. war-mongers to meditate," Sig. Gayda wrote.

"American intervention would only prolong the war since the U.S. fleet would be placed at England's disposal for warfare in the Atlantic and Mediterranean, and would only increase the attacks of destruction.

"Japan would also enter the action.

"Although the Axis has never thought of attacking the United States in peaceful or semi-peaceful times, the Axis could not abstain from all means of reaction should Washington take the unprovoked initiative of entering the war," the editorial concluded.—United Press.

Intervention Expected

Sig. Mario Appelius, noted Fascist military commentator, wrote in Premier Benito Mussolini's own newspaper, the Milan "Popolo d'Italia," that Il Duce's speech prepared the Italian people for possible U.S. intervention.

Sig. Appelius also declared Italy desired to collaborate with Turkey on the basis of the 1928 Turkish-Italian Agreement. He declared that Spain's role in the new Europe order "will not be changed either by British flattery or blackmail."

Commenting on Japan, Sig. Appelius wrote: "When Japan signed the Tripartite Pact, she chose her own road. Thus the future of Japan is projected on the future of the modern world, the same as the Italo-German future has been projected...

"Thus Mussolini frankly made clear to the Italian people the possibility of U.S. intervention. In reality, there is a state of war already, even though undeclared. Therefore, it is not only useless but criminal intervention. It may prolong and enlarge the war, thus making the United States assume a grave responsibility. Nevertheless, the Axis has foreseen this intervention.—United Press.

Prominent Personages Attend China Movie

Washington, June 13.

Prominent personages headed by Dr. Hu Shih, Chinese Ambassador to the United States, attended last night a premier of the movie, "China Fights Back," which will be released shortly to 6,000 movie houses in the United States, it was learned today.

Others who attended the premier were Mr. T. V. Soong, Governor of the Bank of China, Mr. Stanley Hornbeck of the U.S. State Department and Mr. Nelson T. Johnson, former U.S. Ambassador to China.

The film showed China's revamped army and air force, her extensive industrial activities, workers on the Burma Road, and national leaders including Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek and the three Soong sisters.

The picture included remarks by Mr. William C. Bullitt, former U.S. Ambassador to France, who stated that China's resistance is protecting the American western front. The film suggested that China is well organized for defence but needs U.S. equipment to carry out offensives.—United Press.

Two More U.S. Newsmen Leave Germany

London, June 13.

The number of American special correspondents in Germany has now been reduced to two by the "Chicago Daily News" closing its Berlin office. Its correspondent, David M. Nicholl, departed for Berne a few days ago. He was accompanied by the former Berlin correspondent for the American magazines "Times" and "Life," Stephen Laird.

Laird was entrusted by its author with the manuscript of P.G. Wodehouse's new book "Money in the Bank." He met Wodehouse recently in a German internment camp of which he has for some time been an inmate and was asked to take his manuscript to a publishing house in New York.

The only special correspondent of American newspapers now left in Berlin is the representative of the "New York Times."—Reuter.

New Production Chief

London, June 13.

Sir Charles Craven becomes controller at the Ministry of Aircraft Production, according to an announcement by the Ministry.

Sir Charles will be responsible to the Minister for Aircraft Production for all matters connected with production. He will take up his appointment immediately.—Reuter.

In view of the large Chinese population in Perak on the Malay Peninsula, the Chinese National Government has started negotiations with the British Government for the establishment of a consulate, says a report to the "Cheng Yien Pao." The suggestion to establish the consulate was made by the Chinese community in Perak to General Wu Te-chen, during his last good-will tour to British Malaya in the capacity of Minister of Overseas Affairs. The Chinese in Perak are now enjoying prosperous business as a result of increased production, particularly of tin, since the outbreak of the Europear War.

Peru-Ecuador Talks Receive Set-back

Lima, June 13.

Negotiations between Peru and Ecuador for the liquidation of the century-old border dispute now being conducted through the good offices of the United States, Brazil, and the Argentine, received a serious setback when both Governments yesterday reported that open clashes took place between Peruvian and Ecuadorian forces.

An Ecuadorian Government communique announced that Ecuadorian and Peruvian frontier guards yesterday exchanged fire, while the Peruvian Government announced that an Ecuadorian war vessel was repulsed when it violated Peruvian waters and attacked Peruvian craft.

Observers said the latest clashes may mean the rupture of the current border negotiations.—Domei.

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86 Bearn Apts., 475 Ave. Joffre
Hours: 8-10, 6-8, Telephone 83993

HOUSE CLEANING
Floor Polishing and Disinfecting
FUMIGATING
TELEPHONE 12156
FESCO
Far Eastern Sanitary Co.

"Deficiency of information in Japanese English-language newspapers is completed very successfully in Kobe by the **Japan Chronicle**.... on it pages can often be found criticisms of the political and economic actions of the Japanese Government and various other information which gives the opportunity to observe and to analyse the Japanese economic situation. In addition to the usual material obtainable from all the Japanese English-language newspapers. The **Japan Chronicle** gives a very detailed and comprehensive review of the foreign trade of Japan. It regularly prints statistics pertaining to Japanese exports and the state of the home market."—*Extracts from U.S.S.R. Chamber of Commerce Journal.*

"The Japan Chronicle"
DAILY AND WEEKLY
Head Office: 65 Naniwa Machi, Kobe

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS
Strictly Prepaid

	Per insertion
One insertion	per word 25 cts.
Three insertions	" " 20 cts.
Seven or more	" " 15 cts.
Positions wanted, any number of insertions	" 15 cts.

Minimum of 14 words

Replies to Box Numbers should be addressed care of "North-China Daily News," 17 The Bund (or P.O. Box 707), Shanghai, unless otherwise stated.

In applying for positions copies of references and not originals should be sent.

Radios

YOUR voice and/or musical rendition by latest machine on unbreakable double-sided records. Mail one to your friends. Price from $10 to $20. Telephone 38516. -8525

BARGAIN: Pilot 8-tube ac/dc 1940 model, powerful short-wave reception, $650. Owner leaving. Replies Box 4419, NCDN. -8513

PUBLIC-address/phonograph amplifiers for hire. Indispensable for successful parties. Radio Corporation of Asia. Telephone 87777. -8522

RADIO O.K.? For best radioman, telephone 43383. Experienced in all makes. Chang's Radio Corporation. -6456

TROY radio combination, portable, 6 tubes. Plays everywhere, enjoyable while travelling. Demonstration without obligation. Triangle Motors. 99, Cardinal Mercier. -7448

Motor Cars and Cycles

FORD delivery van; Studebaker sedan. Terraplane sedan; Chevrolet sport roadster; Chevrolet sedan. Pacific Motors, telephone 74500. -8516

1937 Ford deluxe sedan 85 h.p., excellent condition, white-walled tyres. Quick sale, US$690. Telephone 62897. 13289

MORRIS, 1930, new four-door body, new tyres, dynamo, battery, recently overhauled, 22 miles per gallon, beautiful appearance, conditions, US$230. Box 4422, NCDN. -8522

FOR SALE, motor-cycle, Harley Davidson model, 1934, 3½ h.p. in very good condition. $3,000. Telephone 85348. -8520

PACKARD roadster 1932 in perfect condition, new paint, six practically new tyres. Price reasonable. Telephone 12.30 to 1.30 p.m. or after 7 p.m., 76264, Davis, or Box 4436, NCDN. -8552

DURANT-RUGBY two-door sedan, excellent condition inside and outside; fine running order. US$125. Stewart, 55 Yuen-Ming-Yuen. 13298

WANTED American-made car, 1937/1940, preferably Ford, Dodge, Studebaker. Box 4433, NCDN. -8548

FOR SALE 1934 Plymouth Deluxe coupe. Good condition. Telephone 50060 from 11 to 5. -8554

DKW 1932/33, for sale. Four-cylinder, 25 m.p.g., owner-driven Al condition. $3,000. Telephone 76205, 12.30-1.30, 6.30-8.30. 13291

LIGHT weight motor-cycle, for sale. Box 4435, NCDN. -8550

1938 Plymouth de luxe sedan, bought October 1938 under 15,000 miles, perfect condition. One owner. US$850. Box 4438, NCDN. -8553

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange or service motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bill Motors authorized Ford Mercury and Lincoln-Zephyr Dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 8030

MORRIS Cowley 1934, two-seater, in good condition, economical, $5,000. Telephone 16247 office hours. 13274

FOR SALE, 1933, Rockne coupe, 1932 Renault 4 sedan. Best condition. 365 Avenue Foch, telephone 83317, 88375. -8501

CONVERTIBLE sedan de luxe. Beautiful condition and appearance. Leather upholstery, new white tyres, duco, etc. US$925. No dealers. Telephone 31414, 9-12 p.m. -8505

AUSTIN Baby, two-seater (closed), for sale. Telephone 39583. -8470

OLDSMOBILE coupe 1931 in perfect condition, US$225. Telephone 75172, 9-10.30 a.m. -8437

WE buy for cash, sell on easy terms and exchange cars, trucks. Telephone 70159, Triangle Motors. -7448

Furnished Houses

BEAUTIFUL residence situated Yu Yuen Road with tennis court, hot house, separate servants quarters, garage, central heating, telephone, immediate occupation. Furniture and fittings must be taken over. Rent US$50 per month. Apply Mr. Chen, c/o Williams' Studio, 126 Bubbling Well Road. -8461

Unfurnished Apartments

MODERN two-roomed apartment, near Bubbling Well, Seymour Road. All modern conveniences, including electric refrigerator. Monthly rent $220. Telephone 76639 (1-6 p.m.) -8545

HAIG Court, To let five-roomed apartment, three bathrooms. Apply to Metropolitan Land Co., Ltd., 17 The Bund. Telephone 15455. 13275

TO LET: Three roomed apartment, south, with verandah, servants' quarters, roof garden. $225 excluding taxes. Kinnear Road. Telephone 15568. -8557

TWO roomed flat, kitchen, bath, servants' room, garage, first-class apartment house Avenue Haig, available July 1. Write Box 4402, NCDN or telephone 44441 office hours. -8487

Furnished Apartments

TWO-roomed furnished airy apartment, clean, screened, attached bathroom, verandah, kitchen, private telephone. Bus 1 and 9. Tel. 23615. -8434

FOR married couple or two responsible bachelors, comfortable, large, separate, furnished room with attached private bathroom, with use big verandah and telephone, with board, in first-class apartment building Avenue du Roi Albert in row with Canidrome. Telephone 75872 between 9-10. -8513

TO LET, two-roomed modern comfortably furnished flat, bathroom, kitchen, verandah. Taxes, hot water, crockery, etc. Rent $475. No key money, no furniture sale. Tifeng Road, bus No. 14 Telephone 20666. 13301

APARTMENTS. Large selection: rooms, furnished, unfurnished flats, houses, shops, offices, godowns. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -8441

GENTLEMAN desires to share apartment in Grosvenor House with reliable, quiet gentleman. References required. Box 4386, NCDN. -8444

FOR RENT, spacious two-roomed flat. Furniture to be taken over. Reply to Box 4365, NCDN. 13257

Animals

PUPPY, bull-dog. Apply to 113 Route Vallon, Room 4. Telephone 74625 from 2 to 5 p.m. -8532

TWO very nice kittens would like good home. One black and one tabby. Telephone 34882. -8540

HOMING pigeons for sale, cheap entire stock of the Jackson Loft. Apply T. Jackson, 228 Nanyang Road, Apartment 102, telephone 33416. -8482

FOR SALE to good home, cocker spaniel dog, black, pedigreed, nine months old. 314 Hardoon Road, House 5, Apartment 111. -8471

More Classified Ads. Overleaf

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Cloudy and hot weather, rather fine at times and with easterly winds over Shantung and our regions: with mist or even rain and moderate south-easterly winds along the coast to the south of the Saddles.

	At Cathedral		At Siccawei	
Temperature yesterday	min. 71.0	max. 82.5	min. 69.4	max. 82.2
„ same date last year	min. 69.0	max. 80.0	min. 67.1	max. 82.9

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, JUNE 14, 1941 (20th day of 5th moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on June 19, at 7 p.m. registered and 8 p.m. ordinary due San Francisco on July 1. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Hongkong on June 16, 7 p.m. registered and 8 p.m. ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mail close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: June 14, 18, 1941.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

BIRTHS

MEHTA.—On June 11, 1941, at Ste. Marie's Hospital, Shanghai, to KATIE, wife of J. P. Mehta, a son. -8519

LOPES.—On June 13, 1941 at Hôpital Sainte Marie, Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. J. M. E. Lopes, a daughter—ANTONIA MARIA. -8519

DEATH

D'AUXION DE RUFFE.—On Friday, June 13, 1941. REGINALD LIONEL PATRICK D'AUXION DE RUFFE, aged 66 years, the dearly-beloved husband of Mme. Selina d'Auxion de Ruffe and father of Countess Beatrice du Bus de Warnaffe. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

CARD

MRS. MAY SARAH WILLIS, finding it impossible to thank individually all friends who sent flowers, expressions of sympathy, donations to the British War Funds during her recent sad bereavement, begs them to accept herein the expression of her heartfelt gratitude.

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

JUNE

14 P.S.G. Former Pupils 'At Home', Yu Yuen Road School, 4

14 Chinese Coy, S.V.C., formed. (1906)

14 First Japanese Ambassador to China presented credentials (1935)

14 Fall of Paris: French Government at Bordeaux (1940)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that

MISS GIOVANNA BOSIO

a Swiss citizen residing at No. 4 Quai de France, in Shanghai, has been placed under provisional guardianship and that she can bind herself by her transactions only with the consent of her appointed guardian

MR BRUNO BRITT,

Swiss citizen, 8-10 Rue du Consulat, in Shanghai.

Agreements entered into by the ward without the consent of the guardian will not be considered as valid.

SWISS CONSULATE-GENERAL.

Shanghai, June 13, 1941. 13255

On the occasion of the birthday of H.M. King Gustaf a reception will be given by Mr. M. Pripp, Swedish Chargé d'Affaires a.i. in his home 269 Amherst Ave. (Columbia Circle) on Monday June 16, 5.30-7.30 p.m. All Swedes in Shanghai are invited. 13276

NOTIFICATION No. 5474.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Transfer Books of the Municipal Loans will be closed from June 16 to June 30, both days inclusive.

By Order,

G. GODFREY PHILLIPS.
Secretary and Commissioner General.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, May 29, 1941. 13071

THE SHANGHAI ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.

(Incorporated in England)

It has been agreed between the Shanghai Municipal Council and the Company that the existing maximum charges per mile of 10 cents for First Class accommodation and 7 cents for Third Class accommodation be increased to 15 cents per mile and 10 cents per mile respectively.

A revised fares schedule will come into operation on June 28, 1941, and the new fares will be exhibited in the Company's vehicles as from that date.

A. A. EWING,
General Managers.

Shanghai, June 12, 1941. 13262

AMERICAN CLUB

4% DEBENTURE ISSUE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Debenture transfer books will be closed on June 23, to June 30, 1941, both dates inclusive, for the payment of semi-annual interest on July 1, 1941.

A. C. CHAPIN,
Secretary.

13277

OLD TONBRIDGIANS

I shall be glad to receive the addresses of any Old Tonbridgians who are not on my records.

S. E. G. HILLMAN,
c/o Yee Tsoong Tobacco Co., Ltd.
175 Soochow Road
-13260

FORD V-8

The design of the Ford V-8 for 1941 establishes this car more firmly than ever as the style leader in its price class.

It is big, substantial and powerful in appearance. The graceful, modern front end is entirely individual in character. And creating a new style, the rich, colourful interiors have a distinctive two-tone treatment, carried through in instrument panel, fittings and upholstery.

BILLS MOTORS

Federal Inc., U.S.A.

615 Avenue Foch. Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

SHANGHAI WORSTED MILL, LIMITED

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Fourth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Secretaries, The China Engineers, Ltd., 88 Museum Road, Shanghai, on Monday, July 7, 1941 at 12 noon, to receive and consider the Profit & Loss account and Balance Sheet, with the report of the Directors for the year ended March 31, 1941, to declare a Dividend, to elect Directors, and to appoint Auditors.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that at the same place and on the same day as soon afterwards as the Annual General Meeting shall be concluded, an Extraordinary General Meeting will be held when the following alteration to the Articles of Association will be proposed as a resolution:—

EXTRAORDINARY.

Resolved that the Articles of Association be changed by substituting the words "The Certificate of Title to shares, debentures or debenture stock shall be issued under the seal, and signed by one Director", instead of "The Certificate of Title to shares, debentures or debenture stock shall be issued under the seal and signed by three Directors" in Article 9.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed from June 26 to July 7, 1941, both days inclusive. Proxies to be valid must be lodged at the Secretaries' office not less than 48 hours before the time fixed for the Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

THE CHINA ENGINEERS, LTD.,
Secretaries.

Shanghai, June 14, 1941. 13297

THE SHANGHAI WATERWORKS CO., LTD.

(Incorporated in England)

NOTICE TO DEBENTURE HOLDERS

The Debenture Transfer Register will be closed from June 16 to June 30, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,

R. LOCK.
Secretary and Asst. Manager.

Shanghai, June 5, 1941. 13197

METROPOLITAN LAND COMPANY LIMITED

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Companies Ordinances)

1933 ISSUE 6% DEBENTURES

THE REGISTER OF TRANSFERS OF DEBENTURES will be closed for the above issue from June 19 to June 30, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

F. R. SMITH & COMPANY, LTD.
General Managers.

Shanghai, June 10, 1941. 13232

THE SHANGHAI LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong)

31st Issue 6% Debentures 31/12/31

THE REGISTER OF TRANSFERS OF DEBENTURES will be closed for the above Issue from the 16th to 30th June 1941, both days inclusive.

In accordance with notice already given this Issue will be Redeemed on the June 30, 1941.

By Order of the Directors

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.,
Agents

Shanghai, June 7, 1941. 13173

CULTY DAIRY

The Home of Quality Milk

Pasteurised Grade "A"

1567 AVENUE JOFFRE, TELEPHONE 70126

General Managers: KEYLOCK & PRATT

13089

PHILIPS RADIOS

with "Bandspread" Tuning.

INNISS & RIDDLE (CHINA) LTD.

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)

34 Yuen Ming Yuen Road
Telephone 16237/9

13188

"WHAT DOES IT MEAN

to the manufacturer when a radio outfit is returned because of uncompleted payments?" asks a writer. Just another set back. What about the husband who forgets to protect his wife's jewellery and furs by an All Risks Policy?

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Established 1782 Assets £30,000,000
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

NORGE

for refrigeration

COLUMBIA RADIO

British and Best

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.

873 BUBBLING WELL ROAD

Telephone 36865

13026

COMPARE PLYMOUTH

with other cars. *Plymouth* is outstanding in low price, fine styling, real comfort and operating economy.

MARK L. MOODY
Fed. Inc., U.S.A.
30 Avenue Edward VII.
After We Sell—WE SERVE

THE SHANGHAI SEREMBAN RUBBER ESTATES, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty Sixth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in the abovementioned Company will be held at No. 49 Szechuen Road, Shanghai on Monday, June 23, 1941 at 11.30 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended December 31, 1940, declaring a Dividend, electing a Director and Auditors and transacting any other ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from June 18 to June 23, 1941, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be effected.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.

Shanghai, June 14, 1941. 13203

CHINA TRANSPORT AND STORAGE CO., INC.

The Certificate of Dissolution of the above Company has been received from the Secretary of State, Delaware, U.S.A. authorizing the dissolution of the above Company. Stockholders of record are hereby requested to apply to the undersigned with their share certificates, same to be surrendered upon payment of a prorata share of the assets of the Company in accordance with the resolution passed at the Special Meeting of Stockholders held on December 23, 1940.

AMERICAN SECURITIES CORPORATION (CHINA)

107 Museum Road, Shanghai. 13256

THE ANGLO-FRENCH LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

1932 ISSUE 6% DEBENTURES

The Register of Transfers of Debentures will be closed for the above issue from June 24 to June 30, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,

A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LTD.
Agents

Shanghai, June 13, 1941. 13273

DEL MONTE GREEN GROCERY

854 Avenue Foch. Tel. 39113

Just arrived:

South African black, red, green grapes, pears, USA celery, lettuce, avocadoes, apples, oranges, lemons, grapefruit, Formosa musk melons, sweet water-melons, best celery, pineapples.

-8551

"I HAVE NOHING
TO OFFER, BUT BLOOD, TOIL
TEARS AND SWEAT"

said Winston Churchill.

The fruits of your toil are dollars. Give of them generously

to

THE CENTRAL BRITISH WAR FUND

(Hon. Treasurer, Mr. G. H. Stacey c/o Hongkong & Shanghai Bank.) for Red Cross and Air Raid Relief.

Shanghai War Savings Association

BORN JUNE 1940

THIS IS OUR BIRTHDAY MONTH

WISH US A HAPPY ONE

BY INVESTING IN 2½% NATIONAL WAR BONDS

through the

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA

18 THE BUND

This space is donated by: Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co., Ltd.

THE WORLD AUXILIARY INSURANCE CORPORATION, LIMITED

LONDON

R. A. KREULEN, *General Representative.*

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE

2nd Floor, Continental Bank Bldg., 113 Kiukiang Road

Telephone 12667 (3 lines)

In Aid of British War Funds

MARKET GARDEN FAIR

On Wednesday, June 18

AT 402 AVENUE HAIG

(Next to Haig Court)

From 4 p.m. to 10 p.m.

-8544

CREDIT FONCIER d'EXTREME ORIENT

beg to advise that as from June 16, 1941 their office hours will be from 8 a.m. to 1 p.m.

13300

MEN'S SUMMER SUITS
Made to Order
from $48
AUGAN'S TAILOR
300 Kiangse Rd. (cor. Nanking Rd.)
-8044

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

China Coast Time, Greenwich+8 hours. (For summer time add 1 hour.)

Meteorological Reports	June 12 16.00	June 12 21.00	June 13 4.00	June 13 9.00
Barometer (inches)	29.65	29.72	29.70	29.73
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.04	+0.03	+0.01	+0.02
at 32 F. („ 12 hrs.)	—0.02	+0.01	+0.05	+0.01
Wind (direction)	N	ESE	ESE	ESE
„ (miles per hour)	4.3	8.7	6.2	5.6
Temperature (Fahr.)	80.2°	71.1°	70.7°	75.4°
Humidity (per cent)	64	94	96	88
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	9	2	10	10
Rainfall (inches)	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report June 12	Mean 1941	24 hrs. variation	68 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.69	+0.06	29.72
Temperature: min. 66.9° max. 86.4°	76.6°	+0.6°	73.0°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	20.66	—	16.75

Time and Tide	14/6	15/6	16/6	17/6	18/6	19/6	20/6
Sun rises at Shanghai	4.49	4.49	4.49	4.49	4.49	4.49	4.50
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.58	18.59	18.59	18.59	19.00	19.00	19.01
Moon rises at Shanghai	22.51	23.28	—	0.02	0.37	1.10	1.44
Moon sets at Shanghai	9.33	10.30	11.26	12.19	13.13	14.05	14.58
Flood makes Shai. (day)	13.48	14.40	15.33	16.30	17.25	6.11	7.20
Ebb makes Shai. (day)	6.04	7.00	7.57	9.00	10.18	11.26	12.00
H. W. W'sung Bar (day)	15.30	16.31	17.38	5.44	7.25	8.15	9.09
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	10.58	10.02	9.35	8.95	8.48	8.00	8.40

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 12th:—Normal and steady pressure in China: low and rising over Japan. Northerly to easterly winds along the China Coast. Cloudy and hot weather in China.

State on the morning of the 13th:—Overcast and misty weather. Easterly breezes. Pressure rather normal and steady.—Siccawei Observatory.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head-Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge, Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

SATURDAY, June 14.	Reg.	Ord.
Japan (via Kobe) Honolulu U.S.A. Canada and Europe via Pacific	*20.00	8.00
Weihaiwei Chefoo and Tientsin	8.30	9.00
Hongkong and Canton	13.30	14.00
Chefoo and Tientsin	13.30	14.00
Swatow and Canton	13.30	14.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
Amoy Fukien and Kiangsi Provinces via Amoy	19.30	20.00
Tsingtao and Dairen	20.00	20.00
Japan Korea via Nagasaki	20.00	20.00
SUNDAY, June 15.		
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Indo-China	AX15.30	16.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
MONDAY, June 16.		
Canada (Z)	BX —	—
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	18.30	20.00
Aust. N.Z. S.S. Ceylon India and Suez (via Hongkong)	18.30	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00

*The night before.

A Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 16.00 on 14th.

B Parcel mail for Canada, closes at 16.00 on 16th.

X Provisional time subject to alterations.

Next parcel mail for U.S.A. closes on June 18, 1941.

Canton-Hanoi-Saigon-Bangkok Air Mail

Air mails close on every Sunday and Wednesday at 8 p.m. for registered and ordinary for transmission per Shanghai-Canton Air Line to connect with the aeroplane leaving Canton for Hanoi on every Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and for Saigon on every Monday and Bangkok on every Friday. The air mails may also be sent per available steamer to Canton via Hongkong.

Netherlands K.L.M. Air Mail Service (Batavia-Lydda) per steamer to Singapore via Hongkong on June 16, at 7 p.m. for registered and at 8 p.m. for ordinary.

Royal Netherlands Indies Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Saigon on June 15, at 3.30 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 12.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow; Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tungshan, Haichow, Kweiteh, Kaigan, Tatung, Kweisui, Paotow, Shanhaikwan, Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan, Yuncheng and Linfen by the planes of the China Airways Co. close daily at 10.30 p.m.

Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m.

Canton, Swatow and Hoihow per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

Daily Train Mail

Nanking only at 7 a.m. and 1.30 p.m.

Entire N.S.R. and River Ports up to Ichang at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

T.P.R., north Pinghan, Lunghai and Kiaotsi Lines at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Entire S.H.N.R. at 1 p.m.

Sungkiang and Hangchow only at 10.30 p.m.

Remark: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per trains via Nanking and Tsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains (for time of closing, see above.)

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

Limbless Soldiers and Sailors Fund

Wilkinson, Mrs. E. S. $60

Jewish Ladies Benevolent Society

IN MEMORY OF M. M. COHEN

Chung, Mrs. P. C. $5

The Popular "Wayloo" Fleecette

SUMMER BLANKETS

In soft white downy Fleecette

SIZE 58 x 78 INCHES PRICE $17.50 EACH

SIZE 68 x 90 INCHES PRICE $22.95 EACH

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

OUTFITTER wanted immediately. Briton with thorough knowledge high class outfitting as manager/buyer for Men's Wear Department Lane, Crawford, Ltd., Hongkong. Applicants are requested to send to the General Manager, copies of references and a recent small photograph, and to give an indication of salary required.

WANTED, Chinese assistant for manager of small factory, English essential. State experience and salary expected. Box 4434, NCDN. -8549

TYPIST wanted, must know English, be rappid and accurate. Young man or woman. State age, education, experience and salary required. Address Box 4439 NCDN. 13294

MALE Stenographer wanted, accurate and rapid shorthand more essential than typewriting. Write Box 4443 NCDN.

WANTED. Efficient bookkeeper, familiar with motor garage accounts, either sex. State experience, nationality and salary. Box 4411, NCDN. 13272

A vacancy occurs at Tientsin for young Englishman with good knowledge of men's outfittings. Must have gained experience at Home. Progressive position to right man. Apply in first instance giving full particulars to Box 4398, NCDN. 13264

WANTED, experienced hardworking stenotypist. Address Box 4370, NCDN. 13243

WANTED, an experienced English or American nurse between 30-50 years of age, with good knowledge of English language to take care of two boys of eight and nine years old. Apply by letter to Chen Wen Chung, 171 Kiangse Road, Shanghai. -8335

Business Opportunities

RUSSIAN lady with capital US$2,000, interested in partnership or would buy running, profitable business. No refugees. Box 4420, NCDN. -8516

Educational

LEARN German! German lessons, grammar and conversation, given by Mr. Knoche, 2 Quinsan Garden. Exceptional references. -8541

TEACHER to take charge of science and mathematics up to School Certificate wanted September. Apply Headmaster, 39 Myburgh Road. 13230

SPANISH lessons by experienced tutor, two or three times weekly, wanted by Japanese gentleman. Box 4385, NCDN. -8443

Holiday Resorts

IN Korea, at Yankovsky's estate, to let rooms with board. Telephone Mrs. Potapoff 77657 tiffin hours. -8539

VILLA Lucia, 4 Chih Chuan Road, Iltis Hulk, Tsingtao. First class pension. Open for reservations. 13144

LAOSHAN, Private hotel amidst lovely scenery and pine forests. Modern conveniences, hot and cold water, baths, open air swimming pools, radio, etc. Excellent cuisine, Moderate terms. Apply "Rock Mansions" Laoshan, Tsingtao. -8784

TO LET, in Villa Peitaiho Westend (with large garden), furnished rooms with board, all conveniences. Address Box 3123, NCDN. 13040

Wanted to Rent

END July, four rooms completely furnished, all conveniences, no agents. Reply W. Robertson, Telephone 12497. -8438

MODERN house with garden, preferably with hard tennis court wanted now or in autumn on long lease or for eventual purchase later. Reply Box 4068, NCDN. 13296

WANTED furnished or unfurnished apartment or house in the Settlement. Five rooms or more. Brokers need not apply. Apply Telephone 73301. -8340

THREE responsible British ladies: Flat/apartment, fully furnished, three bedrooms, bathrooms, living-room, reasonable rent Concession/Central. Box 4326, NCDN. -8338

WANTED flat of two rooms, furnished/unfurnished central district or Bubbling Well/Seymour Roads. Apply Post Office Box 776. -8359

WANTED to rent or lease, house of 20 or more rooms, within Settlement or Concession limits. Box 4405, NCDN. -8490

WANTED, three-bedroom house, unfurnished, or five-roomed apartment, unfurnished. Western district or French Concession. Box 4383, NCDN. 13253

WANTED house with garden, Western area of French Concession. Telephone Standard Oil Co., Mr. T. C. Graham. 13207

Houses and Land

HUNGJAO Road, small lot of mow 0.668 for sale. Price reasonable. Address Box 4291, NCDN. -8288

FOR SALE, vacant land, mow 0.919, Route Grouchy near corner Route Doumer, apply C. Madar & Co., Ltd., 259 Kiangse Road. -8446

WANTED buy property for investment up to $1,500,000. Preferably passage houses. Box 4374, NCDN. -8417

FOR SALE, 6 mow vacant land (square lot). East Yuhang Road near Chaofoong Road. British title-deed. Price reasonable. Address Box 4359, NCDN. -8390

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of fifteen dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.10.

EURASIAN (British), over military age, urgently needs position. Over 20 years' experience secretary-stenographer, accounts. Excellent testimonials. Box 4426, NCDN. -8530

EXPERIENCED translator in English and Chinese, seeks employment part-time or full-day work. Kindly address Box 4407, NCDN. -8493

CHAUFFEUR, excellent, most reliable, highly recommended by present employer. Telephone 20950 or Post Office Box 536. -8469

YOUNG foreigner (neutral) seeks responsible position, fluent knowledge Japanese, wide experience, good connections. Address Box 4382, NCDN. -8435

BRITON, over military age, seeks position. Accountancy or office management. Sound experience. English certificates. Also good knowledge building and allied trades. Reply Box 4381, NCDN. -8434

EXPERIENCED Chinese clerk or office assistant. Is capable, fast typewriter. Address Box 4379, NCDN. -8439

JAPANESE, graduated engineer, first-class salesman and licensed interpreter desires a position. Wide experience in USA. Japan and China. Please apply to Box 4274, NCDN. -8258

EXPERIENCED young stenographer (European) seeks position with reliable firm. Reply to Box 4328, NCDN. -8340

Chinese Servants

MRS. SIFTON recommends her child's amah, entirely trustworthy and reliable. Telephone 22403 between 12 and 2. 13299

73148 CENTRAL Employment Agency. British. The last word in household servants. 833/17 Avenue Joffre. -8433

COOK-BOY, wife amah, American/English/German cooking, well recommended. Good English. Telephone 70264. -8480

CHINESE baby-amah with knowledge of English, good references; seeks position. 11 to 3 p.m. Telephone 75191. -8429

WANTED, Hungjao, first-class, thoroughly experienced, English-knowing gardener. Must live on premises. Good wages to right man. Reply Box 4380, NCDN. 13252

Personal

WOULD the lady who shared a taxi in the rain Nanking/Columbia Road care to continue the acquaintance? Please write Box 4377, NCDN. -8421

Lost

DELIVERY Order No. 16642 issued by J. C. J. L. covering 164 bags Java robusts coffee marked: 2 over Crown over Shanghai ROB in the middle Product of NEI below, ex m.v. Tjinegara from Sourabaya, has been lost and is hereby declared null and void. Crown Produce Company. 13261

F.M.C. Licence Deposit Receipt; F.M.C. Deposit No. 2144 dated October 15, 1937 for $70; F.M.C. Deposit No. 2226, dated January 4, 1938 for $35. Hereby declared null and void. -8476

Offices, Shops, Godowns

WANTED to rent: shop space about 30 ft. x 50 ft. with window, in residential district of the French Concession or on Nanking Road. Reply Box 4429, NCDN. 13285

WANTED: Godown or self-contained godown compartments or building suitable for storage purposes, in central or western districts, about 5,000 square feet. Reply Post Office Box 1649. 13260

ADVERTISER wants to change his one-roomed office, telephone, with bathroom, located in modern downtown building, for similar but roomier office of one/two/three rooms, willing to take over fixtures, furniture. Address Box 4358, NCDN. -8389

GODOWN space, approximately 2,000 sq. ft. to sublet on third-floor of godown on Chaofoong Road, near Broadway Telephone 12630. 13091

Wanted to Purchase

USED rug 9 x 12, good condition wanted. Nichols Karagheusian Fette. Address Box 4397, NCDN. -8455

WANTED high-grade 20B D-B sporting gun. Apply Box 4424, NCDN. -8524

WANTED to buy secondhand field-glasses. Please write stating particulars, price. Box 4408, NCDN. -8494

WANTED to buy, secondhand furniture for drawing-room, such as couch, easy chairs, etc. in excellent condition; needlepoint or cretonne preferred. Also small Persian rug. Write to Box 4394 NCDN. 13262

WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dresses; shoes, carpets, clothing, etc. Telephone 34663 Mr. W. Engel. -8358

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

MASSAGE, pedicure, in grown nails cured. 9 Central Arcade, from Ezra Road 93-94. Telephone 11984. -8515

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m., 205 Peking/374 Kiangse Road, Apartment 30, second-floor. -7819

For Sale—Miscellaneous

ICE chest, imported, inside porcelain enamelled, 21 x 35 x 45 in. Address Box 4424, NCDN. -8528

FOR SALE. 12-gauge double Charles Osborne, London, 16 gauge Winchester repeater. Box 4430, NCDN. -8542

SALE, Gray's Anatomy by Spitzka, 18th edition. Box 4414, NCDN. -8509

SALE, portable oarless metal rowing-machine. Box 4415, NCDN. -8509

BABY Hermes; ¼ h.p. Universal motor; 16 mm. movie camera; projector; surgical instruments; essential oils. Box 4418, NCDN. -8511

ENGLISH folding cot and Marmet folding pram. Box 4441, NCDN. 13293

160 lb. American spring steel, 2 in. B.W.G. 23. Steel hand-cutting-machine 4 in., 60 lb. sheet plates ⅛ in., 122 lb. bullet-proof steel ¼ in. Scale 1,000 lb., perfect condition. Big ceiling fan 110 v. Big lamp-shade. At best offer. Telephone 74807. Box 4404, NCDN. 13268

TWO 24" motor driven mowers. Two 40" rotary cutters. Ox drawn. One gang mower. For further information apply to the Secretary, Shanghai Golf Club, 20 Canton Road. Telephone 13386. 13270

DIAMOND, 4-carat, inset platinum ring, US$1,000. Address Box 4401, NCDN. -8481

DRUMS, 200 pieces, secondhand, for oil, washed, tested and painted. Guaranteed free from leaks. 133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Room 712. 13254

SUMMER shirts: Cellular, Panama, Linen, Poplin. Correctly made to measure at reasonable prices. Razon's 12 Central Rd. Telephone 10313. 13181

OIL paintings by well-known European artist, including very valuable specimens, for sale, lowest price. On view without obligation. 403 Roi Albert, Room 2. -8254

RECENTLY arrived: deluxe paintings, miniatures, porcelain figures, superb Czechoslovakian crystalware, wooden statuettes. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Art. 13079

CRYSTAL drink-set with bowl for 18 persons, real silver cutlery set for 12 persons. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Art. 13079

LACE gloves, 15 colours, 70 cents; gentlemen's linen initialed handkerchiefs, $2.90 each; crochet turbans $1.60; ladies' cotton handkerchiefs, $1.75 for half dozen. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 13143

REFRIGERATING machine, ammonia, single cylinder 4 x 6 with accessories. For inspection, 100 Great Western Road. -7843

TABLE cover sets, damask and kitchen linen, quilt cases and pillows, bed sheets. Best European quality, at exceedingly favourable prices. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. 13227

SECONDHAND furniture, refrigerators, ice-boxes, household effects, bought/sold at best prices. G. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -8141

LARGE bronze group abounding in figures, remarkable masterpiece of Viennese art. 1310 Avenue Joffre. European Art. 13106

Cameras

FLASH synchronizer for modern miniature cameras. Obtainable from Standard Photo Supply, 445 Nanking Road, telephone 92473. 13246

Rooms Without Board

TO LET, furnished room in apartment, telephone from 12 to 2, 32103. 1220/34 Avenue Road. -8510

SOUTHFACING room (balcony) to let, single/childless couple preferred. 587/8 Seymour Road, second-floor. -8475

EUROPEAN furnished room with bathroom, to let July 1. 79 Route de Sieves, Apartment 3, corner Roi Albert, telephone 68252. -8432

WELL furnished room in apartment in very centre of French Concession. 62 Route Cardinal Mercier, Apartment 1. -8526

LARGE well-furnisheed room with attractive private bar, adjoining bathroom, to let. 270 Yuyuen Road, Flat 8. View 2-5 p.m. to-day. -8523

WELL-FURNISHED large room southern exposure, bath attached. In private family. Best part of Concession. Telephone 75224 between 12-2 p.m. and 6 to 8 p.m. 13292

TO LET: big rooms, very well-furnished, with all modern conveniences and telephone in apartment house. 62 Rue Cardinal Mercier. Flat A6. -8241

ELEGANTLY furnished room in quiet household, all conveniences, telephone. Meals optional. 1821/A/2 Avenue Joffre. -8485

$280. To let one south room, private bath, in apartment. Aryans only. Telephone 72087. -8472

SOUTHFACING, bed-sitting room, all conveniences, comfortable modern house, opposite Jessfield Park, large garden. Telephone 11929. -8469

BIG nicely furnished room, adjoining bathroom, use kitchen. Central location. Telephone 38446, tiffin time. -8420

Rooms with Board

NORFOLK House, Lane 20, House 8, Seymour Road. Double room facing south. Private bathroom. Available now. -8537

THE BERKELEY, 20/12 Seymour Road, one double south room with private modern bathroom. Telephone 36251. -8431

AVONDALE House, July 1, well-furnished southfacing, two-roomed apartment with balcony. Garden. Full excellent board. Suitable small family. Lane 1220/1 Avenue Road. -8495

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable single/double rooms, private bathrooms, large garden, excellent food. Telephone 35534. -8313

Office Cars

LIFT required for two ladies, 8.30, noon, 1.30. Foch/Seymour/Hankow Roads. Reply Box 4393, NCDN. 13263

Dancing

PROFESSOR Waldemar, famous teacher in ballroom, ballet, tap dances, gives private-class lessons, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -8440

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